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Sir:  
Transmitted herewith for filing under 37 CFR 1.53(b) is the  
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Inventor(s)/Applicant Identifier:  
REED, Steven G.; SKEIKY, Yasir A.W.; DILLON, Davin C.; CAMPOS-NETO, Antonio

For: COMPOUNDS AND METHODS FOR IMMUNOTHERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF TUBERCULOSIS

- [ X ] This application claims priority from each of Application No. 08/818,112, filed on March 13, 1997, the disclosure of which is incorporated by reference.  
[ X ] Please amend this application by adding the following before the first sentence: "This application is a continuation of and claims the benefit of U.S. Application No. 08/818,112 filed March 13, 1997, the disclosure of which is incorporated by reference."

Enclosed are:

- [ X ] 52 page(s) of specification  
[ X ] 6 page(s) of claims  
[ X ] 1 page of Abstract  
[ X ] 11 sheet(s) of informal drawing(s).  
[ X ] Sequence Listing (pages 153-187)  
[ X ] A verified statement to establish small entity status under 37 CFR 1.9 and 37 CFR 1.27 was filed in the prior application and small entity status is still proper and desired.

	(Col. 1)	(Col. 2)
FOR:	NO. FILED	NO. EXTRA
BASIC FEE		
TOTAL CLAIMS	36 - 20	= *16
INDEP. CLAIMS	12 - 3	= *9
[ ] MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM PRESENTED		

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COMPOUNDS AND METHODS FOR IMMUNOTHERAPY  
AND DIAGNOSIS OF TUBERCULOSIS

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

15           This application is a continuation-in-part of U. S. Application No. 08/730,510, filed October 11, 1996; which claims priority from PCT Application no. PCT/US 96/14674, filed August 30, 1996; and is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Application No. 08/680,574, filed July 12, 1996; which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Application no. 08/659,683, filed June 5, 1996; which is a continuation-in-part of U.S.  
10   Application No. 08/620,874, filed March 22, 1996; which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Application No. 08/533,634, filed September 22, 1995; which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Application No. 08/523,436, filed September 1, 1995, now abandoned.

TECHNICAL FIELD

15           The present invention relates generally to detecting, treating and preventing *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* infection. The invention is more particularly related to polypeptides comprising a *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* antigen, or a portion or other variant thereof, and the use of such polypeptides for diagnosing and vaccinating against *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* infection.

20

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

          Tuberculosis is a chronic, infectious disease, that is generally caused by infection with *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*. It is a major disease in developing countries, as well as an increasing problem in developed areas of the world, with about  
25   8 million new cases and 3 million deaths each year. Although the infection may be asymptomatic for a considerable period of time, the disease is most commonly manifested as an acute inflammation of the lungs, resulting in fever and a nonproductive cough. If left untreated, serious complications and death typically result.

          Although tuberculosis can generally be controlled using extended  
30   antibiotic therapy, such treatment is not sufficient to prevent the spread of the disease. Infected individuals may be asymptomatic, but contagious, for some time. In addition,

although compliance with the treatment regimen is critical, patient behavior is difficult to monitor. Some patients do not complete the course of treatment, which can lead to ineffective treatment and the development of drug resistance.

Inhibiting the spread of tuberculosis requires effective vaccination and accurate, early diagnosis of the disease. Currently, vaccination with live bacteria is the most efficient method for inducing protective immunity. The most common Mycobacterium employed for this purpose is *Bacillus Calmette-Guerin* (BCG), an avirulent strain of *Mycobacterium bovis*. However, the safety and efficacy of BCG is a source of controversy and some countries, such as the United States, do not vaccinate the general public. Diagnosis is commonly achieved using a skin test, which involves intradermal exposure to tuberculin PPD (protein-purified derivative). Antigen-specific T cell responses result in measurable induration at the injection site by 48-72 hours after injection, which indicates exposure to Mycobacterial antigens. Sensitivity and specificity have, however, been a problem with this test, and individuals vaccinated with BCG cannot be distinguished from infected individuals.

While macrophages have been shown to act as the principal effectors of *M. tuberculosis* immunity, T cells are the predominant inducers of such immunity. The essential role of T cells in protection against *M. tuberculosis* infection is illustrated by the frequent occurrence of *M. tuberculosis* in AIDS patients, due to the depletion of CD4 T cells associated with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection. Mycobacterium-reactive CD4 T cells have been shown to be potent producers of gamma-interferon (IFN- $\gamma$ ), which, in turn, has been shown to trigger the anti-mycobacterial effects of macrophages in mice. While the role of IFN- $\gamma$  in humans is less clear, studies have shown that 1,25-dihydroxy-vitamin D3, either alone or in combination with IFN- $\gamma$  or tumor necrosis factor-alpha, activates human macrophages to inhibit *M. tuberculosis* infection. Furthermore, it is known that IFN- $\gamma$  stimulates human macrophages to make 1,25-dihydroxy-vitamin D3. Similarly, IL-12 has been shown to play a role in stimulating resistance to *M. tuberculosis* infection. For a review of the immunology of *M. tuberculosis* infection see Chan and Kaufmann in

*Tuberculosis: Pathogenesis, Protection and Control*, Bloom (ed.), ASM Press, Washington, DC, 1994.

Accordingly, there is a need in the art for improved vaccines and methods for preventing, treating and detecting tuberculosis. The present invention  
 15 fulfills these needs and further provides other related advantages.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Briefly stated, this invention provides compounds and methods for preventing and diagnosing tuberculosis. In one aspect, polypeptides are provided  
 10 comprising an immunogenic portion of a soluble *M. tuberculosis* antigen, or a variant of such an antigen that differs only in conservative substitutions and/or modifications. In one embodiment of this aspect, the soluble antigen has one of the following N-terminal sequences:

- 15 (a) Asp-Pro-Val-Asp-Ala-Val-Ile-Asn-Thr-Thr-Cys-Asn-Tyr-Gly-Gln-Val-Val-Ala-Ala-Leu; (SEQ ID No. 120)
- (b) Ala-Val-Glu-Ser-Gly-Met-Leu-Ala-Leu-Gly-Thr-Pro-Ala-Pro-Ser; (SEQ ID No. 121)
- (c) Ala-Ala-Met-Lys-Pro-Arg-Thr-Gly-Asp-Gly-Pro-Leu-Glu-Ala-Ala-Lys-Glu-Gly-Arg; (SEQ ID No. 122)
- 20 (d) Tyr-Tyr-Trp-Cys-Pro-Gly-Gln-Pro-Phe-Asp-Pro-Ala-Trp-Gly-Pro; (SEQ ID No. 123)
- (e) Asp-Ile-Gly-Ser-Glu-Ser-Thr-Glu-Asp-Gln-Gln-Xaa-Ala-Val; (SEQ ID No. 124)
- (f) Ala-Glu-Glu-Ser-Ile-Ser-Thr-Xaa-Glu-Xaa-Ile-Val-Pro; (SEQ ID  
 25 No. 125)
- (g) Asp-Pro-Glu-Pro-Ala-Pro-Pro-Val-Pro-Thr-Thr-Ala-Ala-Ser-Pro-Pro-Ser; (SEQ ID No. 126)
- (h) Ala-Pro-Lys-Thr-Tyr-Xaa-Glu-Glu-Leu-Lys-Gly-Thr-Asp-Thr-Gly; (SEQ ID No. 127)

- (i) Asp-Pro-Ala-Ser-Ala-Pro-Asp-Val-Pro-Thr-Ala-Ala-Gln-Leu-Thr-Ser-Leu-Leu-Asn-Ser-Leu-Ala-Asp-Pro-Asn-Val-Ser-Phe-Ala-Asn; (SEQ ID No. 128)
- (j) Xaa-Asp-Ser-Glu-Lys-Ser-Ala-Thr-Ile-Lys-Val-Thr-Asp-Ala-Ser; (SEQ ID No. 134)
- (k) Ala-Gly-Asp-Thr-Xaa-Ile-Tyr-Ile-Val-Gly-Asn-Leu-Thr-Ala-Asp; (SEQ ID No. 135) or
- (l) Ala-Pro-Glu-Ser-Gly-Ala-Gly-Leu-Gly-Gly-Thr-Val-Gln-Ala-Gly; (SEQ ID No. 136)

10 wherein Xaa may be any amino acid.

In a related aspect, polypeptides are provided comprising an immunogenic portion of an *M. tuberculosis* antigen, or a variant of such an antigen that differs only in conservative substitutions and/or modifications, the antigen having one of the following N-terminal sequences:

- 15 (m) Xaa-Tyr-Ile-Ala-Tyr-Xaa-Thr-Thr-Ala-Gly-Ile-Val-Pro-Gly-Lys-Ile-Asn-Val-His-Leu-Val; (SEQ ID No. 137) or
- (n) Asp-Pro-Pro-Asp-Pro-His-Gln-Xaa-Asp-Met-Thr-Lys-Gly-Tyr-Tyr-Pro-Gly-Gly-Arg-Arg-Xaa-Phe; (SEQ ID No. 129)

wherein Xaa may be any amino acid.

20 In another embodiment, the antigen comprises an amino acid sequence encoded by a DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of the sequences recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 1, 2, 4-10, 13-25, 52, 99 and 101, the complements of said sequences, and DNA sequences that hybridize to a sequence recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 1, 2, 4-10, 13-25, 52, 99 and 101 or a complement thereof under moderately stringent  
25 conditions.

In a related aspect, the polypeptides comprise an immunogenic portion of a *M. tuberculosis* antigen, or a variant of such an antigen that differs only in conservative substitutions and/or modifications, wherein the antigen comprises an amino acid sequence encoded by a DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of  
30 the sequences recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 26-51, 138 and 139, the complements of said

sequences, and DNA sequences that hybridize to a sequence recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 26-51, 138 and 139 or a complement thereof under moderately stringent conditions.

In related aspects, DNA sequences encoding the above polypeptides, expression vectors comprising these DNA sequences and host cells transformed or transfected with such expression vectors are also provided.

In another aspect, the present invention provides fusion proteins comprising a first and a second inventive polypeptide or, alternatively, an inventive polypeptide and a known *M. tuberculosis* antigen.

Within other aspects, the present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions that comprise one or more of the above polypeptides, or a DNA molecule encoding such polypeptides, and a physiologically acceptable carrier. The invention also provides vaccines comprising one or more of the polypeptides as described above and a non-specific immune response enhancer, together with vaccines comprising one or more DNA sequences encoding such polypeptides and a non-specific immune response enhancer.

In yet another aspect, methods are provided for inducing protective immunity in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of one or more of the above polypeptides.

In further aspects of this invention, methods and diagnostic kits are provided for detecting tuberculosis in a patient. The methods comprise contacting dermal cells of a patient with one or more of the above polypeptides and detecting an immune response on the patient's skin. The diagnostic kits comprise one or more of the above polypeptides in combination with an apparatus sufficient to contact the polypeptide with the dermal cells of a patient.

In yet other aspects, methods are provided for detecting tuberculosis in a patient, such methods comprising contacting dermal cells of a patient with one or more polypeptides encoded by a DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID Nos.: 3, 11, 12, 140 and 141, the complements of said sequences, and DNA sequences that hybridize to a sequence recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 3, 11, 12, 140 and 141;

and detecting an immune response on the patient's skin. Diagnostic kits for use in such methods are also provided.

These and other aspects of the present invention will become apparent upon reference to the following detailed description and attached drawings. All references disclosed herein are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety as if each was incorporated individually.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS AND SEQUENCE IDENTIFIERS

Figure 1A and B illustrate the stimulation of proliferation and interferon- $\gamma$  production in T cells derived from a first and a second *M. tuberculosis*-immune donor, respectively, by the 14 Kd, 20 Kd and 26 Kd antigens described in Example 1.

Figure 2 illustrates the stimulation of proliferation and interferon- $\gamma$  production in T cells derived from an *M. tuberculosis*-immune individual by the two representative polypeptides TbRa3 and TbRa9.

Figures 3A-D illustrate the reactivity of antisera raised against secretory *M. tuberculosis* proteins, the known *M. tuberculosis* antigen 85b and the inventive antigens Tb38-1 and TbH-9, respectively, with *M. tuberculosis* lysate (lane 2), *M. tuberculosis* secretory proteins (lane 3), recombinant Tb38-1 (lane 4), recombinant TbH-9 (lane 5) and recombinant 85b (lane 5).

Figure 4A illustrates the stimulation of proliferation in a TbH-9-specific T cell clone by secretory *M. tuberculosis* proteins, recombinant TbH-9 and a control antigen, TbRa11.

Figure 4B illustrates the stimulation of interferon- $\gamma$  production in a TbH-9-specific T cell clone by secretory *M. tuberculosis* proteins, PPD and recombinant TbH-9.

Figures 5A and B illustrate the stimulation of proliferation and interferon- $\gamma$  production in TbH9-specific T cells by the fusion protein TbH9-Tb38-1.

Figures 6A and B illustrate the stimulation of proliferation and interferon- $\gamma$  production in Tb38-1-specific T cells by the fusion protein TbH9-Tb38-1.

Figures 7A and B illustrate the stimulation of proliferation and interferon- $\gamma$  production in T cells previously shown to respond to both TbH-9 and Tb38-1 by the fusion protein TbH9-Tb38-1.

SEQ. ID NO. 1 is the DNA sequence of TbRa1.

5 SEQ. ID NO. 2 is the DNA sequence of TbRa10.

SEQ. ID NO. 3 is the DNA sequence of TbRa11.

SEQ. ID NO. 4 is the DNA sequence of TbRa12.

SEQ. ID NO. 5 is the DNA sequence of TbRa13.

SEQ. ID NO. 6 is the DNA sequence of TbRa16.

10 SEQ. ID NO. 7 is the DNA sequence of TbRa17.

SEQ. ID NO. 8 is the DNA sequence of TbRa18.

SEQ. ID NO. 9 is the DNA sequence of TbRa19.

SEQ. ID NO. 10 is the DNA sequence of TbRa24.

SEQ. ID NO. 11 is the DNA sequence of TbRa26.

15 SEQ. ID NO. 12 is the DNA sequence of TbRa28.

SEQ. ID NO. 13 is the DNA sequence of TbRa29.

SEQ. ID NO. 14 is the DNA sequence of TbRa2A.

SEQ. ID NO. 15 is the DNA sequence of TbRa3.

SEQ. ID NO. 16 is the DNA sequence of TbRa32.

20 SEQ. ID NO. 17 is the DNA sequence of TbRa35.

SEQ. ID NO. 18 is the DNA sequence of TbRa36.

SEQ. ID NO. 19 is the DNA sequence of TbRa4.

SEQ. ID NO. 20 is the DNA sequence of TbRa9.

SEQ. ID NO. 21 is the DNA sequence of TbRaB.

25 SEQ. ID NO. 22 is the DNA sequence of TbRaC.

SEQ. ID NO. 23 is the DNA sequence of TbRaD.

SEQ. ID NO. 24 is the DNA sequence of YYWCPG.

SEQ. ID NO. 25 is the DNA sequence of AAMK.

SEQ. ID NO. 26 is the DNA sequence of TbL-23.

30 SEQ. ID NO. 27 is the DNA sequence of TbL-24.



- SEQ. ID NO. 28 is the DNA sequence of TbL-25.
- SEQ. ID NO. 29 is the DNA sequence of TbL-28.
- SEQ. ID NO. 30 is the DNA sequence of TbL-29.
- SEQ. ID NO. 31 is the DNA sequence of TbH-5.
- 5 SEQ. ID NO. 32 is the DNA sequence of TbH-8.
- SEQ. ID NO. 33 is the DNA sequence of TbH-9.
- SEQ. ID NO. 34 is the DNA sequence of TbM-1.
- SEQ. ID NO. 35 is the DNA sequence of TbM-3.
- SEQ. ID NO. 36 is the DNA sequence of TbM-6.
- 10 SEQ. ID NO. 37 is the DNA sequence of TbM-7.
- SEQ. ID NO. 38 is the DNA sequence of TbM-9.
- SEQ. ID NO. 39 is the DNA sequence of TbM-12.
- SEQ. ID NO. 40 is the DNA sequence of TbM-13.
- SEQ. ID NO. 41 is the DNA sequence of TbM-14.
- 15 SEQ. ID NO. 42 is the DNA sequence of TbM-15.
- SEQ. ID NO. 43 is the DNA sequence of TbH-4.
- SEQ. ID NO. 44 is the DNA sequence of TbH-4-FWD.
- SEQ. ID NO. 45 is the DNA sequence of TbH-12.
- SEQ. ID NO. 46 is the DNA sequence of Tb38-1.
- 20 SEQ. ID NO. 47 is the DNA sequence of Tb38-4.
- SEQ. ID NO. 48 is the DNA sequence of TbL-17.
- SEQ. ID NO. 49 is the DNA sequence of TbL-20.
- SEQ. ID NO. 50 is the DNA sequence of TbL-21.
- SEQ. ID NO. 51 is the DNA sequence of TbH-16.
- 25 SEQ. ID NO. 52 is the DNA sequence of DPEP.
- SEQ. ID NO. 53 is the deduced amino acid sequence of DPEP.
- SEQ. ID NO. 54 is the protein sequence of DPV N-terminal Antigen.
- SEQ. ID NO. 55 is the protein sequence of AVGS N-terminal Antigen.
- SEQ. ID NO. 56 is the protein sequence of AAMK N-terminal Antigen.
- 30 SEQ. ID NO. 57 is the protein sequence of YYWC N-terminal Antigen.

- SEQ. ID NO. 58 is the protein sequence of DIGS N-terminal Antigen.  
 SEQ. ID NO. 59 is the protein sequence of AEES N-terminal Antigen.  
 SEQ. ID NO. 60 is the protein sequence of DPEP N-terminal Antigen.  
 SEQ. ID NO. 61 is the protein sequence of APKT N-terminal Antigen.  
 5 SEQ. ID NO. 62 is the protein sequence of DPAS N-terminal Antigen.  
 SEQ. ID NO. 63 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa1.  
 SEQ. ID NO. 64 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa10.  
 SEQ. ID NO. 65 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa11.  
 SEQ. ID NO. 66 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa12.  
 10 SEQ. ID NO. 67 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa13.  
 SEQ. ID NO. 68 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa16.  
 SEQ. ID NO. 69 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa17.  
 SEQ. ID NO. 70 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa18.  
 SEQ. ID NO. 71 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa19.  
 15 SEQ. ID NO. 72 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa24.  
 SEQ. ID NO. 73 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa26.  
 SEQ. ID NO. 74 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa28.  
 SEQ. ID NO. 75 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa29.  
 SEQ. ID NO. 76 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa2A.  
 20 SEQ. ID NO. 77 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa3.  
 SEQ. ID NO. 78 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa32.  
 SEQ. ID NO. 79 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa35.  
 SEQ. ID NO. 80 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa36.  
 SEQ. ID NO. 81 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa4.  
 25 SEQ. ID NO. 82 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa9.  
 SEQ. ID NO. 83 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRaB.  
 SEQ. ID NO. 84 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRaC.  
 SEQ. ID NO. 85 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRaD.  
 SEQ. ID NO. 86 is the deduced amino acid sequence of YYWCPG.  
 30 SEQ. ID NO. 87 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbAAMK.

SEQ. ID NO. 88 is the deduced amino acid sequence of Tb38-1.  
SEQ. ID NO. 89 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbH-4.  
SEQ. ID NO. 90 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbH-8.  
SEQ. ID NO. 91 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbH-9.  
5 SEQ. ID NO. 92 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbH-12.  
SEQ. ID NO. 93 is the amino acid sequence of Tb38-1 Peptide 1.  
SEQ. ID NO. 94 is the amino acid sequence of Tb38-1 Peptide 2.  
SEQ. ID NO. 95 is the amino acid sequence of Tb38-1 Peptide 3.  
SEQ. ID NO. 96 is the amino acid sequence of Tb38-1 Peptide 4.  
10 SEQ. ID NO. 97 is the amino acid sequence of Tb38-1 Peptide 5.  
SEQ. ID NO. 98 is the amino acid sequence of Tb38-1 Peptide 6.  
SEQ. ID NO. 99 is the DNA sequence of DPAS.  
SEQ. ID NO. 100 is the deduced amino acid sequence of DPAS.  
SEQ. ID NO. 101 is the DNA sequence of DPV.  
15 SEQ. ID NO. 102 is the deduced amino acid sequence of DPV.  
SEQ. ID NO. 103 is the DNA sequence of ESAT-6.  
SEQ. ID NO. 104 is the deduced amino acid sequence of ESAT-6.  
SEQ. ID NO. 105 is the DNA sequence of TbH-8-2.  
SEQ. ID NO. 106 is the DNA sequence of TbH-9FL.  
20 SEQ. ID NO. 107 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbH-9FL.  
SEQ. ID NO. 108 is the DNA sequence of TbH-9-1.  
SEQ. ID NO. 109 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbH-9-1.  
SEQ. ID NO. 110 is the DNA sequence of TbH-9-4.  
SEQ. ID NO. 111 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbH-9-4.  
25 SEQ. ID NO. 112 is the DNA sequence of Tb38-1F2 IN.  
SEQ. ID NO. 113 is the DNA sequence of Tb38-2F2 RP.  
SEQ. ID NO. 114 is the deduced amino acid sequence of Tb37-FL.  
SEQ. ID NO. 115 is the deduced amino acid sequence of Tb38-IN.  
SEQ. ID NO. 116 is the DNA sequence of Tb38-1F3.  
30 SEQ. ID NO. 117 is the deduced amino acid sequence of Tb38-1F3.

SEQ. ID NO. 118 is the DNA sequence of Tb38-1F5.

SEQ. ID NO. 119 is the DNA sequence of Tb38-1F6.

SEQ. ID NO. 120 is the deduced N-terminal amino acid sequence of DPV.

SEQ. ID NO. 121 is the deduced N-terminal amino acid sequence of AVGS.

5 SEQ. ID NO. 122 is the deduced N-terminal amino acid sequence of AAMK.

SEQ. ID NO. 123 is the deduced N-terminal amino acid sequence of YYWC.

SEQ. ID NO. 124 is the deduced N-terminal amino acid sequence of DIGS.

SEQ. ID NO. 125 is the deduced N-terminal amino acid sequence of AEES.

SEQ. ID NO. 126 is the deduced N-terminal amino acid sequence of DPEP.

10 SEQ. ID NO. 127 is the deduced N-terminal amino acid sequence of APKT.

SEQ. ID NO. 128 is the deduced amino acid sequence of DPAS.

SEQ. ID NO. 129 is the protein sequence of DPPD N-terminal Antigen.

SEQ ID NO. 130-133 are the protein sequences of four DPPD cyanogen bromide fragments.

15 SEQ ID NO. 134 is the N-terminal protein sequence of XDS antigen.

SEQ ID NO. 135 is the N-terminal protein sequence of AGD antigen.

SEQ ID NO. 136 is the N-terminal protein sequence of APE antigen.

SEQ ID NO. 137 is the N-terminal protein sequence of XYI antigen.

SEQ ID NO. 138 is the DNA sequence of TbH-29.

20 SEQ ID NO. 139 is the DNA sequence of TbH-30.

SEQ ID NO. 140 is the DNA sequence of TbH-32.

SEQ ID NO. 141 is the DNA sequence of TbH-33.

SEQ ID NO. 142 is the predicted amino acid sequence of TbH-29.

SEQ ID NO. 143 is the predicted amino acid sequence of TbH-30.

25 SEQ ID NO. 144 is the predicted amino acid sequence of TbH-32.

SEQ ID NO. 145 is the predicted amino acid sequence of TbH-33.

SEQ ID NO: 146-151 are PCR primers used in the preparation of a fusion protein containing TbRa3, 38 kD and Tb38-1.

30 SEQ ID NO: 152 is the DNA sequence of the fusion protein containing TbRa3, 38 kD and Tb38-1.

SEQ ID NO: 153 is the amino acid sequence of the fusion protein containing TbRa3, 38 kD and Tb38-1.

SEQ ID NO: 154 is the DNA sequence of the *M. tuberculosis* antigen 38 kD.

5 SEQ ID NO: 155 is the amino acid sequence of the *M. tuberculosis* antigen 38 kD.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

As noted above, the present invention is generally directed to compositions and methods for preventing, treating and diagnosing tuberculosis. The compositions of the subject invention include polypeptides that comprise at least one  
10 immunogenic portion of a *M. tuberculosis* antigen, or a variant of such an antigen that differs only in conservative substitutions and/or modifications. Polypeptides within the scope of the present invention include, but are not limited to, immunogenic soluble *M. tuberculosis* antigens. A "soluble *M. tuberculosis* antigen" is a protein of  
15 *M. tuberculosis* origin that is present in *M. tuberculosis* culture filtrate. As used herein, the term "polypeptide" encompasses amino acid chains of any length, including full length proteins (*i.e.*, antigens), wherein the amino acid residues are linked by covalent peptide bonds. Thus, a polypeptide comprising an immunogenic portion of one of the above antigens may consist entirely of the immunogenic portion, or may contain  
20 additional sequences. The additional sequences may be derived from the native *M. tuberculosis* antigen or may be heterologous, and such sequences may (but need not) be immunogenic.

"Immunogenic," as used herein, refers to the ability to elicit an immune response (*e.g.*, cellular) in a patient, such as a human, and/or in a biological sample. In  
25 particular, antigens that are immunogenic (and immunogenic portions or other variants of such antigens) are capable of stimulating cell proliferation, interleukin-12 production and/or interferon- $\gamma$  production in biological samples comprising one or more cells selected from the group of T cells, NK cells, B cells and macrophages, where the cells are derived from an *M. tuberculosis*-immune individual. Polypeptides comprising at  
30 least an immunogenic portion of one or more *M. tuberculosis* antigens may generally be

used to detect tuberculosis or to induce protective immunity against tuberculosis in a patient.

The compositions and methods of this invention also encompass variants of the above polypeptides. A "variant," as used herein, is a polypeptide that differs  
 5 from the native antigen only in conservative substitutions and/or modifications, such that the ability of the polypeptide to induce an immune response is retained. Such variants may generally be identified by modifying one of the above polypeptide sequences, and evaluating the immunogenic properties of the modified polypeptide using, for example, the representative procedures described herein.

10 A "conservative substitution" is one in which an amino acid is substituted for another amino acid that has similar properties, such that one skilled in the art of peptide chemistry would expect the secondary structure and hydrophobic nature of the polypeptide to be substantially unchanged. In general, the following groups of amino acids represent conservative changes: (1) ala, pro, gly, glu, asp, gln,  
 15 asn, ser, thr; (2) cys, ser, tyr, thr; (3) val, ile, leu, met, ala, phe; (4) lys, arg, his; and (5) phe, tyr, trp, his.

20 Variants may also (or alternatively) be modified by, for example, the deletion or addition of amino acids that have minimal influence on the immunogenic properties, secondary structure and hydrophobic nature of the polypeptide. For example, a polypeptide may be conjugated to a signal (or leader) sequence at the N-terminal end of the protein which co-translationally or post-translationally directs transfer of the protein. The polypeptide may also be conjugated to a linker or other sequence for ease of synthesis, purification or identification of the polypeptide (e.g., poly-His), or to enhance binding of the polypeptide to a solid support. For example, a polypeptide may  
 25 be conjugated to an immunoglobulin Fc region.

In a related aspect, combination polypeptides are disclosed. A "combination polypeptide" is a polypeptide comprising at least one of the above immunogenic portions and one or more additional immunogenic *M. tuberculosis* sequences, which are joined via a peptide linkage into a single amino acid chain. The  
 30 sequences may be joined directly (i.e., with no intervening amino acids) or may be

joined by way of a linker sequence (*e.g.*, Gly-Cys-Gly) that does not significantly diminish the immunogenic properties of the component polypeptides.

In general, *M. tuberculosis* antigens, and DNA sequences encoding such antigens, may be prepared using any of a variety of procedures. For example, soluble  
 5 antigens may be isolated from *M. tuberculosis* culture filtrate by procedures known to those of ordinary skill in the art, including anion-exchange and reverse phase chromatography. Purified antigens are then evaluated for their ability to elicit an appropriate immune response (*e.g.*, cellular) using, for example, the representative methods described herein. Immunogenic antigens may then be partially sequenced  
 10 using techniques such as traditional Edman chemistry. See Edman and Berg, *Eur. J. Biochem.* 80:116-132, 1967.

Immunogenic antigens may also be produced recombinantly using a DNA sequence that encodes the antigen, which has been inserted into an expression vector and expressed in an appropriate host. DNA molecules encoding soluble antigens  
 15 may be isolated by screening an appropriate *M. tuberculosis* expression library with anti-sera (*e.g.*, rabbit) raised specifically against soluble *M. tuberculosis* antigens. DNA sequences encoding antigens that may or may not be soluble may be identified by screening an appropriate *M. tuberculosis* genomic or cDNA expression library with sera obtained from patients infected with *M. tuberculosis*. Such screens may generally be  
 20 performed using techniques well known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as those described in Sambrook et al., *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratories, Cold Spring Harbor, NY, 1989.

DNA sequences encoding soluble antigens may also be obtained by screening an appropriate *M. tuberculosis* cDNA or genomic DNA library for DNA  
 25 sequences that hybridize to degenerate oligonucleotides derived from partial amino acid sequences of isolated soluble antigens. Degenerate oligonucleotide sequences for use in such a screen may be designed and synthesized, and the screen may be performed, as described (for example) in Sambrook et al., *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratories, Cold Spring Harbor, NY, 1989 (and references cited  
 30 therein). Polymerase chain reaction (PCR) may also be employed, using the above

oligonucleotides in methods well known in the art, to isolate a nucleic acid probe from a cDNA or genomic library. The library screen may then be performed using the isolated probe.

Alternatively, genomic or cDNA libraries derived from *M. tuberculosis* may be screened directly using peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs) or T cell lines or clones derived from one or more *M. tuberculosis*-immune individuals. In general, PBMCs and/or T cells for use in such screens may be prepared as described below. Direct library screens may generally be performed by assaying pools of expressed recombinant proteins for the ability to induce proliferation and/or interferon- $\gamma$  production in T cells derived from an *M. tuberculosis*-immune individual. Alternatively, potential T cell antigens may be first selected based on antibody reactivity, as described above.

Regardless of the method of preparation, the antigens (and immunogenic portions thereof) described herein (which may or may not be soluble) have the ability to induce an immunogenic response. More specifically, the antigens have the ability to induce proliferation and/or cytokine production (*i.e.*, interferon- $\gamma$  and/or interleukin-12 production) in T cells, NK cells, B cells and/or macrophages derived from an *M. tuberculosis*-immune individual. The selection of cell type for use in evaluating an immunogenic response to a antigen will, of course, depend on the desired response. For example, interleukin-12 production is most readily evaluated using preparations containing B cells and/or macrophages. An *M. tuberculosis*-immune individual is one who is considered to be resistant to the development of tuberculosis by virtue of having mounted an effective T cell response to *M. tuberculosis* (*i.e.*, substantially free of disease symptoms). Such individuals may be identified based on a strongly positive (*i.e.*, greater than about 10 mm diameter induration) intradermal skin test response to tuberculosis proteins (PPD) and an absence of any signs or symptoms of tuberculosis disease. T cells, NK cells, B cells and macrophages derived from *M. tuberculosis*-immune individuals may be prepared using methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art. For example, a preparation of PBMCs (*i.e.*, peripheral blood mononuclear cells) may be employed without further separation of component cells. PBMCs may



generally be prepared, for example, using density centrifugation through Ficoll™ (Winthrop Laboratories, NY). T cells for use in the assays described herein may also be purified directly from PBMCs. Alternatively, an enriched T cell line reactive against mycobacterial proteins, or T cell clones reactive to individual mycobacterial proteins, may be employed. Such T cell clones may be generated by, for example, culturing PBMCs from *M. tuberculosis*-immune individuals with mycobacterial proteins for a period of 2-4 weeks. This allows expansion of only the mycobacterial protein-specific T cells, resulting in a line composed solely of such cells. These cells may then be cloned and tested with individual proteins, using methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art, to more accurately define individual T cell specificity. In general, antigens that test positive in assays for proliferation and/or cytokine production (*i.e.*, interferon- $\gamma$  and/or interleukin-12 production) performed using T cells, NK cells, B cells and/or macrophages derived from an *M. tuberculosis*-immune individual are considered immunogenic. Such assays may be performed, for example, using the representative procedures described below. Immunogenic portions of such antigens may be identified using similar assays, and may be present within the polypeptides described herein.

The ability of a polypeptide (*e.g.*, an immunogenic antigen, or a portion or other variant thereof) to induce cell proliferation is evaluated by contacting the cells (*e.g.*, T cells and/or NK cells) with the polypeptide and measuring the proliferation of the cells. In general, the amount of polypeptide that is sufficient for evaluation of about  $10^5$  cells ranges from about 10 ng/mL to about 100  $\mu$ g/mL and preferably is about 10  $\mu$ g/mL. The incubation of polypeptide with cells is typically performed at 37°C for about six days. Following incubation with polypeptide, the cells are assayed for a proliferative response, which may be evaluated by methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as exposing cells to a pulse of radiolabeled thymidine and measuring the incorporation of label into cellular DNA. In general, a polypeptide that results in at least a three fold increase in proliferation above background (*i.e.*, the proliferation observed for cells cultured without polypeptide) is considered to be able to induce proliferation.

The ability of a polypeptide to stimulate the production of interferon- $\gamma$  and/or interleukin-12 in cells may be evaluated by contacting the cells with the polypeptide and measuring the level of interferon- $\gamma$  or interleukin-12 produced by the cells. In general, the amount of polypeptide that is sufficient for the evaluation of about 10<sup>5</sup> cells ranges from about 10 ng/mL to about 100  $\mu$ g/mL and preferably is about 10  $\mu$ g/mL. The polypeptide may, but need not, be immobilized on a solid support, such as a bead or a biodegradable microsphere, such as those described in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,897,268 and 5,075,109. The incubation of polypeptide with the cells is typically performed at 37°C for about six days. Following incubation with polypeptide, the cells are assayed for interferon- $\gamma$  and/or interleukin-12 (or one or more subunits thereof), which may be evaluated by methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as an enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) or, in the case of IL-12 P70 subunit, a bioassay such as an assay measuring proliferation of T cells. In general, a polypeptide that results in the production of at least 50 pg of interferon- $\gamma$  per mL of cultured supernatant (containing 10<sup>4</sup>-10<sup>5</sup> T cells per mL) is considered able to stimulate the production of interferon- $\gamma$ . A polypeptide that stimulates the production of at least 10 pg/mL of IL-12 P70 subunit, and/or at least 100 pg/mL of IL-12 P40 subunit, per 10<sup>5</sup> macrophages or B cells (or per 3 x 10<sup>5</sup> PBMC) is considered able to stimulate the production of IL-12.

In general, immunogenic antigens are those antigens that stimulate proliferation and/or cytokine production (*i.e.*, interferon- $\gamma$  and/or interleukin-12 production) in T cells, NK cells, B cells and/or macrophages derived from at least about 25% of *M. tuberculosis*-immune individuals. Among these immunogenic antigens, polypeptides having superior therapeutic properties may be distinguished based on the magnitude of the responses in the above assays and based on the percentage of individuals for which a response is observed. In addition, antigens having superior therapeutic properties will not stimulate proliferation and/or cytokine production *in vitro* in cells derived from more than about 25% of individuals that are not *M. tuberculosis*-immune, thereby eliminating responses that are not specifically due to *M. tuberculosis*-responsive cells. Those antigens that induce a response in a high

percentage of T cell, NK cell, B cell and/or macrophage preparations from *M. tuberculosis*-immune individuals (with a low incidence of responses in cell preparations from other individuals) have superior therapeutic properties.

Antigens with superior therapeutic properties may also be identified  
5 based on their ability to diminish the severity of *M. tuberculosis* infection in experimental animals, when administered as a vaccine. Suitable vaccine preparations for use on experimental animals are described in detail below. Efficacy may be determined based on the ability of the antigen to provide at least about a 50% reduction in bacterial numbers and/or at least about a 40% decrease in mortality following  
10 experimental infection. Suitable experimental animals include mice, guinea pigs and primates.

Antigens having superior diagnostic properties may generally be identified based on the ability to elicit a response in an intradermal skin test performed on an individual with active tuberculosis, but not in a test performed on an individual  
15 who is not infected with *M. tuberculosis*. Skin tests may generally be performed as described below, with a response of at least 5 mm induration considered positive.

Immunogenic portions of the antigens described herein may be prepared and identified using well known techniques, such as those summarized in Paul, *Fundamental Immunology*, 3d ed., Raven Press, 1993, pp. 243-247 and references cited  
20 therein. Such techniques include screening polypeptide portions of the native antigen for immunogenic properties. The representative proliferation and cytokine production assays described herein may generally be employed in these screens. An immunogenic portion of a polypeptide is a portion that, within such representative assays, generates an immune response (e.g., proliferation, interferon- $\gamma$  production and/or interleukin-12  
25 production) that is substantially similar to that generated by the full length antigen. In other words, an immunogenic portion of an antigen may generate at least about 20%, and preferably about 100%, of the proliferation induced by the full length antigen in the model proliferation assay described herein. An immunogenic portion may also, or alternatively, stimulate the production of at least about 20%, and preferably about

100%, of the interferon- $\gamma$  and/or interleukin-12 induced by the full length antigen in the model assay described herein.

Portions and other variants of *M. tuberculosis* antigens may be generated by synthetic or recombinant means. Synthetic polypeptides having fewer than about  
-5 100 amino acids, and generally fewer than about 50 amino acids, may be generated using techniques well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. For example, such polypeptides may be synthesized using any of the commercially available solid-phase techniques, such as the Merrifield solid-phase synthesis method, where amino acids are sequentially added to a growing amino acid chain. See Merrifield, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*  
10 85:2149-2146, 1963. Equipment for automated synthesis of polypeptides is commercially available from suppliers such as Applied BioSystems, Inc., Foster City, CA, and may be operated according to the manufacturer's instructions. Variants of a native antigen may generally be prepared using standard mutagenesis techniques, such as oligonucleotide-directed site-specific mutagenesis. Sections of the DNA sequence  
15 may also be removed using standard techniques to permit preparation of truncated polypeptides.

Recombinant polypeptides containing portions and/or variants of a native antigen may be readily prepared from a DNA sequence encoding the polypeptide using a variety of techniques well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. For  
20 example, supernatants from suitable host/vector systems which secrete recombinant protein into culture media may be first concentrated using a commercially available filter. Following concentration, the concentrate may be applied to a suitable purification matrix such as an affinity matrix or an ion exchange resin. Finally, one or more reverse phase HPLC steps can be employed to further purify a recombinant  
25 protein.

Any of a variety of expression vectors known to those of ordinary skill in the art may be employed to express recombinant polypeptides of this invention. Expression may be achieved in any appropriate host cell that has been transformed or transfected with an expression vector containing a DNA molecule that encodes a  
30 recombinant polypeptide. Suitable host cells include prokaryotes, yeast and higher

eukaryotic cells. Preferably, the host cells employed are *E. coli*, yeast or a mammalian cell line such as COS or CHO. The DNA sequences expressed in this manner may encode naturally occurring antigens, portions of naturally occurring antigens, or other variants thereof.

5 In general, regardless of the method of preparation, the polypeptides disclosed herein are prepared in substantially pure form. Preferably, the polypeptides are at least about 80% pure, more preferably at least about 90% pure and most preferably at least about 99% pure. In certain preferred embodiments, described in detail below, the substantially pure polypeptides are incorporated into pharmaceutical  
10 compositions or vaccines for use in one or more of the methods disclosed herein.

In certain specific embodiments, the subject invention discloses polypeptides comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a soluble *M. tuberculosis* antigen having one of the following N-terminal sequences, or a variant thereof that differs only in conservative substitutions and/or modifications:

- 15 (a) Asp-Pro-Val-Asp-Ala-Val-Ile-Asn-Thr-Thr-Cys-Asn-Tyr-Gly-Gln-Val-Val-Ala-Ala-Leu; (SEQ ID No. 120)
- (b) Ala-Val-Glu-Ser-Gly-Met-Leu-Ala-Leu-Gly-Thr-Pro-Ala-Pro-Ser; (SEQ ID No. 121)
- (c) Ala-Ala-Met-Lys-Pro-Arg-Thr-Gly-Asp-Gly-Pro-Leu-Glu-Ala-Ala-Lys-Glu-Gly-Arg; (SEQ ID No. 122)  
20
- (d) Tyr-Tyr-Trp-Cys-Pro-Gly-Gln-Pro-Phe-Asp-Pro-Ala-Trp-Gly-Pro; (SEQ ID No. 123)
- (e) Asp-Ile-Gly-Ser-Glu-Ser-Thr-Glu-Asp-Gln-Gln-Xaa-Ala-Val; (SEQ ID No. 124)
- 25 (f) Ala-Glu-Glu-Ser-Ile-Ser-Thr-Xaa-Glu-Xaa-Ile-Val-Pro; (SEQ ID No. 125)
- (g) Asp-Pro-Glu-Pro-Ala-Pro-Pro-Val-Pro-Thr-Ala-Ala-Ala-Ser-Pro-Pro-Ser; (SEQ ID No. 126)
- (h) Ala-Pro-Lys-Thr-Tyr-Xaa-Glu-Glu-Leu-Lys-Gly-Thr-Asp-Thr-Gly; (SEQ ID No. 127)  
30

- (i) Asp-Pro-Ala-Ser-Ala-Pro-Asp-Val-Pro-Thr-Ala-Ala-Gln-Leu-Thr-Ser-Leu-Leu-Asn-Ser-Leu-Ala-Asp-Pro-Asn-Val-Ser-Phe-Ala-Asn; (SEQ ID No. 128)
- (j) Xaa-Asp-Ser-Glu-Lys-Ser-Ala-Thr-Ile-Lys-Val-Thr-Asp-Ala-Ser; (SEQ ID No. 134)
- (k) Ala-Gly-Asp-Thr-Xaa-Ile-Tyr-Ile-Val-Gly-Asn-Leu-Thr-Ala-Asp; (SEQ ID No. 135) or
- (l) Ala-Pro-Glu-Ser-Gly-Ala-Gly-Leu-Gly-Gly-Thr-Val-Gln-Ala-Gly; (SEQ ID No. 136)
- 10 wherein Xaa may be any amino acid, preferably a cysteine residue. A DNA sequence encoding the antigen identified as (g) above is provided in SEQ ID No. 52, and the polypeptide encoded by SEQ ID No. 52 is provided in SEQ ID No. 53. A DNA sequence encoding the antigen defined as (a) above is provided in SEQ ID No. 101; its deduced amino acid sequence is provided in SEQ ID No. 102. A DNA sequence
- 15 corresponding to antigen (d) above is provided in SEQ ID No. 24 a DNA sequence corresponding to antigen (c) is provided in SEQ ID No. 25 and a DNA sequence corresponding to antigen (i) is provided in SEQ ID No. 99; its deduced amino acid sequence is provided in SEQ ID No. 100.

In a further specific embodiment, the subject invention discloses

20 polypeptides comprising at least an immunogenic portion of an *M. tuberculosis* antigen having one of the following N-terminal sequences, or a variant thereof that differs only in conservative substitutions and/or modifications:

- (m) Xaa-Tyr-Ile-Ala-Tyr-Xaa-Thr-Thr-Ala-Gly-Ile-Val-Pro-Gly-Lys-Ile-Asn-Val-His-Leu-Val; (SEQ ID No 137) or
- 25 (n) Asp-Pro-Pro-Asp-Pro-His-Gln-Xaa-Asp-Met-Thr-Lys-Gly-Tyr-Tyr-Pro-Gly-Gly-Arg-Arg-Xaa-Phe; (SEQ ID No. 129)

wherein Xaa may be any amino acid, preferably a cysteine residue.

In other specific embodiments, the subject invention discloses polypeptides comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a soluble *M. tuberculosis*

30 antigen (or a variant of such an antigen) that comprises one or more of the amino acid

sequences encoded by (a) the DNA sequences of SEQ ID Nos.: 1, 2, 4-10, 13-25 and 52; (b) the complements of such DNA sequences, or (c) DNA sequences substantially homologous to a sequence in (a) or (b).

In further specific embodiments, the subject invention discloses polypeptides comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a *M. tuberculosis* antigen (or a variant of such an antigen), which may or may not be soluble, that comprises one or more of the amino acid sequences encoded by (a) the DNA sequences of SEQ ID Nos.: 26-51, 138 and 139, (b) the complements of such DNA sequences or (c) DNA sequences substantially homologous to a sequence in (a) or (b).

In the specific embodiments discussed above, the *M. tuberculosis* antigens include variants that are encoded by DNA sequences which are substantially homologous to one or more of DNA sequences specifically recited herein. "Substantial homology," as used herein, refers to DNA sequences that are capable of hybridizing under moderately stringent conditions. Suitable moderately stringent conditions include prewashing in a solution of 5X SSC, 0.5% SDS, 1.0 mM EDTA (pH 8.0); hybridizing at 50°C-65°C, 5X SSC, overnight or, in the case of cross-species homology at 45°C, 0.5X SSC; followed by washing twice at 65°C for 20 minutes with each of 2X, 0.5X and 0.2X SSC containing 0.1% SDS). Such hybridizing DNA sequences are also within the scope of this invention, as are nucleotide sequences that, due to code degeneracy, encode an immunogenic polypeptide that is encoded by a hybridizing DNA sequence.

In a related aspect, the present invention provides fusion proteins comprising a first and a second inventive polypeptide or, alternatively, a polypeptide of the present invention and a known *M. tuberculosis* antigen, such as the 38 kD antigen described in Andersen and Hansen, *Infect. Immun.* 57:2481-2488, 1989, (Genbank Accession No. M30046) or ESAT-6 (SEQ ID Nos. 103 and 104), together with variants of such fusion proteins. The fusion proteins of the present invention may also include a linker peptide between the first and second polypeptides.

A DNA sequence encoding a fusion protein of the present invention is constructed using known recombinant DNA techniques to assemble separate DNA

sequences encoding the first and second polypeptides into an appropriate expression vector. The 3' end of a DNA sequence encoding the first polypeptide is ligated, with or without a peptide linker, to the 5' end of a DNA sequence encoding the second polypeptide so that the reading frames of the sequences are in phase to permit mRNA  
 5 translation of the two DNA sequences into a single fusion protein that retains the biological activity of both the first and the second polypeptides.

A peptide linker sequence may be employed to separate the first and the second polypeptides by a distance sufficient to ensure that each polypeptide folds into its secondary and tertiary structures. Such a peptide linker sequence is incorporated into  
 10 the fusion protein using standard techniques well known in the art. Suitable peptide linker sequences may be chosen based on the following factors: (1) their ability to adopt a flexible extended conformation; (2) their inability to adopt a secondary structure that could interact with functional epitopes on the first and second polypeptides; and (3) the lack of hydrophobic or charged residues that might react with the polypeptide  
 15 functional epitopes. Preferred peptide linker sequences contain Gly, Asn and Ser residues. Other near neutral amino acids, such as Thr and Ala may also be used in the linker sequence. Amino acid sequences which may be usefully employed as linkers include those disclosed in Maratea et al., *Gene* 40:39-46, 1985; Murphy et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 83:8258-8262, 1986; U.S. Patent No. 4,935,233 and U.S. Patent  
 20 No. 4,751,180. The linker sequence may be from 1 to about 50 amino acids in length. Peptide sequences are not required when the first and second polypeptides have non-essential N-terminal amino acid regions that can be used to separate the functional domains and prevent steric interference.

The ligated DNA sequences are operably linked to suitable  
 25 transcriptional or translational regulatory elements. The regulatory elements responsible for expression of DNA are located only 5' to the DNA sequence encoding the first polypeptides. Similarly, stop codons require to end translation and transcription termination signals are only present 3' to the DNA sequence encoding the second polypeptide.



In another aspect, the present invention provides methods for using one or more of the above polypeptides or fusion proteins (or DNA molecules encoding such polypeptides) to induce protective immunity against tuberculosis in a patient. As used herein, a "patient" refers to any warm-blooded animal, preferably a human. A patient  
5 may be afflicted with a disease, or may be free of detectable disease and/or infection. In other words, protective immunity may be induced to prevent or treat tuberculosis.

In this aspect, the polypeptide, fusion protein or DNA molecule is generally present within a pharmaceutical composition and/or a vaccine. Pharmaceutical compositions may comprise one or more polypeptides, each of which  
10 may contain one or more of the above sequences (or variants thereof), and a physiologically acceptable carrier. Vaccines may comprise one or more of the above polypeptides and a non-specific immune response enhancer, such as an adjuvant or a liposome (into which the polypeptide is incorporated). Such pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may also contain other *M. tuberculosis* antigens, either  
15 incorporated into a combination polypeptide or present within a separate polypeptide.

Alternatively, a vaccine may contain DNA encoding one or more polypeptides as described above, such that the polypeptide is generated *in situ*. In such vaccines, the DNA may be present within any of a variety of delivery systems known to those of ordinary skill in the art, including nucleic acid expression systems, bacterial  
20 and viral expression systems. Appropriate nucleic acid expression systems contain the necessary DNA sequences for expression in the patient (such as a suitable promoter and terminating signal). Bacterial delivery systems involve the administration of a bacterium (such as *Bacillus-Calmette-Guerrin*) that expresses an immunogenic portion of the polypeptide on its cell surface. In a preferred embodiment, the DNA may be  
25 introduced using a viral expression system (e.g., vaccinia or other pox virus, retrovirus, or adenovirus), which may involve the use of a non-pathogenic (defective), replication competent virus. Techniques for incorporating DNA into such expression systems are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. The DNA may also be "naked," as described, for example, in Ulmer et al., *Science* 259:1745-1749, 1993 and reviewed by  
30 Cohen, *Science* 259:1691-1692, 1993. The uptake of naked DNA may be increased by

coating the DNA onto biodegradable beads, which are efficiently transported into the cells.

In a related aspect, a DNA vaccine as described above may be administered simultaneously with or sequentially to either a polypeptide of the present invention or a known *M. tuberculosis* antigen, such as the 38 kD antigen described above. For example, administration of DNA encoding a polypeptide of the present invention, either "naked" or in a delivery system as described above, may be followed by administration of an antigen in order to enhance the protective immune effect of the vaccine.

Routes and frequency of administration, as well as dosage, will vary from individual to individual and may parallel those currently being used in immunization using BCG. In general, the pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be administered by injection (e.g., intracutaneous, intramuscular, intravenous or subcutaneous), intranasally (e.g., by aspiration) or orally. Between 1 and 3 doses may be administered for a 1-36 week period. Preferably, 3 doses are administered, at intervals of 3-4 months, and booster vaccinations may be given periodically thereafter. Alternate protocols may be appropriate for individual patients. A suitable dose is an amount of polypeptide or DNA that, when administered as described above, is capable of raising an immune response in an immunized patient sufficient to protect the patient from *M. tuberculosis* infection for at least 1-2 years. In general, the amount of polypeptide present in a dose (or produced *in situ* by the DNA in a dose) ranges from about 1 pg to about 100 mg per kg of host, typically from about 10 pg to about 1 mg, and preferably from about 100 pg to about 1  $\mu$ g. Suitable dose sizes will vary with the size of the patient, but will typically range from about 0.1 mL to about 5 mL.

While any suitable carrier known to those of ordinary skill in the art may be employed in the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention, the type of carrier will vary depending on the mode of administration. For parenteral administration, such as subcutaneous injection, the carrier preferably comprises water, saline, alcohol, a fat, a wax or a buffer. For oral administration, any of the above carriers or a solid carrier, such as mannitol, lactose, starch, magnesium stearate, sodium saccharine, talcum,

cellulose, glucose, sucrose, and magnesium carbonate, may be employed. Biodegradable microspheres (e.g., polylactic galactide) may also be employed as carriers for the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention. Suitable biodegradable microspheres are disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,897,268 and 5,075,109.

5 Any of a variety of adjuvants may be employed in the vaccines of this invention to nonspecifically enhance the immune response. Most adjuvants contain a substance designed to protect the antigen from rapid catabolism, such as aluminum hydroxide or mineral oil, and a nonspecific stimulator of immune responses, such as lipid A, *Bordetella pertussis* or *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*. Suitable adjuvants are  
10 commercially available as, for example, Freund's Incomplete Adjuvant and Freund's Complete Adjuvant (Difco Laboratories) and Merck Adjuvant 65 (Merck and Company, Inc., Rahway, NJ). Other suitable adjuvants include alum, biodegradable microspheres, monophosphoryl lipid A and quil A.

In another aspect, this invention provides methods for using one or more  
15 of the polypeptides described above to diagnose tuberculosis using a skin test. As used herein, a "skin test" is any assay performed directly on a patient in which a delayed-type hypersensitivity (DTH) reaction (such as swelling, reddening or dermatitis) is measured following intradermal injection of one or more polypeptides as described above. Such injection may be achieved using any suitable device sufficient to contact the  
20 polypeptide or polypeptides with dermal cells of the patient, such as a tuberculin syringe or 1 mL syringe. Preferably, the reaction is measured at least 48 hours after injection, more preferably 48-72 hours.

The DTH reaction is a cell-mediated immune response, which is greater in patients that have been exposed previously to the test antigen (i.e., the immunogenic  
25 portion of the polypeptide employed, or a variant thereof). The response may be measured visually, using a ruler. In general, a response that is greater than about 0.5 cm in diameter, preferably greater than about 1.0 cm in diameter, is a positive response, indicative of tuberculosis infection, which may or may not be manifested as an active disease.

The polypeptides of this invention are preferably formulated, for use in a skin test, as pharmaceutical compositions containing a polypeptide and a physiologically acceptable carrier, as described above. Such compositions typically contain one or more of the above polypeptides in an amount ranging from about 1  $\mu$ g to about 100  $\mu$ g, preferably from about 10  $\mu$ g to about 50  $\mu$ g in a volume of 0.1 mL. Preferably, the carrier employed in such pharmaceutical compositions is a saline solution with appropriate preservatives, such as phenol and/or Tween 80™.

In a preferred embodiment, a polypeptide employed in a skin test is of sufficient size such that it remains at the site of injection for the duration of the reaction period. In general, a polypeptide that is at least 9 amino acids in length is sufficient. The polypeptide is also preferably broken down by macrophages within hours of injection to allow presentation to T-cells. Such polypeptides may contain repeats of one or more of the above sequences and/or other immunogenic or nonimmunogenic sequences.

The following Examples are offered by way of illustration and not by way of limitation.

## EXAMPLES

### EXAMPLE 1

#### PURIFICATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF POLYPEPTIDES FROM *M. TUBERCULOSIS* CULTURE FILTRATE

This example illustrates the preparation of *M. tuberculosis* soluble polypeptides from culture filtrate. Unless otherwise noted, all percentages in the following example are weight per volume.

*M. tuberculosis* (either H37Ra, ATCC No. 25177, or H37Rv, ATCC No. 25618) was cultured in sterile GAS media at 37°C for fourteen days. The media was then vacuum filtered (leaving the bulk of the cells) through a 0.45  $\mu$  filter into a

sterile 2.5 L bottle. The media was next filtered through a 0.2  $\mu$  filter into a sterile 4 L bottle and  $\text{NaN}_3$  was added to the culture filtrate to a concentration of 0.04%. The bottles were then placed in a 4°C cold room.

The culture filtrate was concentrated by placing the filtrate in a 12 L reservoir that had been autoclaved and feeding the filtrate into a 400 ml Amicon stir cell which had been rinsed with ethanol and contained a 10,000 kDa MWCO membrane. The pressure was maintained at 60 psi using nitrogen gas. This procedure reduced the 12 L volume to approximately 50 ml.

The culture filtrate was dialyzed into 0.1% ammonium bicarbonate using a 8,000 kDa MWCO cellulose ester membrane, with two changes of ammonium bicarbonate solution. Protein concentration was then determined by a commercially available BCA assay (Pierce, Rockford, IL).

The dialyzed culture filtrate was then lyophilized, and the polypeptides resuspended in distilled water. The polypeptides were dialyzed against 0.01 mM 1,3 bis[tris(hydroxymethyl)-methylamino]propane, pH 7.5 (Bis-Tris propane buffer), the initial conditions for anion exchange chromatography. Fractionation was performed using gel perfusion chromatography on a POROS 146 II Q/M anion exchange column 4.6 mm x 100 mm (Perseptive BioSystems, Framingham, MA) equilibrated in 0.01 mM Bis-Tris propane buffer pH 7.5. Polypeptides were eluted with a linear 0-0.5 M NaCl gradient in the above buffer system. The column eluent was monitored at a wavelength of 220 nm.

The pools of polypeptides eluting from the ion exchange column were dialyzed against distilled water and lyophilized. The resulting material was dissolved in 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) pH 1.9 in water, and the polypeptides were purified on a Delta-Pak C18 column (Waters, Milford, MA) 300 Angstrom pore size, 5 micron particle size (3.9 x 150 mm). The polypeptides were eluted from the column with a linear gradient from 0-60% dilution buffer (0.1% TFA in acetonitrile). The flow rate was 0.75 ml/minute and the HPLC eluent was monitored at 214 nm. Fractions containing the eluted polypeptides were collected to maximize the purity of the individual samples. Approximately 200 purified polypeptides were obtained.

The purified polypeptides were then screened for the ability to induce T-cell proliferation in PBMC preparations. The PBMCs from donors known to be PPD skin test positive and whose T-cells were shown to proliferate in response to PPD and crude soluble proteins from MTB were cultured in medium comprising RPMI 1640 supplemented with 10% pooled human serum and 50  $\mu\text{g/ml}$  gentamicin. Purified polypeptides were added in duplicate at concentrations of 0.5 to 10  $\mu\text{g/mL}$ . After six days of culture in 96-well round-bottom plates in a volume of 200  $\mu\text{l}$ , 50  $\mu\text{l}$  of medium was removed from each well for determination of IFN- $\gamma$  levels, as described below. The plates were then pulsed with 1  $\mu\text{Ci/well}$  of tritiated thymidine for a further 18 hours, harvested and tritium uptake determined using a gas scintillation counter. Fractions that resulted in proliferation in both replicates three fold greater than the proliferation observed in cells cultured in medium alone were considered positive.

IFN- $\gamma$  was measured using an enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA). ELISA plates were coated with a mouse monoclonal antibody directed to human IFN- $\gamma$  (PharMingen, San Diego, CA) in PBS for four hours at room temperature. Wells were then blocked with PBS containing 5% (W/V) non-fat dried milk for 1 hour at room temperature. The plates were then washed six times in PBS/0.2% TWEEN-20 and samples diluted 1:2 in culture medium in the ELISA plates were incubated overnight at room temperature. The plates were again washed and a polyclonal rabbit anti-human IFN- $\gamma$  serum diluted 1:3000 in PBS/10% normal goat serum was added to each well. The plates were then incubated for two hours at room temperature, washed and horseradish peroxidase-coupled anti-rabbit IgG (Sigma Chemical So., St. Louis, MO) was added at a 1:2000 dilution in PBS/5% non-fat dried milk. After a further two hour incubation at room temperature, the plates were washed and TMB substrate added. The reaction was stopped after 20 min with 1 N sulfuric acid. Optical density was determined at 450 nm using 570 nm as a reference wavelength. Fractions that resulted in both replicates giving an OD two fold greater than the mean OD from cells cultured in medium alone, plus 3 standard deviations, were considered positive.

For sequencing, the polypeptides were individually dried onto Biobrene<sup>TM</sup> (Perkin Elmer/Applied BioSystems Division, Foster City, CA) treated glass

fiber filters. The filters with polypeptide were loaded onto a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division Procise 492 protein sequencer. The polypeptides were sequenced from the amino terminal and using traditional Edman chemistry. The amino acid sequence was determined for each polypeptide by comparing the retention time of the PTH amino acid derivative to the appropriate PTH derivative standards.

Using the procedure described above, antigens having the following N-terminal sequences were isolated:

- (a) Asp-Pro-Val-Asp-Ala-Val-Ile-Asn-Thr-Thr-Xaa-Asn-Tyr-Gly-Gln-Val-Val-Ala-Ala-Leu; (SEQ ID No. 54)
- (b) Ala-Val-Glu-Ser-Gly-Met-Leu-Ala-Leu-Gly-Thr-Pro-Ala-Pro-Ser; (SEQ ID No. 55)
- (c) Ala-Ala-Met-Lys-Pro-Arg-Thr-Gly-Asp-Gly-Pro-Leu-Glu-Ala-Ala-Lys-Glu-Gly-Arg; (SEQ ID No. 56)
- (d) Tyr-Tyr-Trp-Cys-Pro-Gly-Gln-Pro-Phe-Asp-Pro-Ala-Trp-Gly-Pro; (SEQ ID No. 57)
- (e) Asp-Ile-Gly-Ser-Glu-Ser-Thr-Glu-Asp-Gln-Gln-Xaa-Ala-Val; (SEQ ID No. 58)
- (f) Ala-Glu-Glu-Ser-Ile-Ser-Thr-Xaa-Glu-Xaa-Ile-Val-Pro; (SEQ ID No. 59)
- (g) Asp-Pro-Glu-Pro-Ala-Pro-Pro-Val-Pro-Thr-Ala-Ala-Ala-Ala-Pro-Pro-Ala; (SEQ ID No. 60) and
- (h) Ala-Pro-Lys-Thr-Tyr-Xaa-Glu-Glu-Leu-Lys-Gly-Thr-Asp-Thr-Gly; (SEQ ID No. 61)

wherein Xaa may be any amino acid.

An additional antigen was isolated employing a microbore HPLC purification step in addition to the procedure described above. Specifically, 20  $\mu$ l of a fraction comprising a mixture of antigens from the chromatographic purification step previously described, was purified on an Aquapore C18 column (Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division, Foster City, CA) with a 7 micron pore size, column size 1 mm x 100 mm, in a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division Model 172 HPLC. Fractions

were eluted from the column with a linear gradient of 1%/minute of acetonitrile (containing 0.05% TFA) in water (0.05% TFA) at a flow rate of 80  $\mu$ l/minute. The eluent was monitored at 250 nm. The original fraction was separated into 4 major peaks plus other smaller components and a polypeptide was obtained which was shown to  
 5 have a molecular weight of 12.054 Kd (by mass spectrometry) and the following N-terminal sequence:

(i) Asp-Pro-Ala-Ser-Ala-Pro-Asp-Val-Pro-Thr-Ala-Ala-Gln-Gln-  
 Thr-Ser-Leu-Leu-Asn-Asn-Leu-Ala-Asp-Pro-Asp-Val-Ser-Phe-  
 Ala-Asp (SEQ ID No. 62).

10 This polypeptide was shown to induce proliferation and IFN- $\gamma$  production in PBMC preparations using the assays described above.

Additional soluble antigens were isolated from *M. tuberculosis* culture filtrate as follows. *M. tuberculosis* culture filtrate was prepared as described above. Following dialysis against Bis-Tris propane buffer, at pH 5.5, fractionation was  
 15 performed using anion exchange chromatography on a Poros QE column 4.6 x 100 mm (Perseptive Biosystems) equilibrated in Bis-Tris propane buffer pH 5.5. Polypeptides were eluted with a linear 0-1.5 M NaCl gradient in the above buffer system at a flow rate of 10 ml/min. The column eluent was monitored at a wavelength of 214 nm.

The fractions eluting from the ion exchange column were pooled and  
 20 subjected to reverse phase chromatography using a Poros R2 column 4.6 x 100 mm (Perseptive Biosystems). Polypeptides were eluted from the column with a linear gradient from 0-100% acetonitrile (0.1% TFA) at a flow rate of 5 ml/min. The eluent was monitored at 214 nm.

Fractions containing the eluted polypeptides were lyophilized and  
 25 resuspended in 80  $\mu$ l of aqueous 0.1% TFA and further subjected to reverse phase chromatography on a Vydac C4 column 4.6 x 150 mm (Western Analytical, Temecula, CA) with a linear gradient of 0-100% acetonitrile (0.1% TFA) at a flow rate of 2 ml/min. Eluent was monitored at 214 nm.

The fraction with biological activity was separated into one major peak  
 30 plus other smaller components. Western blot of this peak onto PVDF membrane



revealed three major bands of molecular weights 14 Kd, 20 Kd and 26 Kd. These polypeptides were determined to have the following N-terminal sequences, respectively:

- (j) Xaa-Asp-Ser-Glu-Lys-Ser-Ala-Thr-Ile-Lys-Val-Thr-Asp-Ala-Ser; (SEQ ID No. 134)
- 5 (k) Ala-Gly-Asp-Thr-Xaa-Ile-Tyr-Ile-Val-Gly-Asn-Leu-Thr-Ala-Asp; (SEQ ID No. 135) and
- (l) Ala-Pro-Glu-Ser-Gly-Ala-Gly-Leu-Gly-Gly-Thr-Val-Gln-Ala-Gly; (SEQ ID No. 136), wherein Xaa may be any amino acid.

Using the assays described above, these polypeptides were shown to induce proliferation and IFN- $\gamma$  production in PBMC preparations. Figs. 1A and B show the results of such assays using PBMC preparations from a first and a second donor, respectively.

DNA sequences that encode the antigens designated as (a), (c), (d) and (g) above were obtained by screening a genomic *M. tuberculosis* library using  $^{32}$ P end labeled degenerate oligonucleotides corresponding to the N-terminal sequence and containing *M. tuberculosis* codon bias. The screen performed using a probe corresponding to antigen (a) above identified a clone having the sequence provided in SEQ ID No. 101. The polypeptide encoded by SEQ ID No. 101 is provided in SEQ ID No. 102. The screen performed using a probe corresponding to antigen (g) above identified a clone having the sequence provided in SEQ ID No. 52. The polypeptide encoded by SEQ ID No. 52 is provided in SEQ ID No. 53. The screen performed using a probe corresponding to antigen (d) above identified a clone having the sequence provided in SEQ ID No. 24, and the screen performed with a probe corresponding to antigen (c) identified a clone having the sequence provided in SEQ ID No. 25.

25 The above amino acid sequences were compared to known amino acid sequences in the gene bank using the DNA STAR system. The database searched contains some 173,000 proteins and is a combination of the Swiss, PIR databases along with translated protein sequences (Version 87). No significant homologies to the amino acid sequences for antigens (a)-(h) and (l) were detected.

The amino acid sequence for antigen (i) was found to be homologous to a sequence from *M. leprae*. The full length *M. leprae* sequence was amplified from genomic DNA using the sequence obtained from GENBANK. This sequence was then used to screen the *M. tuberculosis* library described below in Example 2 and a full  
 5 length copy of the *M. tuberculosis* homologue was obtained (SEQ ID No. 99).

The amino acid sequence for antigen (j) was found to be homologous to a known *M. tuberculosis* protein translated from a DNA sequence. To the best of the inventors' knowledge, this protein has not been previously shown to possess T-cell stimulatory activity. The amino acid sequence for antigen (k) was found to be related to  
 10 a sequence from *M. leprae*.

In the proliferation and IFN- $\gamma$  assays described above, using three PPD positive donors, the results for representative antigens provided above are presented in Table 1:

15

TABLE 1

RESULTS OF PBMC PROLIFERATION AND IFN- $\gamma$  ASSAYS

Sequence	Proliferation	IFN- $\gamma$
(a)	+	-
(c)	+++	+++
(d)	++	++
(g)	+++	+++
(h)	+++	+++

In Table 1, responses that gave a stimulation index (SI) of between 2 and  
 20 4 (compared to cells cultured in medium alone) were scored as +, an SI of 4-8 or 2-4 at a concentration of 1  $\mu$ g or less was scored as ++ and an SI of greater than 8 was scored as +++. The antigen of sequence (i) was found to have a high SI (+++) for one donor and lower SI (++ and +) for the two other donors in both proliferation and IFN- $\gamma$  assays.

These results indicate that these antigens are capable of inducing proliferation and/or interferon- $\gamma$  production.

## EXAMPLE 2

5

### USE OF PATIENT SERA TO ISOLATE *M. TUBERCULOSIS* ANTIGENS

This example illustrates the isolation of antigens from *M. tuberculosis* lysate by screening with serum from *M. tuberculosis*-infected individuals.

Dessicated *M. tuberculosis* H37Ra (Difco Laboratories) was added to a  
 10 2% NP40 solution, and alternately homogenized and sonicated three times. The  
 resulting suspension was centrifuged at 13,000 rpm in microfuge tubes and the  
 supernatant put through a 0.2 micron syringe filter. The filtrate was bound to Macro  
 Prep DEAE beads (BioRad, Hercules, CA). The beads were extensively washed with  
 20 mM Tris pH 7.5 and bound proteins eluted with 1M NaCl. The 1M NaCl elute was  
 15 dialyzed overnight against 10 mM Tris, pH 7.5. Dialyzed solution was treated with  
 DNase and RNase at 0.05 mg/ml for 30 min. at room temperature and then with  $\alpha$ -D-  
 mannosidase, 0.5 U/mg at pH 4.5 for 3-4 hours at room temperature. After returning to  
 pH 7.5, the material was fractionated via FPLC over a Bio Scale-Q-20 column  
 (BioRad). Fractions were combined into nine pools, concentrated in a Centriprep 10  
 20 (Amicon, Beverley, MA) and then screened by Western blot for serological activity  
 using a serum pool from *M. tuberculosis*-infected patients which was not  
 immunoreactive with other antigens of the present invention.

The most reactive fraction was run in SDS-PAGE and transferred to  
 PVDF. A band at approximately 85 Kd was cut out yielding the sequence:

25 (m) Xaa-Tyr-Ile-Ala-Tyr-Xaa-Thr-Thr-Ala-Gly-Ile-Val-Pro-Gly-Lys-  
 Ile-Asn-Val-His-Leu-Val; (SEQ ID No. 137), wherein Xaa may  
 be any amino acid.

Comparison of this sequence with those in the gene bank as described  
 above, revealed no significant homologies to known sequences.

EXAMPLE 3PREPARATION OF DNA SEQUENCES ENCODING *M. TUBERCULOSIS* ANTIGENS

This example illustrates the preparation of DNA sequences encoding  
 5 *M. tuberculosis* antigens by screening a *M. tuberculosis* expression library with sera  
 obtained from patients infected with *M. tuberculosis*, or with anti-sera raised against  
 soluble *M. tuberculosis* antigens.

10 A. PREPARATION OF *M. TUBERCULOSIS* SOLUBLE ANTIGENS USING RABBIT ANTI-SERA

Genomic DNA was isolated from the *M. tuberculosis* strain H37Ra. The  
 DNA was randomly sheared and used to construct an expression library using the  
 Lambda ZAP expression system (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA). Rabbit anti-sera was  
 generated against secretory proteins of the *M. tuberculosis* strains H37Ra, H37Rv and  
 15 Erdman by immunizing a rabbit with concentrated supernatant of the *M. tuberculosis*  
 cultures. Specifically, the rabbit was first immunized subcutaneously with 200 µg of  
 protein antigen in a total volume of 2 ml containing 10 µg muramyl dipeptide  
 (Calbiochem, La Jolla, CA) and 1 ml of incomplete Freund's adjuvant. Four weeks later  
 the rabbit was boosted subcutaneously with 100 µg antigen in incomplete Freund's  
 20 adjuvant. Finally, the rabbit was immunized intravenously four weeks later with 50 µg  
 protein antigen. The anti-sera were used to screen the expression library as described in  
 Sambrook et al., *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor  
 Laboratories, Cold Spring Harbor, NY, 1989. Bacteriophage plaques expressing  
 immunoreactive antigens were purified. Phagemid from the plaques was rescued and  
 25 the nucleotide sequences of the *M. tuberculosis* clones deduced.

Thirty two clones were purified. Of these, 25 represent sequences that  
 have not been previously identified in human *M. tuberculosis*. Recombinant antigens  
 were expressed and purified antigens used in the immunological analysis described in  
 Example 1. Proteins were induced by IPTG and purified by gel elution, as described in  
 30 Skeiky et al., *J. Exp. Med.* 181:1527-1537, 1995. Representative sequences of DNA

molecules identified in this screen are provided in SEQ ID Nos.: 1-25. The corresponding predicted amino acid sequences are shown in SEQ ID Nos. 63-87.

On comparison of these sequences with known sequences in the gene bank using the databases described above, it was found that the clones referred to hereinafter as TbRA2A, TbRA16, TbRA18, and TbRA29 (SEQ ID Nos. 76, 68, 70, 75) show some homology to sequences previously identified in *Mycobacterium leprae* but not in *M. tuberculosis*. TbRA11, TbRA26, TbRA28 and TbDPEP (SEQ ID Nos.: 65, 73, 74, 53) have been previously identified in *M. tuberculosis*. No significant homologies were found to TbRA1, TbRA3, TbRA4, TbRA9, TbRA10, TbRA13, TbRA17, TbRa19, TbRA29, TbRA32, TbRA36 and the overlapping clones TbRA35 and TbRA12 (SEQ ID Nos. 63, 77, 81, 82, 64, 67, 69, 71, 75, 78, 80, 79, 66). The clone TbRa24 is overlapping with clone TbRa29.

The results of PBMC proliferation and interferon- $\gamma$  assays performed on representative recombinant antigens, and using T-cell preparations from several different *M. tuberculosis*-immune patients, are presented in Tables 2 and 3, respectively.

TABLE 2  
RESULTS OF PBMC PROLIFERATION TO REPRESENTATIVE SOLUBLE ANTIGENS

Antigen	Patient												
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
TbRa1	-	-	±	++	-	-	±	±	-	-	+	±	-
TbRa3	-	±	++	-	±	-	-	++	±	-	-	-	-
TbRa9	-	-	nt	nt	++	++	nt	nt	nt	nt	nt	nt	nt
TbRa10	-	-	±	±	±	+	nt	±	-	+	±	±	-
TbRa11	±	±	+	++	++	+	nt	-	++	++	++	±	nt
TbRa12	-	-	+	+	±	++	+	±	±	-	+	-	-
TbRa16	nt	nt	nt	nt	-	+	nt	nt	nt	nt	nt	nt	nt
TbRa24	nt	nt	nt	nt	-	-	nt	nt	nt	nt	nt	nt	nt
TbRa26	-	+	nt	nt	-	-	nt	nt	nt	nt	nt	nt	nt
TbRa29	nt	nt	nt	nt	-	-	nt	nt	nt	nt	nt	nt	nt
TbRa35	++	nt	++	++	++	++	nt	++	++	++	++	++	nt
TbRaB	nt	nt	nt	nt	-	-	nt	nt	nt	nt	nt	nt	nt
TbRaC	nt	nt	nt	nt	-	-	nt	nt	nt	nt	nt	nt	nt
TbRaD	nt	nt	nt	nt	-	-	nt	nt	nt	nt	nt	nt	nt
AAMK	-	-	±	-	-	-	nt	-	-	-	nt	±	nt
YY	-	-	-	-	-	-	nt	-	-	-	nt	+	nt
DPEP	-	+	-	++	-	-	nt	++	±	+	±	±	nt
Control	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

nt = not tested

TABLE 3  
RESULTS OF PBMC INTERFERON- $\gamma$  PRODUCTION TO REPRESENTATIVE SOLUBLE ANTIGENS

[illegible]

In Tables 2 and 3, responses that gave a stimulation index (SI) of between 1.2 and 2 (compared to cells cultured in medium alone) were scored as  $\pm$ , a SI of 2-4 was scored as +, as SI of 4-8 or 2-4 at a concentration of 1  $\mu$ g or less was scored as ++ and an SI of greater than 8 was scored as +++. In addition, the effect of concentration on proliferation and interferon- $\gamma$  production is shown for two of the above antigens in the attached Figure. For both proliferation and interferon- $\gamma$  production, TbRa3 was scored as ++ and TbRa9 as +.

These results indicate that these soluble antigens can induce proliferation and/or interferon- $\gamma$  production in T-cells derived from an *M. tuberculosis*-immune individual.

#### B. USE OF PATIENT SERA TO IDENTIFY DNA SEQUENCES ENCODING *M. TUBERCULOSIS* ANTIGENS

The genomic DNA library described above, and an additional H37Rv library, were screened using pools of sera obtained from patients with active tuberculosis. To prepare the H37Rv library, *M. tuberculosis* strain H37Rv genomic DNA was isolated, subjected to partial *Sau*3A digestion and used to construct an expression library using the Lambda Zap expression system (Stratagene, La Jolla, Ca). Three different pools of sera, each containing sera obtained from three individuals with active pulmonary or pleural disease, were used in the expression screening. The pools were designated TbL, TbM and TbH, referring to relative reactivity with H37Ra lysate (*i.e.*, TbL = low reactivity, TbM = medium reactivity and TbH = high reactivity) in both ELISA and immunoblot format. A fourth pool of sera from seven patients with active pulmonary tuberculosis was also employed. All of the sera lacked increased reactivity with the recombinant 38 kD *M. tuberculosis* H37Ra phosphate-binding protein.

All pools were pre-adsorbed with *E. coli* lysate and used to screen the H37Ra and H37Rv expression libraries, as described in Sambrook et al., *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratories, Cold Spring Harbor, NY, 1989. Bacteriophage plaques expressing immunoreactive antigens were purified. Phagemid from the plaques was rescued and the nucleotide sequences of the *M. tuberculosis* clones deduced.



Thirty two clones were purified. Of these, 31 represented sequences that had not been previously identified in human *M. tuberculosis*. Representative sequences of the DNA molecules identified are provided in SEQ ID Nos.: 26-51 and 105. Of these, TbH-8-2 (SEQ. ID NO. 105) is a partial clone of TbH-8, and TbH-4 (SEQ. ID NO. 43) and TbH-4-FWD (SEQ. ID NO. 44) are non-contiguous sequences from the same clone. Amino acid sequences for the antigens hereinafter identified as Tb38-1, TbH-4, TbH-8, TbH-9, and TbH-12 are shown in SEQ ID Nos.: 88-92. Comparison of these sequences with known sequences in the gene bank using the databases identified above revealed no significant homologies to TbH-4, TbH-8, TbH-9 and TbM-3, although weak homologies were found to TbH-9. TbH-12 was found to be homologous to a 34 kD antigenic protein previously identified in *M. paratuberculosis* (Acc. No. S28515). Tb38-1 was found to be located 34 base pairs upstream of the open reading frame for the antigen ESAT-6 previously identified in *M. bovis* (Acc. No. U34848) and in *M. tuberculosis* (Sorensen et al., *Infect. Immun.* 63:1710-1717, 1995).

Probes derived from Tb38-1 and TbH-9, both isolated from an H37Ra library, were used to identify clones in an H37Rv library. Tb38-1 hybridized to Tb38-1F2, Tb38-1F3, Tb38-1F5 and Tb38-1F6 (SEQ. ID NOS. 112, 113, 116, 118, and 119). (SEQ ID NOS. 112 and 113 are non-contiguous sequences from clone Tb38-1F2.) Two open reading frames were deduced in Tb38-1F2; one corresponds to Tb37FL (SEQ. ID. NO. 114), the second, a partial sequence, may be the homologue of Tb38-1 and is called Tb38-IN (SEQ. ID NO. 115). The deduced amino acid sequence of Tb38-1F3 is presented in SEQ. ID. NO. 117. A TbH-9 probe identified three clones in the H37Rv library: TbH-9-FL (SEQ. ID NO. 106), which may be the homologue of TbH-9 (R37Ra), TbH-9-1 (SEQ. ID NO. 108), and TbH-9-4 (SEQ. ID NO. 110), all of which are highly related sequences to TbH-9. The deduced amino acid sequences for these three clones are presented in SEQ ID NOS. 107, 109 and 111.

Further screening of the *M. tuberculosis* genomic DNA library, as described above, resulted in the recovery of ten additional reactive clones, representing seven different genes. One of these genes was identified as the 38 Kd antigen discussed

above, one was determined to be identical to the 14Kd alpha crystallin heat shock protein previously shown to be present in *M. tuberculosis*, and a third was determined to be identical to the antigen TbH-8 described above. The determined DNA sequences for the remaining five clones (hereinafter referred to as TbH-29, TbH-30, TbH-32 and TbH-33) are provided in SEQ ID NO: 138-141, respectively, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequences being provided in SEQ ID NO: 142-145, respectively. The DNA and amino acid sequences for these antigens were compared with those in the gene bank as described above. No homologies were found to the 5' end of TbH-29 (which contains the reactive open reading frame), although the 3' end of TbH-29 was found to be identical to the *M. tuberculosis* cosmid Y227. TbH-32 and TbH-33 were found to be identical to the previously identified *M. tuberculosis* insertion element IS6110 and to the *M. tuberculosis* cosmid Y50, respectively. No significant homologies to TbH-30 were found.

Positive phagemid from this additional screening were used to infect *E. coli* XL-1 Blue MRF', as described in Sambrook et al., *supra*. Induction of recombinant protein was accomplished by the addition of IPTG. Induced and uninduced lysates were run in duplicate on SDS-PAGE and transferred to nitrocellulose filters. Filters were reacted with human *M. tuberculosis* sera (1:200 dilution) reactive with TbH and a rabbit sera (1:200 or 1:250 dilution) reactive with the N-terminal 4 Kd portion of lacZ. Sera incubations were performed for 2 hours at room temperature. Bound antibody was detected by addition of <sup>125</sup>I-labeled Protein A and subsequent exposure to film for variable times ranging from 16 hours to 11 days. The results of the immunoblots are summarized in Table 4.

TABLE 4

<u>Antigen</u>	<u>Human M. tb Sera</u>	<u>Anti-lacZ Sera</u>
TbH-29	45 Kd	45 Kd
TbH-30	No reactivity	29 Kd
TbH-32	12 Kd	12 Kd
TbH-33	16 Kd	16 Kd

Positive reaction of the recombinant human *M. tuberculosis* antigens with both the human *M. tuberculosis* sera and anti-lacZ sera indicate that reactivity of the human *M. tuberculosis* sera is directed towards the fusion protein. Antigens reactive with the anti-lacZ sera but not with the human *M. tuberculosis* sera may be the result of the human *M. tuberculosis* sera recognizing conformational epitopes, or the antigen-antibody binding kinetics may be such that the 2 hour sera exposure in the immunoblot is not sufficient.

The results of T-cell assays performed on Tb38-1, ESAT-6 and other representative recombinant antigens are presented in Tables 5A, B and 6, respectively, below:

TABLE 5A  
RESULTS OF PBMC PROLIFERATION TO REPRESENTATIVE ANTIGENS

Antigen	Donor										
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Tb38.1	+++	+	-	-	-	++	-	+	-	++	+++
ESAT-6	+++	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	++	+++
TbH-9	++	++	-	++	±	±	++	++	++	++	++

TABLE 5B  
RESULTS OF PBMC INTERFERON- $\gamma$  PRODUCTION TO REPRESENTATIVE ANTIGENS

Antigen	Donor										
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Tb38.1	+++	+	-	+	+	+++	-	++	-	+++	+++
ESAT-6	+++	+	+	+	+-	+	-	+	+	+++	+++
TbH-9	++	++	-	+++	$\pm$	$\pm$	+++	+++	++	+++	++

5

TABLE 6  
SUMMARY OF T-CELL RESPONSES TO REPRESENTATIVE ANTIGENS

Antigen	Proliferation			Interferon- $\gamma$			total
	patient 4	patient 5	patient 6	patient 4	patient 5	patient 6	
TbH9	++	++	++	+++	++	++	13
TbM7	-	+	-	++	+	-	4
TbH5	-	+	+	++	++	++	8
TbL23	-	+	$\pm$	++	++	+	7.5
TbH4	-	++	$\pm$	++	++	$\pm$	7
- control	-	-	-	-	-	-	0

10

These results indicate that both the inventive *M. tuberculosis* antigens and ESAT-6 can induce proliferation and/or interferon- $\gamma$  production in T-cells derived from an *M. tuberculosis*-immune individual. To the best of the inventors' knowledge, ESAT-6 has not been previously shown to stimulate human immune responses

A set of six overlapping peptides covering the amino acid sequence of the antigen Tb38-1 was constructed using the method described in Example 6. The sequences of these peptides, hereinafter referred to as pep1-6, are provided in SEQ ID Nos. 93-98, respectively. The results of T-cell assays using these peptides are shown in Tables 7 and 8. These results confirm the existence, and help to localize T-cell epitopes within Tb38-1 capable of inducing proliferation and interferon- $\gamma$  production in T-cells derived from an *M. tuberculosis* immune individual.

20

**TABLE 7**  
**RESULTS OF PBMC PROLIFERATION TO T<sub>B</sub>38-1 PEPTIDES**

[illegible]

[illegible]

Studies were undertaken to determine whether the antigens TbH-9 and Tb38-1 represent cellular proteins or are secreted into *M. tuberculosis* culture media. In the first study, rabbit sera were raised against A) secretory proteins of *M. tuberculosis*, B) the known secretory recombinant *M. tuberculosis* antigen 85b, C) recombinant Tb38-1 and D) recombinant TbH-9, using protocols substantially the same as that as described in Example 3A. Total *M. tuberculosis* lysate, concentrated supernatant of *M. tuberculosis* cultures and the recombinant antigens 85b, TbH-9 and Tb38-1 were resolved on denaturing gels, immobilized on nitrocellulose membranes and duplicate blots were probed using the rabbit sera described above.

The results of this analysis using control sera (panel I) and antisera (panel II) against secretory proteins, recombinant 85b, recombinant Tb38-1 and recombinant TbH-9 are shown in Figures 3A-D, respectively, wherein the lane designations are as follows: 1) molecular weight protein standards; 2) 5  $\mu$ g of *M. tuberculosis* lysate; 3) 5  $\mu$ g secretory proteins; 4) 50 ng recombinant Tb38-1; 5) 50 ng recombinant TbH-9; and 6) 50 ng recombinant 85b. The recombinant antigens were engineered with six terminal histidine residues and would therefore be expected to migrate with a mobility approximately 1 kD larger than the native protein. In Figure 3D, recombinant TbH-9 is lacking approximately 10 kD of the full-length 42 kD antigen, hence the significant difference in the size of the immunoreactive native TbH-9 antigen in the lysate lane (indicated by an arrow). These results demonstrate that Tb38-1 and TbH-9 are intracellular antigens and are not actively secreted by *M. tuberculosis*.

The finding that TbH-9 is an intracellular antigen was confirmed by determining the reactivity of TbH-9-specific human T cell clones to recombinant TbH-9, secretory *M. tuberculosis* proteins and PPD. A TbH-9-specific T cell clone (designated 131TbH-9) was generated from PBMC of a healthy PPD-positive donor. The proliferative response of 131TbH-9 to secretory proteins, recombinant TbH-9 and a control *M. tuberculosis* antigen, TbPa11, was determined by measuring uptake of tritiated thymidine, as described in Example 1. As shown in Figure 4A, the clone 131TbH-9 responds specifically to TbH-9, showing that TbH-9 is not a significant component of *M. tuberculosis* secretory proteins. Figure 4B shows the production of

IFN- $\gamma$  by a second TbH-9-specific T cell clone (designated PPD 800-10) prepared from PBMC from a healthy PPD-positive donor, following stimulation of the T cell clone with secretory proteins, PPD or recombinant TbH-9. These results further confirm that TbH-9 is not secreted by *M. tuberculosis*.

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#### EXAMPLE 4

##### PURIFICATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF A POLYPEPTIDE FROM TUBERCULIN PURIFIED PROTEIN DERIVATIVE

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An *M. tuberculosis* polypeptide was isolated from tuberculin purified protein derivative (PPD) as follows.

PPD was prepared as published with some modification (Seibert, F. et al., Tuberculin purified protein derivative. Preparation and analyses of a large quantity  
15 for standard. The American Review of Tuberculosis 44:9-25, 1941).

*M. tuberculosis* Rv strain was grown for 6 weeks in synthetic medium in roller bottles at 37°C. Bottles containing the bacterial growth were then heated to 100°C in water vapor for 3 hours. Cultures were sterile filtered using a 0.22  $\mu$  filter and the liquid phase was concentrated 20 times using a 3 kD cut-off membrane. Proteins were  
20 precipitated once with 50% ammonium sulfate solution and eight times with 25% ammonium sulfate solution. The resulting proteins (PPD) were fractionated by reverse phase liquid chromatography (RP-HPLC) using a C18 column (7.8 x 300 mM; Waters, Milford, MA) in a Biocad HPLC system (Perseptive Biosystems, Framingham, MA). Fractions were eluted from the column with a linear gradient from 0-100% buffer (0.1%  
25 TFA in acetonitrile). The flow rate was 10 ml/minute and eluent was monitored at 214 nm and 280 nm.

Six fractions were collected, dried, suspended in PBS and tested individually in *M. tuberculosis*-infected guinea pigs for induction of delayed type hypersensitivity (DTH) reaction. One fraction was found to induce a strong DTH  
30 reaction and was subsequently fractionated further by RP-HPLC on a microbore Vydac



C18 column (Cat. No. 218TP5115) in a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division Model 172 HPLC. Fractions were eluted with a linear gradient from 5-100% buffer (0.05% TFA in acetonitrile) with a flow rate of 80  $\mu$ l/minute. Eluent was monitored at 215 nm. Eight fractions were collected and tested for induction of DTH in *M. tuberculosis*-infected guinea pigs. One fraction was found to induce strong DTH of about 16 mm induration. The other fractions did not induce detectable DTH. The positive fraction was submitted to SDS-PAGE gel electrophoresis and found to contain a single protein band of approximately 12 kD molecular weight.

This polypeptide, herein after referred to as DPPD, was sequenced from the amino terminal using a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division Procise 492 protein sequencer as described above and found to have the N-terminal sequence shown in SEQ ID No.: 129. Comparison of this sequence with known sequences in the gene bank as described above revealed no known homologies. Four cyanogen bromide fragments of DPPD were isolated and found to have the sequences shown in SEQ ID Nos.: 130-133.

The ability of the antigen DPPD to stimulate human PBMC to proliferate and to produce IFN- $\gamma$  was assayed as described in Example 1. As shown in Table 9, DPPD was found to stimulate proliferation and elicit production of large quantities of IFN- $\gamma$ ; more than that elicited by commercial PPD.

TABLE 9  
RESULTS OF PROLIFERATION AND INTERFERON- $\gamma$  ASSAYS TO DPPD

PBMC Donor	Stimulator	Proliferation (CPM)	IFN- $\gamma$ (OD <sub>450</sub> )
A	Medium	1,089	0.17
	PPD (commercial)	8,394	1.29
	DPPD	13,451	2.21
B	Medium	450	0.09
	PPD (commercial)	3,929	1.26
	DPPD	6,184	1.49
C	Medium	541	0.11
	PPD (commercial)	8,907	0.76
	DPPD	23,024	>2.70

5

EXAMPLE 5  
USE OF REPRESENTATIVE ANTIGENS FOR DIAGNOSIS OF TUBERCULOSIS

This example illustrates the effectiveness of several representative polypeptides in skin tests for the diagnosis of *M. tuberculosis* infection.

Individuals were injected intradermally with 100  $\mu$ l of either PBS or PBS plus Tween 20<sup>TM</sup> containing either 0.1  $\mu$ g of protein (for TbH-9 and TbRa35) or 1.0  $\mu$ g of protein (for TbRa38-1). Induration was measured between 5-7 days after injection, with a response of 5 mm or greater being considered positive. Of the 20 individuals tested, 2 were PPD negative and 18 were PPD positive. Of the PPD positive individuals, 3 had active tuberculosis, 3 had been previously infected with tuberculosis and 9 were healthy. In a second study, 13 PPD positive individuals were tested with 0.1  $\mu$ g TbRa11 in either PBS or PBS plus Tween 20<sup>TM</sup> as described above. The results of both studies are shown in Table 10.

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TABLE 10  
RESULTS OF DTH TESTING WITH REPRESENTATIVE ANTIGENS

	TbH-9 Pos/Total	Tb38-1 Pos/Total	TbRa35 Pos/Total	Cumulative Pos/Total	TbRa11 Pos/Total
PPD negative	0/2	0/2	0/2	0/2	
PPD positive					
healthy	5/9	4/9	4/9	6/9	1/4
prior TB	3/5	2/5	2/5	4/5	3/5
active	3/4	3/4	0/4	4/4	1/4
TOTAL	11/18	9/18	6/18	14/18	5/13

5

#### EXAMPLE 6

##### SYNTHESIS OF SYNTHETIC POLYPEPTIDES

10 Polypeptides may be synthesized on a Millipore 9050 peptide synthesizer using Fmoc chemistry with HPTU (O-Benzotriazole-N,N',N'-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate) activation. A Gly-Cys-Gly sequence may be attached to the amino terminus of the peptide to provide a method of conjugation or labeling of the peptide. Cleavage of the peptides from the solid support may be carried

15 out using the following cleavage mixture: trifluoroacetic acid:ethanedithiol:thioanisole:water:phenol (40:1:2:2:3). After cleaving for 2 hours, the peptides may be precipitated in cold methyl-t-butyl-ether. The peptide pellets may then be dissolved in water containing 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) and lyophilized prior to purification by C18 reverse phase HPLC. A gradient of 0%-60% acetonitrile

20 (containing 0.1% TFA) in water (containing 0.1% TFA) may be used to elute the peptides. Following lyophilization of the pure fractions, the peptides may be characterized using electrospray mass spectrometry and by amino acid analysis.

EXAMPLE 7PREPARATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF *M. TUBERCULOSIS* FUSION PROTEINS

A fusion protein containing TbRa3, the 38 kD antigen and Tb38-1 was  
 5 prepared as follows.

Each of the DNA constructs TbRa3, 38 kD and Tb38-1 were modified  
 by PCR in order to facilitate their fusion and the subsequent expression of the fusion  
 protein TbRa3-38 kD-Tb38-1. TbRa3, 38 kD and Tb38-1 DNA was used to perform  
 PCR using the primers PDM-64 and PDM-65 (SEQ ID NO: 146 and 147), PDM-57 and  
 10 PDM-58 (SEQ ID NO: 148 and 149), and PDM-69 and PDM-60 (SEQ ID NO: 150 and  
 151), respectively. In each case, the DNA amplification was performed using 10 µl  
 10X Pfu buffer, 2 µl 10 mM dNTPs, 2 µl each of the PCR primers at 10 µM  
 concentration, 81.5 µl water, 1.5 µl Pfu DNA polymerase (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA)  
 and 1 µl DNA at either 70 ng/µl (for TbRa3) or 50 ng/µl (for 38 kD and Tb38-1). For  
 15 TbRa3, denaturation at 94°C was performed for 2 min, followed by 40 cycles of 96°C  
 for 15 sec and 72°C for 1 min, and lastly by 72°C for 4 min. For 38 kD, denaturation at  
 96°C was performed for 2 min, followed by 40 cycles of 96°C for 30 sec, 68°C for 15  
 sec and 72°C for 3 min, and finally by 72°C for 4 min. For Tb38-1 denaturation at  
 94°C for 2 min was followed by 10 cycles of 96°C for 15 sec, 68°C for 15 sec and 72°C  
 20 for 1.5 min, 30 cycles of 96°C for 15 sec, 64°C for 15 sec and 72°C for 1.5, and finally  
 by 72°C for 4 min.

The TbRa3 PCR fragment was digested with NdeI and EcoRI and cloned  
 directly into pT7<sup>+</sup>L2 IL 1 vector using NdeI and EcoRI sites. The 38 kD PCR fragment  
 was digested with Sse8387I, treated with T4 DNA polymerase to make blunt ends and  
 25 then digested with EcoRI for direct cloning into the pT7<sup>+</sup>L2Ra3-1 vector which was  
 digested with StuI and EcoRI. The 38-1 PCR fragment was digested with Eco47III and  
 EcoRI and directly subcloned into pT7<sup>+</sup>L2Ra3/38kD-17 digested with the same  
 enzymes. The whole fusion was then transferred to pET28b NT LMEIF - 1 using NdeI  
 and EcoRI sites. The fusion construct was confirmed by DNA sequencing.

30 The expression construct was transformed to BLR pLys S *E. coli*  
 (Novagen, Madison, WI) and grown overnight in LB broth with kanamycin (30 µg/ml)

and chloramphenicol (34 µg/ml). This culture (12 ml) was used to inoculate 500 ml 2XYT with the same antibiotics and the culture was induced with IPTG at an OD<sub>560</sub> of 0.44 to a final concentration of 1.2 mM. Four hours post-induction, the bacteria were harvested and sonicated in 20 mM Tris (8.0), 100 mM NaCl, 0.1% DOC, 20 µg/ml Leupeptin, 20 mM PMSF followed by centrifugation at 26,000 X g. The resulting pellet was resuspended in 8 M urea, 20 mM Tris (8.0), 100 mM NaCl and bound to Pro-bond nickel resin (Invitrogen, Carlsbad, CA). The column was washed several times with the above buffer then eluted with an imidazole gradient (50 mM, 100 mM, 500 mM imidazole was added to 8 M urea, 20 mM Tris (8.0), 100 mM NaCl). The eluates containing the protein of interest were then dialyzed against 10 mM Tris (8.0).

The DNA and amino acid sequences for the resulting fusion protein (hereinafter referred to as TbRa3-38 kD-Tb38-1) are provided in SEQ ID NO: 152 and 153, respectively.

A fusion protein containing the two antigens TbH-9 and Tb38-1 (hereinafter referred to as TbH9-Tb38-1) without a hinge sequence, was prepared using a similar procedure to that described above. The DNA sequence for the TbH9-Tb38-1 fusion protein is provided in SEQ ID NO: 156.

The ability of the fusion protein TbH9-Tb38-1 to induce T cell proliferation and IFN-γ production in PBMC preparations was examined using the protocol described above in Example 1. PBMC from three donors were employed: one who had been previously shown to respond to TbH9 but not Tb38-1 (donor 131); one who had been shown to respond to Tb38-1 but not TbH9 (donor 184); and one who had been shown to respond to both antigens (donor 201). The results of these studies (Figs. 5-7, respectively) demonstrate the functional activity of both the antigens in the fusion protein.

From the foregoing, it will be appreciated that, although specific embodiments of the invention have been described herein for the purpose of illustration, various modifications may be made without deviating from the spirit and scope of the invention.

(1) GENERAL INFORMATION:

(ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: COMPOUNDS AND METHODS FOR IMMUNOTHERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF TUBERCULOSIS

(iv) CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:

(v) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

(vi) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

(viii) ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:

(A) NAME: Maki, David J.  
(B) REGISTRATION NUMBER: 31,392  
(C) REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 210121.411C6

(ix) TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:

(A) TELEPHONE: (206) 622-4900  
(B) TELEFAX: (206) 682-6031

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 766 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:

CGAGGCACCG GTAGTTTGAA CCAAACGCAC AATCGACGGG CAAACGAACG GAAGAACACA 60  
 ACCATGAAGA TGGTGAAATC GATCGCCGCA GGTCTGACCG CCGCGGCTGC AATCGGCGCC 120  
 GCTGCGGCCG GTGTGACTTC GATCATGGCT GGCGGCCCGG TCGTATACCA GATGCAGCCG 180  
 GTCGTCTTCG GCGCGCCACT GCCGTTGGAC CCGGCATCCG CCCCTGACGT CCCGACCGCC 240  
 GCCCAGTTGA CCAGCCTGCT CAACAGCCTC GCCGATCCCA ACGTGTGTT TGCGAACAAG 300  
 GGCAGTCTGG TCGAGGGCGG CATCGGGGGC ACCGAGGCGC GCATCGCCGA CCACAAGCTG 360  
 AAGAAGGCCG CCGAGCACGG GGATCTGCCG CTGTCGTTCA GCGTGACGAA CATCCAGCCG 420  
 GCGGCCGCCG GTTCGGCCAC CGCCGACGTT TCCGTCTCGG GTCCGAAGCT CTCGTCGCCG 480  
 GTCACGCAGA ACGTCACGTT CGTGAATCAA GGCGGCTGGA TGCTGTCAGG CGCATCGGCG 540  
 ATGGAGTTGC TGCAGGCCGC AGGGNAACTG ATTGGCGGGC CGGNTTCAGC CCGCTGTTCA 600  
 GCTACGCCGC CCGCCTGGTG ACGCGTCCAT GTCGAACACT CGCGCGTGTA GCACGGTGCG 660  
 GTNTGCGCAG GGNCGCACGC ACCGCCCGGT GCAAGCCGTC CTCGAGATAG GTGGTGNCTC 720  
 GNCACCAGNG ANCACCCCN NNTCGNCNNT TCTCGNTGNT GNATGA 766

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 752 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2:

ATGCATCACC ATCACCATCA CGATGAAGTC ACGGTAGAGA CGACCTCCGT CTTCCGCGCA	60
GACTTCCTCA GCGAGCTGGA CGCTCCTGCG CAAGCGGGTA CGGAGAGCGC GGTCTCCGGG	120
GTGGAAGGGC TCCCGCCGGG CTCGGCGTTG CTGGTAGTCA AACGAGGCCC CAACGCCGGG	180
TCCCGGTTCC TACTCGACCA AGCCATCACG TCGGCTGGTC GGCATCCCGA CAGCGACATA	240
TTTCTCGACG ACGTGACCGT GAGCCGTCGC CATGCTGAAT TCCGGTTGGA AAACAACGAA	300
TTCAATGTCG TCGATGTCGG GAGTCTCAAC GGCACCTACG TCAACCGCGA GCCCGTGGAT	360
TCGGCGGTGC TGGCGAACGG CGACGAGGTC CAGATCGGCA AGCTCCGGTT GGTGTTCTTG	420
ACCGGACCCA AGCAAGGCGA GGATGACGGG AGTACCGGGG GCCCGTGAGC GCACCCGATA	480
GCCCCGCGCT GGCCGGGATG TCGATCGGGG CGGTCTCCG ACCTGCTACG ACCGGATTTT	540
CCCTGATGTC CACCATCTCC AAGATTCGAT TCTTGGGAGG CTTGAGGGTC NGGGTGACCC	600
CCCCGCGGGC CTCATTNCGG GGTNTCGGCN GGTTTCACCC CNTACCNACT GCCNCCCGGN	660
TTGCNAATTC NTTCTTCNCT GCCCNAAAG GGACNNTTAN CTTGCCGCTN GAAANGGTNA	720
TCCNGGGCCC NTCCTNGAAN CCCCNTCCCC CT	752

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:3:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 813 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear



## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:3:

CATATGCATC ACCATCACCA TCACACTTCT AACCGCCCAG CGCGTCGGGG GCGTCGAGCA 60  
 CCACGCGACA CCGGGCCCCGA TCGATCTGCT AGCTTGAGTC TGGTCAGGCA TCGTCGTCAG 120  
 CAGCGCGATG CCCTATGTTT GTCGTCGACT CAGATATCGC GGCAATCCAA TCTCCCGCCT 180  
 GCGGCCGGCG GTGCTGCAAA CTA CTCTCCCGG AGGAATTTTCG ACGTGCGCAT CAAGATCTTC 240  
 ATGCTGGTCA CGGCTGTCGT TTTGCTCTGT TGTTCCGGGTG TGGCCACGGC CGCGCCCAAG 300  
 ACCTACTGCG AGGAGTTGAA AGGCACCGAT ACCGGCCAGG CGTGCCAGAT TCAAATGTCC 360  
 GACCCGGCCT ACAACATCAA CATCAGCCTG CCCAGTTACT ACCCCGACCA GAAGTCGCTG 420  
 GAAAATTACA TCGCCCAGAC GCGCGACAAG TTCCTCAGCG CGGCCACATC GTCCACTCCA 480  
 CGCGAAGCCC CCTACGAATT GAATATCACC TCGGCCACAT ACCAGTCCGC GATACCGCCG 540  
 CGTGGTACGC AGGCCGTGGT GCTCAMGGTC TACCACAACG CCGGCGGCAC GCACCCAACG 600  
 ACCACGTACA AGGCCTTCGA TTGGGACCAG GCCTATCGCA AGCCAATCAC CTATGACACG 660  
 CTGTGGCAGG CTGACACCGA TCCGCTGCCA GTCGTCTTCC CCATTGTTGC AAGGTGAACT 720  
 GAGCAACGCA GACCGGGACA ACWGGTATCG ATAGCCGCCN AATGCCGGCT TGAACCCNG 780  
 TGAAATTATC ACAACTTCGC AGTCACNAAA NAA 813

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 447 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4:

CGGTATGAAC ACGGCCGCGT CCGATAACTT CCAGCTGTCC CAGGGTGGGC AGGGATTTCG	60
CATTCCGATC GGGCAGGCGA TGGCGATCGC GGGCCAGATC CGATCGGGTG GGGGGTCACC	120
CACCGTTCAT ATCGGGCCTA CCGCCTTCCT CGGCTTGGGT GTTGTGACACA ACAACGGCAA	180
CGGCGCACGA GTCCAACGCG TGGTCGGGAG CGCTCCGGCG GCAAGTCTCG GCATCTCCAC	240
CGGCGACGTG ATCACC GCGG TCGACGGCGC TCCGATCAAC TCGGCCACCG CGATGGCGGA	300
CGCGCTTAAC GGGCATCATC CCGGTGACGT CATCTCGGTG AACTGGCAAA CCAAGTCGGG	360
CGGCACGCGT ACAGGGAACG TGACATTGGC CGAGGGACCC CCGGCCTGAT TTCGTCGYGG	420
ATACCACCCG CCGGCCGGCC AATTGGA	447

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:5:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 604 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:5:

GTCCCACTGC GGTGCGCGAG TATGTCGCCC AGCAAATGTC TGGCAGCCGC CCAACGGAAT	60
CCGGTGATCC GACGTCGAG GTTGTGCAAC CCGCCGCCGC GGAAGTATCG GTCCATGCCT	120
AGCCCGGCGA CGGCGAGCGC CGGAATGGCG CGAGTGAGGA GGCGGGCAAT TTGGCGGGGC	180
CCGGCGACGG NGAGCGCCGG AATGGCGCGA GTGAGCGGGT GGNCAGTCAT GCCCAGNGCG	240
ATCCAATCAA CCTGNATTCG GNCTGNNGGN CCATTGACA ATCGAGGTAG TGAGCGCAAA	300
TGAATGATGG AAAACGGGNG GNGACGTCCG NTGTTCTGGT GGTGNTAGGT GNCTGNCTGG	360

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:6:

(A) LENGTH: 633 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

TTGCANGTCG AACACCTCA CTAAAGGGAA CAAAAGCTNG AGCTCCACCG CGGTGGCGGC	60
CGCTCTAGAA CTAGTGKATM YYYCKGGCTG CAGSAATYCG GYACGAGCAT TAGGACAGTC	120
TAACGGTCCT GTTACGGTGA TCGAATGACC GACGACATCC TGCTGATCGA CACCGACGAA	180
CGGGTGCGAA CCCTCACCT CAACCGGCCG CAGTCCCGYA ACGCGCTCTC GGCGGCGCTA	240
CGGGATCGGT TTTTCGCGGY GTTGGYCGAC GCCGAGGYCG ACGACGACAT CGACGTCGTC	300
ATCCTCACCG GYGCCGATCC GGTGTTCTGC GCCGGA CTGG ACCTCAAGGT AGCTGGCCGG	360
GCAGACCGCG CTGCCGACA TCTACCGCG GTGGGCGGCC ATGACCAAGC CGGTGATCGG	420
CGCGATCAAC GGCGCCGCGG TCACCGGCGG GCTCGAACTG GCGCTGTACT GCCACATCCT	480
GATCGCCTCC GAGCACGCC GCTTCGNCGA CACCCACGCC CGGGTGGGGC TGCTGCCAC	540
CTGGGGACTC AGTGTGTGCT TGCCGCAAAA GGTCGGCATC GGNCTGGGCC GGTGGATGAG	600
CCTGACCGGC GACTACCTGT CCGTGACCGA CGC	633

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:7:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 1362 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:7:

CGACGACGAC	GGCGCCGGAG	AGCGGGCGCG	AACGGCGATC	GACGCGGCCC	TGGCCAGAGT	60
CGGCACCACC	CAGGAGGGAG	TCGAATCATG	AAATTTGTCA	ACCATATTGA	GCCCGTCGCG	120
CCCCGCCGAG	CCGGCGGGCG	GGTCGCCGAG	GTCTATGCCG	AGGCCCCCGG	CGAGTTCGGC	180
CGGCTGCCCC	AGCCGCTCGC	CATGCTGTCC	CCGGACGAGG	GACTGCTCAC	CGCCGGCTGG	240
GCGACGTTGC	GCGAGACACT	GCTGGTGGGC	CAGGTGCCGC	GTGGCCGCAA	GGAAGCCGTC	300
GCCGCCGCCG	TCGCGGCCAG	CCTGCGCTGC	CCCTGGTGCG	TCGACGCACA	CACCACCATG	360
CTGTACGCGG	CAGGCCAAAC	CGACACCGCC	GCGGCGATCT	TGGCCGGCAC	AGCACCTGCC	420
GCCGGTGACC	CGAACGCGCC	GTATGTGGCG	TGGGCGGCAG	GAACCGGGAC	ACCGGCGGGA	480
CCGCCGGCAC	CGTTCGGCCC	GGATGTCGCC	GCCGAATACC	TGGGCACCGC	GGTGCAATTC	540
CACTTCATCG	CACGCCTGGT	CCTGGTGCTG	CTGGACGAAA	CCTTCCTGCC	GGGGGGCCCC	600
CGCGCCCAAC	AGCTCATGCG	CCGCGCCGGT	GGACTGGTGT	TCGCCCCGAA	GGTGCGCGCG	660
GAGCATCGGC	CGGGCCGCTC	CACCCGCCGG	CTCGAGCCGC	GAACGCTGCC	CGACGATCTG	720
GCATCGGCAA	CACCGTCCGA	GCCCATAGAA	ACCGCGTTCG	CCGCGCTCAG	CCACCACCTG	780
GACACCGCGC	CGCACCTGCC	GCCACCGACT	CGTCAGGTGG	TCAGGCGGGT	CGTGGGGTCG	840
TGGCACGGCG	AGCCAATGCC	GATGAGCAGT	CGCTGGACGA	ACGAGCACAC	CGCCGAGCTG	900

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:8:

(A) LENGTH: 1458 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

GCGACGACCC	CGATATGCCG	GGCACCGTAG	CGAAAAGCCGT	CGCCGACGCA	CTCGGGCGCG	60
GTATCGCTCC	CGTTGAGGAC	ATTCAGGACT	GCGTGGAGGC	CCGGCTGGGG	GAAGCCGGTC	120
TGGATGACGT	GGCCCGTGTT	TACATCATCT	ACCGGCAGCG	GCGCGCCGAG	CTGCGGACGG	180
CTAAGGCCTT	GCTCGGCGTG	CGGGACGAGT	TAAAGCTGAG	CTTGCGGGCC	GTGACGGTAC	240
TGCGCGAGCG	CTATCTGCTG	CACGACGAGC	AGGGCCGGCC	GGCCGAGTCG	ACCGGCAGAC	300
TGATGGACCG	ATCGGCGCGC	TGTCGCGCG	CGGCCGAGGA	CCAGTATGAG	CCGGGCTCGT	360
CGAGGCGGTG	GGCCGAGCGG	TTCGCCACGC	TATTACGCAA	CCTGGAATTC	CTGCCGAATT	420
CGCCACGTT	GATGAAGTCT	GGCACCGACC	TGGGACTGCT	CGCCGGCTGT	TTTGTTCCTGC	480

CGATTGAGGA TTCGCTGCAA TCGATCTTTG CGACGCTGGG ACAGGCCGCC GAGCTGCAGC 540  
 GGGCTGGAGG CGGCACCGGA TATGCGTTCA GCCACCTGCG ACCCGCCGGG GATCGGGTGG 600  
 CCTCCACGGG CGGCACGGCC AGCGGACCGG TGTCGTTTCT ACGGCTGTAT GACAGTGCCG 660  
 CGGGTGTGGT CTCCATGGGC GGTGCGCCGGC GTGGCGCCTG TATGGCTGTG CTTGATGTGT 720  
 CGCACCCGGA TATCTGTGAT TTCGTCACCG CCAAGGCCGA ATCCCCAGC GAGCTCCCGC 780  
 ATTTCAACCT ATCGGTTGGT GTGACCGACG CGTTCCTGCG GGCCGTCGAA CGCAACGGCC 840  
 TACACCGGCT GGTCAATCCG CGAACCGGCA AGATCGTCGC GCGGATGCCC GCCGCCGAGC 900  
 TGTTGACGC CATCTGCAA GCCGCGCAGC CCGGTGGCGA TCCCGGGCTG GTGTTTCTCG 960  
 ACACGATCAA TAGGGCAAAC CCGGTGCCGG GGAGAGGCCG CATCGAGGCG ACCAACCCGT 1020  
 GCGGGGAGGT CCCACTGCTG CCTTACGAGT CATGTAATCT CGGCTCGATC AACCTCGCCC 1080  
 GGATGCTCGC CGACGGTCGC GTCGACTGGG ACCGGCTCGA GGAGGTCGCC GGTGTGGCGG 1140  
 TGCGGTTCTT TGATGACGTC ATCGATGTCA GCGCTACCC CTTCCCCGAA CTGGGTGAGG 1200  
 CGGCCCCGCG CACCCGCAAG ATCGGGCTGG GAGTCATGGG TTTGGCGGAA CTGCTTGCCG 1260  
 CACTGGGTAT TCCGTACGAC AGTGAAGAAG CCGTGCGGTT AGCCACCCGG CTCATGCGTC 1320  
 GCATACAGCA GGCGGCGCAC ACGGCATCGC GGAGGCTGGC CGAAGAGCGG GGCGCATTCC 1380  
 CGGCGTTCAC CGATAGCCGG TTCGCGCGGT CGGGCCCGAG GCGCAACGCA CAGGTCACCT 1440  
 CCGTCGCTCC GACGGGCA 1458

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:9:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 862 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:9:

ACGGTGTAAT CGTGCTGGAT CTGGAACCGC GTGGCCCGCT ACCTACCGAG ATCTACTGGC	60
GGCGCAGGGG GCTGGCCCTG GGCATCGCGG TCGTCGTAGT CGGGATCGCG GTGGCCATCG	120
TCATCGCCTT CGTCGACAGC AGCGCCGGTG CCAAACCGGT CAGCGCCGAC AAGCCGGCCT	180
CCGCCCAGAG CCATCCGGGC TCGCCGGCAC CCAAGCACC CCAGCCGGCC GGGCAAACCG	240
AAGGTAACGC CGCCGCGGCC CCGCCGAGG GCCAAAACCC CGAGACACCC ACGCCCACCG	300
CCGCGGTGCA GCCGCCGCCG GTGCTCAAGG AAGGGGACGA TTGCCCCGAT TCGACGCTGG	360
CCGTCAAAGG TTTGACCAAC GCGCCGAGT ACTACGTCGG CGACCAGCCG AAGTTCACCA	420
TGGTGGTCAC CAACATCGGC CTGGTGTCTT GTAAACGCGA CGTTGGGGCC GCGGTGTTGG	480
CCGCCTACGT TTA CTGCTG GACAACAAGC GGTTGTGGTC CAACCTGGAC TCGCGGCCCT	540
CGAATGAGAC GCTGGTCAAG ACGTTTTCCC CCGGTGAGCA GGTAACGACC GCGGTGACCT	600
GGACCGGGAT GGGATCGGCG CCGCGCTGCC CATTGCCGCG GCCGGCGATC GGGCCGGGCA	660
CCTACAATCT CGTGGTACAA CTGGGCAATC TCGCTCGCT GCCGGTTCCG TTCATCCTGA	720
ATCAGCCGCC GCCGCCGCC GGGCCGGTAC CCGCTCCGGG TCCAGCGCAG GCGCCTCCGC	780
CGGAGTCTCC CGCGCAAGGC GGATAATTAT TGATCGCTGA TGGTCGATTC CGCCAGCTGT	840
GACAACCCCT CGCCTCGTGC CG	862

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:10:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 622 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:10:

TTGATCAGCA	CCGGCAAGGC	GTCACATGCC	TCCCTGGGTG	TGCAGGTGAC	CAATGACAAA	60
GACACCCCGG	GCGCCAAGAT	CGTCGAAGTA	GTGGCCGGTG	GTGCTGCCGC	GAACGCTGGA	120
GTGCCGAAGG	GCGTCGTTGT	CACCAAGGTC	GACGACCGCC	CGATCAACAG	CGCGGACGCG	180
TTGGTTGCCG	CCGTGCGGTC	CAAAGCGCCG	GGCGCCACGG	TGGCGCTAAC	CTTTCAGGAT	240
CCCTCGGGCG	GTAGCCGCAC	AGTGCAAGTC	ACCCTCGGCA	AGGCGGAGCA	GTGATGAAGG	300
TCGCCGCGCA	GTGTTCAAAG	CTCGGATATA	CGGTGGCACC	CATGGAACAG	CGTGCGGAGT	360
TGGTGGTTGG	CCGGGCACTT	GTCGTCGTCTG	TTGACGATCG	CACGGCGCAC	GGCGATGAAG	420
ACCACAGCGG	GCCGCTTGTC	ACCGAGCTGC	TCACCGAGGC	CGGGTTTGTT	GTCGACGGCG	480
TGGTGGCGGT	GTCGGCCGAC	GAGGTCGAGA	TCCGAAATGC	GCTGAACACA	GCGGTGATCG	540
GCGGGGTGGA	CCTGGTGGTG	TCGGTCGGCG	GGACCGNGT	GACGNCTCGC	GATGTCACCC	600
CGGAAGCCAC	CCGNGACATT	CT				622

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:11:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1200 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:11:

GGCGCAGCGG TAAGCCTGTT GGCCGCCGGC AACTGGTGT TGACAGCATG CGGCGGTGGC 60

ACCAACAGCT CGTCGTCAGG CGCAGGCGGA ACGTCTGGGT CGGTGCACTG CGGCGGCAAG 120

AAGGAGCTCC ACTCCAGCGG CTCGACCGCA CAAGAAAATG CCATGGAGCA GTTCGTCTAT 180



(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:12:

(A) LENGTH: 1155 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:12:

GCAAGCAGCT	GCAGGTCGTG	CTGTTGACG	AACTGGGCAT	GCCGAAGACC	AAACGCACCA	60
AGACCGGCTA	CACCACGGAT	GCCGACGCG	TGCAGTCGTT	GTTGACAAG	ACCGGGCATC	120
CGTTTCTGCA	ACATCTGCTC	GCCCACCGCG	ACGTCACCCG	GCTCAAGGTC	ACCGTCGACG	180
GGTTGCTCCA	AGCGGTGGCC	GCCGACGGCC	GCATCCACAC	CACGTTCAAC	CAGACGATCG	240
CCGCGACCGG	CCGGCTCTCC	TCGACCGAAC	CCAACCTGCA	GAACATCCCG	ATCCGCACCG	300
ACGCGGGCCG	GCGGATCCGG	GACGCGTTCC	TGGTCGGGGA	CGGTTACGCC	GAGTTGATGA	360
CGGCCGACTA	CAGCCAGATC	GAGATGCGGA	TCATGGGGCA	CCTGTCCGGG	GACGAGGGCC	420
TCATCGAGGC	GTTCAACACC	GGGGAGGACC	TGTATTCGTT	CGTCGCGTCC	CGGGTGTTCC	480
GTGTGCCCAT	CGACGAGGTC	ACCGGCGAGT	TGCGGCGCCG	GGTCAAGGCG	ATGTCCTACG	540
GGCTGGTTTA	CGGGTTGAGC	GCCTACGGCC	TGTCGCAGCA	GTTGAAAATC	TCCACCGAGG	600
AAGCCAACGA	GCAGATGGAC	GCGTATTTCC	CCCGATTCCG	CGGGGTGCGC	GACTACCTGC	660
GCGCCGTAGT	CGAGCGGGCC	CGCAAGGACG	GCTACACCTC	GACGGTGCTG	GGCCGTCGCC	720
GCTACCTGCC	CGAGCTGGAC	AGCAGCAACC	GTCAAGTGCG	GGAGGCCGCC	GAGCGGGCGG	780
CGCTGAACGC	GCCGATCCAG	GGCAGCGCGG	CCGACATCAT	CAAGGTGGCC	ATGATCCAGG	840
TCGACAAGGC	GCTCAACGAG	GCACAGCTGG	CGTCGCGCAT	GCTGCTGCAG	GTCCACGACG	900
AGCTGCTGTT	CGAAATCGCC	CCCGGTGAAC	GCGAGCGGGT	CGAGGCCCTG	GTGCGCGACA	960
AGATGGGCGG	CGCTTACCCG	CTCGACGTCC	CGCTGGAGGT	GTCGGTGGGC	TACGGCCGCA	1020
GCTGGGACGC	GGCGGCGCAC	TGAGTGCCGA	GCGTGCATCT	GGGGCGGGAA	TTCGGCGATT	1080
TTTCCGCCCT	GAGTTCACGC	TCGGCGCAAT	CGGGACCGAG	TTTGTCCAGC	GTGTACCCGT	1140
CGAGTAGCCT	CGTCA					1155

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:13:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1771 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:13:

GAGCGCCGTC TGGTGTTTGA ACGGTTTTAC CGGTCGGCAT CGGCACGGGC GTTGCCGGGT 60  
 TCGGGCCTCG GGTGCGGAT CGTCAAACAG GTGGTGCTCA ACCACGGCGG ATTGCTGCGC 120  
 ATCGAAGACA CCGACCCAGG CGGCCAGCCC CCTGGAACGT CGATTACGT GCTGCTCCCC 180  
 GGCCGTCGGA TGCCGATTCC GCAGCTTCCC GGTGCGACGG CTGGCGCTCG GAGCACGGAC 240  
 ATCGAGAACT CTCGGGGTTC GGCGAACGTT ATCTCAGTGG AATCTCAGTC CACGCGCGCA 300  
 ACCTAGTTGT GCAGTTACTG TTGAAAGCCA CACCCATGCC AGTCCACGCA TGGCCAAGTT 360  
 GGCCCGAGTA GTGGGCCTAG TACAGGAAGA GCAACCTAGC GACATGACGA ATCACCACG 420  
 GTATTCGCCA CCGCCGCAGC AGCCGGGAAC CCCAGGTTAT GCTCAGGGGC AGCAGCAAAC 480  
 GTACAGCCAG CAGTTCGACT GGCGTTACCC ACCGTCCCCG CCCCCGCAGC CAACCCAGTA 540  
 CCGTCAACCC TACGAGGCGT TGGGTGGTAC CCGGCCGGGT CTGATACCTG GCGTGATTCC 600  
 GACCATGACG CCCCTCCTG GGATGGTTCG CCAACGCCCT CGTGCAGGCA TGTTGGCCAT 660  
 CGGCGCGGTG ACGATAGCGG TGGTGTCCGC CGGCATCGGC GGCGCGGCCG CATCCCTGGT 720  
 CGGGTTCAAC CGGGCACCCG CCGGCCCCAG CGGCGGCCCA GTGGCTGCCA GCGCGGCGCC 780  
 AAGCATCCCC GCAGCAAACA TGCCGCCGGG GTCGGTCGAA CAGGTGGCGG CCAAGGTGGT 840  
 GCCCAGTGTC GTCATGTTGG AAACCGATCT GGGCCGCCAG TCGGAGGAGG GCTCCGGCAT 900  
 CATTCTGTCT GCCGAGGGGC TGATCTTGAC CAACAACCAC GTGATCGCGG CGGCCGCCAA 960

GCCTCCCCTG GGCAGTCCGC CGCCGAAAAC GACGGTAACC TTCTCTGACG GGCGGACCGC 1020  
 ACCCTTCACG GTGGTGGGGG CTGACCCAC CAGTGATATC GCCGTCGTCC GTGTTCAGGG 1080  
 CGTCTCCGGG CTCACCCGA TCTCCCTGGG TTCCTCCTCG GACCTGAGGG TCGGTCAGCC 1140  
 GGTGCTGGCG ATCGGGTCGC CGCTCGGTTT GGAGGGCACC GTGACCACGG GGATCGTCAG 1200  
 CGCTCTCAAC CGTCCAGTGT CGACGACCGG CGAGGCCGGC AACCAGAACA CCGTGCTGGA 1260  
 CGCCATTCAG ACCGACGCCG CGATCAACCC CGGTAACCTC GGGGGCGCGC TGGTGAACAT 1320  
 GAACGCTCAA CTCGTCGGAG TCAACTCGGC CATTGCCACG CTGGGCGCGG ACTCAGCCGA 1380  
 TGC GCAGAGC GGCTCGATCG GTCTCGGTTT TGCATTCCA GTCGACCAGG CCAAGCGCAT 1440  
 CGCCGACGAG TTGATCAGCA CCGGCAAGGC GTCACATGCC TCCCTGGGTG TGCAGGTGAC 1500  
 CAATGACAAA GACACCCCGG GCGCCAAGAT CGTCGAAGTA GTGGCCGGTG GTGCTGCCGC 1560  
 GAACGCTGGA GTGCCGAAGG GCGTCGTTGT CACCAAGGTC GACGACCGCC CGATCAACAG 1620  
 CGCGGACGCG TTGGTTGCCG CCGTGCGGTC CAAAGCGCCG GGCGCCACGG TGGCGCTAAC 1680  
 CTTTCAGGAT CCCTCGGGCG GTAGCCGCAC AGTGCAAGTC ACCCTCGGCA AGGCGGAGCA 1740  
 GTGATGAAGG TCGCCGCGCA GTGTTCAAAG C 1771

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:14:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1058 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:14:

CTCCACCGCG GTGGCGGCCG CTCTAGAACT AGTGGATCCC CCGGGCTGCA GGAATTCGGC 60  
 ACGAGGATCC GACGTCGACG GTTGTCGAAC CCGCCGCCGC GGAAGTATCG GTCCATGCCT 120

AGCCCGGCGA CGGCGAGCGC CGGAATGGCG CGAGTGAGGA GGCGGGCAAT TTGGCGGGGC 180  
 CCGGCGACGG CGAGCGCCGG AATGGCGCGA GTGAGGAGGC GGGCAGTCAT GCCCAGCGTG 240  
 ATCCAATCAA CCTGCATTCG GCCTGCGGGC CCATTTGACA ATCGAGGTAG TGAGCGCAAA 300  
 TGAATGATGG AAAACGGGCG GTGACGTCCG CTGTTCTGGT GGTGCTAGGT GCCTGCCTGG 360  
 CGTTGTGGCT ATCAGGATGT TCTTCGCCGA AACCTGATGC CGAGGAACAG GGTGTTCCCG 420  
 TGAGCCCGAC GGC GTCCGAC CCCGCGCTCC TCGCCGAGAT CAGGCAGTCG CTTGATGCGA 480  
 CAAAAGGGTT GACCAGCGTG CACGTAGCGG TCCGAACAAC CGGGAAAGTC GACAGCTTGC 540  
 TGGGTATTAC CAGTGCCGAT GTCGACGTCC GGGCCAATCC GCTCGCGGCA AAGGGCGTAT 600  
 GCACCTACAA CGACGAGCAG GGTGTCCCGT TTCGGGTACA AGGCGACAAC ATCTCGGTGA 660  
 AACTGTTTCA CGACTGGAGC AATCTCGGCT CGATTTCTGA ACTGTCAACT TCACGCGTGC 720  
 TCGATCCTGC CGCTGGGGTG ACGCAGCTGC TGTCCGGTGT CACGAACCTC CAAGCGCAAG 780  
 GTACCGAAGT GATAGACGGA ATTTGACCA CCAAATCAC CGGGACCATC CCCGCGAGCT 840  
 CTGTCAAGAT GCTTGATCCT GGCGCCAAGA GTGCAAGGCC GGCGACCGTG TGGATTGCCC 900  
 AGGACGGCTC GCACCACCTC GTCCGAGCGA GCATCGACCT CGGATCCGGG TCGATTCAGC 960  
 TCACGCAGTC GAAATGGAAC GAACCGTCA ACGTCGACTA GGCCGAAGTT GCGTCGACGC 1020  
 GTTGNTCGAA ACGCCCTTGT GAACGGTGTC AACGGNAC 1058

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:15:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 542 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:15:

GAATTCGGCA CGAGAGGTGA TCGACATCAT CGGGACCAGC CCCACATCCT GGAACAGGC 60  
GGCGGCGGAG GCGGTCCAGC GGGCGCGGGA TAGCGTCGAT GACATCCGCG TCGCTCGGGT 120  
CATTGAGCAG GACATGGCCG TGGACAGCGC CGGCAAGATC ACCTACCGCA TCAAGCTCGA 180  
AGTGTCTGTT AAGATGAGGC CGGCGCAACC GCGCTAGCAC GGGCCGGCGA GCAAGACGCA 240  
AAATCGCACG GTTTGCGGTT GATTCGTGCG ATTTTGTGTC TGCTCGCCGA GGCCTACCAG 300  
GCGCGGCCCA GGTCCGCGTG CTGCCGTATC CAGGCGTGCA TCGCGATTCC GGC GGCCACG 360  
CCGGAGTTAA TGCTTCGCGT CGACCCGAAC TGGGCGATCC GCCGGNGAGC TGATCGATGA 420  
CCGTGGCCAG CCCGTGATG CCCGAGTTGC CCGAGGAAAC GTGCTGCCAG GCCGGTAGGA 480  
AGCGTCCGTA GGC GGCGGTG CTGACCGGCT CTGCCTGCGC CCTCAGTGCG GCCAGCGAGC 540  
GG 542

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:16:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 913 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:16:

CGGTGCCGCC CGCGCCTCCG TTGCCCCCAT TGCCGCCGTC GCCGATCAGC TGCGCATCGC 60  
CACCATCACC GCCTTTGCCG CCGGCACCGC CGGTGGCGCC GGGGCCGCCG ATGCCACCGC 120  
TTGACCCTGG CCGCCGGCGC CGCCATTGCC ATACAGCACC CCGCCGGGGG CACCGTTACC 180  
GCCGTCGCCA CCGTCGCCGC CGCTGCCGTT TCAGGCCGGG GAGGCCGAAT GAACCGCCGC 240  
CAAGCCCCGC GCCGGCACCG TTGCCGCCTT TTCCGCCCGC CCGCCGGCG CCGCCAATTG 300

CCGAACAGCC AMGCACCGTT GCCGCCAGCC CCGCCGCCGT TAACGGCGCT GCCGGGCGCC 360  
 GCCGCCGGAC CCGCCATTAC CGCCGTTCCC GTTCGGTGCC CCGCCGTTAC CGGCGCCGCC 420  
 GTTTGCCGCC AATATTCGGC GGGCACC GCC AGACCCGCC GGGCCACCAT TGCCGCCGGG 480  
 CACCGAAACA ACAGCCCAAC GGTGCCGCCG GCCCCGCCGT TTGCCGCCAT CACCGGCCAT 540  
 TCACCGCCAG CACCGCCGTT AATGTTTATG AACCCGGTAC CGCCAGCGCG GCCCCTATTG 600  
 CCGGGCGCCG GAGNGCGTGC CCGCCGGCGC CGCCAACGCC CAAAAGCCCG GGGTTGCCAC 660  
 CGGCCCCGCC GGACCCACCG GTCCCGCCGA TCCCCCGTT GCCGCCGGTG CCGCCGCCAT 720  
 TGGTGCTGCT GAAGCCGTTA GCGCCGGTTC CGCSGGTTCC GGC GGTTGGCG CCNTGGCCGC 780  
 CGGCCCCGCC GTTGCCGTAC AGCCACCCCC CGGTGGCGCC GTTGCCGCCA TTGCCGCCAT 840  
 TGCCGCCGTT GCCGCCATTG CCGCCGTTCC CGCCGCCACC GCCGGNTTGG CCGCCGGCGC 900  
 CGCCGGCGGC CGC 913

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:17:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1872 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:17:

GACTACGTTG GTGTAGAAAA ATCCTGCCGC CCGGACCCTT AAGGCTGGGA CAATTTCTGA 60  
 TAGCTACCCC GACACAGGAG GTTACGGGAT GAGCAATTCG CGCCGCCGCT CACTCAGGTG 120  
 GTCATGGTTG CTGAGCGTGC TGGCTGCCGT CGGGCTGGGC CTGGCCACGG CGCCGGCCCA 180  
 GGCGGCCCCG CCGGCCTTGT CGCAGGACCG GTTCGCCGAC TTCCCCGCGC TGCCCCCTCGA 240

CCCGTCCGCG ATGGTCGCCC AAGTGGCGCC ACAGGTGGTC AACATCAACA CCAAACCTGGG 300  
 CTACAACAAC GCCGTGGGCG CCGGGACCGG CATCGTCATC GATCCCAACG GTGTCGTGCT 360  
 GACCAACAAC CACGTGATCG CCGGGCGCCAC CGACATCAAT GCGTTCAGCG TCGGCTCCGG 420  
 CCAAACCTAC GGCGTGATG TGGTCGGGTA TGACCGCACC CAGGATGTCG CGGTGCTGCA 480  
 GCTGCGCGGT GCCGGTGGCC TGCCGTCCGC GCGATCGGT GCGGGCGTCG CGGTTGGTGA 540  
 GCCCGTCGTC GCGATGGGCA ACAGCGGTGG GCAGGGCGGA ACGCCCCGTG CGGTGCCTGG 600  
 CAGGGTGGTC GCGCTCGGCC AAACCGTGCA GCGTCGGAT TCGCTGACCG GTGCCGAAGA 660  
 GACATTGAAC GGGTTGATCC AGTTCGATGC CGCAATCCAG CCCGGTGATT CCGGCGGGCC 720  
 CGTCGTCAAC GGCCTAGGAC AGGTGGTCGG TATGAACACG GCCGCGTCCG ATAACCTCCA 780  
 GCTGTCCCAG GGTGGGACAG GATTCGCCAT TCCGATCGGG CAGGCGATGG CGATCGCGGG 840  
 CCAAATCCGA TCGGGTGGGG GGTACCCAC CGTTCATATC GGGCCTACCG CCTTCCTCGG 900  
 CTTGGGTGTT GTCGACAACA ACGGCAACGG CGCACGAGTC CAACGCGTGG TCGGAAGCGC 960  
 TCCGGCGGCA AGTCTCGGCA TCTCCACCGG CGACGTGATC ACCGCGGTGCG ACGGCGCTCC 1020  
 GATCAACTCG GCCACCGCGA TGGCGGACGC GCTTAACGGG CATCATCCCG GTGACGTCAT 1080  
 CTCGGTGAAC TGGCAAACCA AGTCGGGCGG CACGCGTACA GGGAACGTGA CATTGGCCGA 1140  
 GGGACCCCCG GCCTGATTG TCGCGGATAC CACCCGCCGG CCGGCCAATT GGATTGGCGC 1200  
 CAGCCGTGAT TGCCGCGTGA GCCCCGAGT TCCGTCTCCC GTGCGCGTGG CATTGTGGAA 1260  
 GCAATGAACG AGGCAGAACA CAGCGTTGAG CACCCTCCCG TGCAGGGCAG TTACGTCGAA 1320  
 GGCGGTGTGG TCGAGCATCC GGATGCCAAG GACTTCGGCA GCGCCGCCGC CCTGCCCCGC 1380  
 GATCCGACCT GGTTTAAGCA CGCCGTCTTC TACGAGGTGC TGGTCCGGGC GTTCTTCGAC 1440  
 GCCAGCGCGG ACGGTTCCGN CATCTGCGT GGAATCATCG ATCGCCTCGA CTACCTGCAG 1500  
 TGGCTTGGCA TCGACTGCAT CTGTTGCCGC CGTTCCTACG ACTACCGCT GCGCGACGGC 1560  
 GGTTACGACA TTCGCGACTT CTACAAGGTG CTGCCCCAAT TCGGCACCGT CGACGATTTC 1620



(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:18:

(A) LENGTH: 1482 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:18:

CTTCGCCGAA	ACCTGATGCC	GAGGAACAGG	GTGTTCCCGT	GAGCCCGACG	GCGTCCGACC	60
CCGCGCTCCT	CGCCGAGATC	AGGCAGTCGC	TTGATGCGAC	AAAAGGGTTG	ACCAGCGTGC	120
ACGTAGCGGT	CCGAACAACC	GGGAAAGTCG	ACAGCTTGCT	GGGTATTACC	AGTGCCGATG	180
TCGACGTCCG	GGCCAATCCG	CTCGCGGCAA	AGGGCGTATG	CACCTACAAC	GACGAGCAGG	240
GTGTCCCGTT	TCGGGTACAA	GGCGACAACA	TCTCGGTGAA	ACTGTTTCGAC	GACTGGAGCA	300
ATCTCGGCTC	GATTTCTGAA	CTGTCAACTT	CACGCGTGCT	CGATCCTGCC	GCTGGGGTGA	360
CGCAGCTGCT	GTCCGGTGTC	ACGAACCTCC	AAGCGCAAGG	TACCGAAGTG	ATAGACGGAA	420
TTTCGACCAC	CAAATCACC	GGGACCATCC	CCGCGAGCTC	TGTCAAGATG	CTTGATCCTG	480
GCGCCAAGAG	TGCAAGGCCG	GCGACCGTGT	GGATTGCCCA	GGACGGCTCG	CACCACCTCG	540
TCCGAGCGAG	CATCGACCTC	GGATCCGGGT	CGATTGAGCT	CACGCAGTCG	AAATGGAACG	600

AACCCGTCAA CGTCGACTAG GCCGAAGTTG CGTCGACGCG TTGCTCGAAA CGCCCTTGTG 660  
 AACGGTGTCA ACGGCACCCG AAAACTGACC CCCTGACGGC ATCTGAAAAT TGACCCCTA 720  
 GACCGGGCGG TTGGTGGTTA TTCTTCGGTG GTTCCGGCTG GTGGGACGCG GCCGAGGTCG 780  
 CGGTCTTTGA GCCGGTAGCT GTCGCCTTTG AGGGCGACGA CTTCAGCATG GTGGACGAGG 840  
 CGGTCGATCA TGGCGGCAGC AACGACGTCG TCGCCGCCGA AAACCTCGCC CCACCGGCCG 900  
 AAGGCCTTAT TGGACGTGAC GATCAAGCTG GCCCGCTCAT ACCGGGAGGA CACCAGCTGG 960  
 AAGAAGAGGT TGGCGGCCTC GGGCTCAAAC GGAATGTAAC CGACTTCGTC AACCACCAGG 1020  
 AGCGGATAGC GGCCAAACCG GGTGAGTTCG GCGTAGATGC GCCCGGCGTG GTGAGCCTCG 1080  
 GCGAACCGTG CTACCCATTC GGC GGCGGTG GCGAACAGCA CCCGATGACC GGCCTGACAC 1140  
 GCGCGTATCG CCAGGCCGAC CGCAAGATGA GTCTTCCCGG TGCCAGGCGG GGCCCAAAAA 1200  
 CACGACGTTA TCGCGGGCGG TGATGAAATC CAGGGTGCCC AGATGTGCGA TGGTGTGCGG 1260  
 TTTGAGGCCA CGAGCATGCT CAAAGTCGAA CTCTTCCAAC GACTTCCGAA CCGGGAAGCG 1320  
 GGCGGCGCGG ATGCGGCCCT CACCACCATG GGACTCCCGG GCTGACACTT CCCGCTGCAG 1380  
 GCAGGCGGCC AGGTATTCTT CGTGGCTCCA GTTCTCGGCG CGGGCGCGAT CGGCCAGCCG 1440  
 GGACACTGAC TCACGCAGGG TGGGAGCTTT CAATGCTCTT GT 1482

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:19:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 876 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:19:

GAATTCGGCA CGAGCCGGCG ATAGCTTCTG GGCCGCGGCC GACCAGATGG CTCGAGGGTT 60

CGTGCTCGGG GCCACCGCCG GCGCACCAC CCTGACCGGT GAGGGCCTGC AACACGCCGA 120  
 CGGTCACTCG TTGCTGCTGG ACGCCACCAA CCCGGCGGTG GTTGCCTACG ACCCGGCCTT 180  
 CGCCTACGAA ATCGGCTACA TCGNGGAAAG CGGACTGGCC AGGATGTGCG GGGAGAACCC 240  
 GGAGAACATC TTCTTCTACA TCACCGTCTA CAACGAGCCG TACGTGCAGC CGCCGGAGCC 300  
 GGAGAACTTC GATCCCGAGG GCGTGCTGGG GGGTATCTAC CGNTATCACG CGGCCACCGA 360  
 GCAACGCACC AACAAGGNGC AGATCCTGGC CTCCGGGGTA GCGATGCCCG CGGCGCTGCG 420  
 GGCAGCACAG ATGCTGGCCG CCGAGTGGGA TGTCGCCGCC GACGTGTGGT CGGTGACCAG 480  
 TTGGGGCGAG CTAAACCGCG ACGGGGTGGT CATCGAGACC GAGAAGCTCC GCCACCCCGA 540  
 TCGGCCGGCG GCGTGCCCT ACGTGACGAG AGCGCTGGAG AATGCTCGGG GCCCGGTGAT 600  
 CGCGGTGTCG GACTGGATGC GCGCGGTCCC CGAGCAGATC CGACCGTGGG TGCCGGGCAC 660  
 ATACCTCACG TTGGGCACCG ACGGGTTCGG TTTTTCGAC ACTCGGCCCG CCGGTCGTGCG 720  
 TTAATTCAAC ACCGACGCCG AATCCCAGGT TGGTCGCGGT TTTGGGAGGG GTTGGCCGGG 780  
 TCGACGGGTG AATATCGACC CATTCGGTGC CGGTCGTGGG CCGCCCGCCC AGTTACCCGG 840  
 ATTCGACGAA GGTGGGGGGT TCGCCCCGAN TAAGTT 876

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:20:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1021 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:20:

ATCCCCCGG GCTGCAGGAA TTCGGCACGA GAGACAAAAT TCCACGCGTT AATGCAGGAA 60

CAGATTCATA ACGAATTCAC AGCGGCACAA CAATATGTCG CGATCGCGGT TTATTTTCGAC 120  
 AGCGAAGACC TGCCGCAGTT GGCGAAGCAT TTTTACAGCC AAGCGGTCGA GGAACGAAAC 180  
 CATGCAATGA TGCTCGTGCA ACACCTGCTC GACCGCGACC TTCGTGTCGA AATTCCCGGC 240  
 GTAGACACGG TGCGAAACCA GTTCGACAGA CCCC GCGAGG CACTGGCGCT GCGGCTCGAT 300  
 CAGGAACGCA CAGTCACCGA CCAGGTCCGT CGGCTGACAG CGGTGGCCCG CGACGAGGGC 360  
 GATTTCTCG GCGAGCAGTT CATGCAGTGG TTCTTGACAG AACAGATCGA AGAGGTGGCC 420  
 TTGATGGCAA CCCTGGTGCG GGTGCGCAT CGGGCCGGGG CCAACCTGTT CGAGCTAGAG 480  
 AACTTCGTCG CACGTGAAGT GGATGTGGCG CCGGCCGCAT CAGGCGCCCC GCACGCTGCC 540  
 GGGGGCCGCC TCTAGATCCC TGGGGGGGAT CAGCGAGTGG TCCCGTTCGC CCGCCCGTCT 600  
 TCCAGCCAGG CCTTGGTGCG GCCGGGGTGG TGAGTACCAA TCCAGGCCAC CCGACCTCC 660  
 CGGNAAAAGT CGATGTCCTC GTACTCATCG ACGTTCCAGG AGTACACCGC CCGGCCCTGA 720  
 GCTGCCGAGC GGTCAACGAG TTGCGGATAT TCCTTTAACG CAGGCAGTGA GGGTCCCACG 780  
 GCGGTTGGCC CGACCGCCGT GGCCGCACTG CTGGTCAGGT ATCGGGGGGT CTTGGCGAGC 840  
 AACAACGTCG GCAGGAGGGG TGGAGCCCGC CGGATCCGCA GACCGGGGGG GCGAAAACGA 900  
 CATCAACACC GCACGGGATC GATCTGCGGA GGGGGGTGCG GGAATACCGA ACCGGTGTAG 960  
 GAGCGCCAGC AGTTGTTTTT CCACCAGCGA AGCGTTTTTCG GGTCATCGGN GGCNNTTAAG 1020  
 T 1021

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:21:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 321 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:21:

CGTGCCGACG AACGGAAGAA CACAACCATG AAGATGGTGA AATCGATCGC CGCAGGTCTG	60
ACCGCCGCGG CTGCAATCGG CGCCGCTGCG GCCGGTGTGA CTTCGATCAT GGCTGGCGGN	120
CCGGTCGTAT ACCAGATGCA GCCGGTCGTC TTCGGCGCGC CACTGCCGTT GGACCCGGNA	180
TCCGCCCTG ANGTCCCGAC CGCCGCCAG TGGACCAGNC TGCTCAACAG NCTCGNCGAT	240
CCCAACGTGT CGTTTGNGAA CAAGGGNAGT CTGGTCGAGG GNGGNATCGG NGGNANCGAG	300
GGNGNGNATC GNCGANACA A	321

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:22:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 373 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:22:

TCTTATCGGT TCCGTTGGC GACGGGTTTT GGGNGCGGGT GGTAAACCCG CTCGGCCAGC	60
CGATCGACGG GCGCGGAGAC GTCGACTCCG ATACTCGGCG CGCGCTGGAG CTCCAGGCGC	120
CCTCGGTGGT GNACCGGCAA GGC GTGAAGG AGCCGTTGNA GACCGGGATC AAGGCGATTG	180
ACGCGATGAC CCCGATCGGC CGCGGGCAGC GCCAGCTGAT CATCGGGGAC CGCAAGACCG	240
GCAAAAACCG CCGTCTGTGT CGGACACCAT CCTCAAACCA GCGGGAAGAA CTGGGAGTCC	300
GGTGGATCCC AAGAAGCAGG TGCCTTGTG TATACGTTGG CCATCGGGCA AGAAGGGGAA	360
CTTACCATCG CCG	373

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:23:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 352 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:23:

GTGACGCCGT GATGGGATTC CTGGGCGGGG CCGGTCCGCT GGCGGTGGTG GATCAGCAAC	60
TGGTTACCCG GGTGCCGCAA GGCTGGTCGT TTGCTCAGGC AGCCGCTGTG CCGGTGGTGT	120
TCTTGACGGC CTGGTACGGG TTGGCCGATT TAGCCGAGAT CAAGGCGGGC GAATCGGTGC	180
TGATCCATGC CCGTACCGGC GGTGTGGGCA TGGCGGCTGT GCAGCTGGCT CGCCAGTGGG	240
GCGTGGAGGT TTTCGTCACC GCCAGCCGTG GNAAGTGGGA CACGCTGCGC GCCATNGNGT	300
TTGACGACGA NCCATATCGG NGATTCCNC ACATNCGAAG TTCCGANGGA GA	352

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:24:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 726 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:24:

GAAATCCGCG TTCATTCCGT TCGACCAGCG GCTGGCGATA ATCGACGAAG TGATCAAGCC	60
GCGGTTGCGG GCGCTCATGG GTCACAGCGA GTAATCAGCA AGTTCTCTGG TATATCGCAC	120
CTAGCGTCCA GTTGCTTGCC AGATCGCTTT CGTACCGTCA TCGCATGTAC CGGTTCGCGT	180
GCCGCACGCT CATGCTGGCG GCGTGCATCC TGGCCACGGG TGTGGCGGGT CTCGGGGTCG	240

GCGCGCAGTC CGCAGCCCAA ACCGCGCCGG TGCCCGACTA CTACTGGTGC CCGGGGCAGC 300  
 CTTTCGACCC CGCATGGGGG CCCAACTGGG ATCCCTACAC CTGCCATGAC GACTTCCACC 360  
 GCGACAGCGA CGGCCCCGAC CACAGCCGCG ACTACCCCGG ACCCATCCTC GAAGGTCCCG 420  
 TGCTTGACGA TCCCGGTGCT GCGCCGCCGC CCCCGGCTGC CGGTGGCGGC GCATAGCGCT 480  
 CGTTGACCGG GCCGCATCAG CGAATACGCG TATAAACCCG GGCCTGCCCC CGGCAAGCTA 540  
 CGACCCCCGG CGGGGCAGAT TTACGCTCCC GTGCCGATGG ATCGCGCCGT CCGATGACAG 600  
 AAAATAGGCG ACGGTTTTGG CAACCGCTTG GAGGACGCTT GAAGGGAACC TGTCATGAAC 660  
 GGCGACAGCG CCTCCACCAT CGACATCGAC AAGGTTGTTA CCCGCACACC CGTTCGCCGG 720  
 ATCGTG 726

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:25:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 580 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:25:

CGCGACGACG ACGAACGTCG GGCCACCAC CGCCTATGCG TTGATGCAGG CGACCGGGAT 60  
 GGTCGCCGAC CATATCCAAG CATGCTGGGT GCCCACTGAG CGACCTTTTG ACCAGCCGGG 120  
 CTGCCCCGATG GCGGCCCGGT GAAGTCATTG CGCCGGGGCT TGTGCACCTG ATGAACCCGA 180  
 ATAGGGAACA ATAGGGGGGT GATTTGGCAG TTCAATGTCG GGTATGGCTG GAAATCCAAT 240  
 GGCGGGGCAT GCTCGGCGCC GACCAGGCTC GCGCAGGCGG GCCAGCCCGA ATCTGGAGGG 300  
 AGCACTCAAT GGCGGCGATG AAGCCCCGGA CCGGCGACGG TCCTTTGGAA GCAACTAAGG 360

AGGGGCGCGG CATTGTGATG CGAGTACCAC TTGAGGGTGG CGGTCGCCTG GTCGTGAGC 420  
 TGACACCCGA CGAAGCCGCC GCACTGGGTG ACGAACTCAA AGGCGTTACT AGCTAAGACC 480  
 AGCCCAACGG CGAATGGTCG GCGTTACGCG CACACCTTCC GGTAGATGTC CAGTGTCTGC 540  
 TCGGCGATGT ATGCCAGGA GAACTCTTGG ATACAGCGCT 580

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:26:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 160 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:26:

AACGGAGGCG CCGGGGGTTT TGGCGGGGCC GGGGCGGTGCG GCGGCAACGG CGGGGCCGGC 60  
 GGTACCGCCG GGTGTTCGG TGTCGGCGGG GCCGGTGGGG CCGGAGGCAA CGGCATCGCC 120  
 GGTGTCACGG GTACGTCGGC CAGCACACCG GGTGGATCCG 160

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:27:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 272 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:27:

GACACCGATA CGATGGTGAT GTACCCAAC GTTGTGACA CGCTCGAGGC GTTCACGATC 60  
 CAGCGCACAC CCGACGGCGT GACCATCGGC GATGCGGCCC CGTTCGCGGA GCGGGCTGCC 120



AAGGCGATGG GAATCGACAA GCTGCGGGTA ATTCATACCG GAATGGACCC CGTCGTCGCT 180  
 GAACGCGAAC AGTGGGACGA CGGCAACAAC ACGTTGGCGT TGGCGCCCGG TGTCGTTGTC 240  
 GCCTACGAGC GCAACGTACA GACCAACGCC CG 272

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:28:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 317 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:28:

GCAGCCGGTG GTTCTCGGAC TATCTGCGCA CGGTGACGCA GCGCGACGTG CGCGAGCTGA 60  
 AGCGGATCGA GCAGACGGAT CGCCTGCCGC GGTTTCATGCG CTACCTGGCC GCTATCACCG 120  
 CGCAGGAGCT GAACGTGGCC GAAGCGGCGC GGGTCATCGG GGTGACGCG GGGACGATCC 180  
 GTTCGGATCT GGCCTGGTTC GAGACGGTCT ATCTGGTACA TCGCCTGCCC GCCTGGTCGC 240  
 GGAATCTGAC CGCGAAGATC AAGAAGCGGT CAAAGATCCA CGTCGTCGAC AGTGGCTTCG 300  
 CGGCCTGGTT GCGCGGG 317

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:29:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 182 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:29:

GATCGTGGAG CTGTGATGA ACAGCGTTGC CGGACGCGCG GCGGCCAGCA CGTCGGTGTA	60
GCAGCGCCGG ACCACCTCGC CGGTGGGAG CATGGTGATG ACCACGTCGG CCTCGGCCAC	120
C&CTTCGGGC GCGCTACGAA ACACGCGAC ACCGTGCGCG GCGGCGCCGG ACGCCGCCGT	180
GG	182

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:30:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 308 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:30:

GATCGCGAAG TTTGGTGAGC AGGTGGTCGA CGCGAAAGTC TGGGCGCCTG CGAAGCGGGT	60
CGGCGTTCAC GAGGCGAAGA CACGCCTGTC CGAGCTGCTG CGGCTCGTCT ACGGCGGGCA	120
GAGGTTGAGA TTGCCC GCCG CGGCGAGCCG GTAGCAAAGC TTGTGCCGCT GCATCCTCAT	180
GAGACTCGGC GGTTAGGCAT TGACCATGGC GTGTACCGCG TGCCCGACGA TTTGGACGCT	240
CCGTTGTCAG ACGACGTGCT CGAACGCTTT CACCGGTGAA GCGCTACCTC ATCGACACCC	300
ACGTTTGG	308

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:31:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 267 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:31:

CCGACGACGA GCAACTCACG TGGATGATGG TCGGCAGCGG CATTGAGGAC GGAGAGAATC	60
CGGCCGAAGC TGCCGCGCGG CAAGTGCTCA TAGTGACCGG CCGTAGAGGG CTCCCCCGAT	120
GGCACCGGAC TATTCTGGTG TGCCGCTGGC CGGTAAGAGC GGGTAAAAGA ATGTGAGGGG	180
ACACGATGAG CAATCACACC TACCGAGTGA TCGAGATCGT CGGGACCTCG CCCGACGGCG	240
TCGACGCGGC AATCCAGGGC GGTCTGG	267

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:32:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1539 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:32:

CTCGTGCCGA AAGAATGTGA GGGGACACGA TGAGCAATCA CACCTACCGA GTGATCGAGA	60
TCGTGCGGAC CTCGCCCCGAC GGCCTCGACG CGGCAATCCA GGGCGGTCTG GCCCGAGCTG	120
CGCAGACCAT GCGCGCGCTG GACTGGTTCG AAGTACAGTC AATTCGAGGC CACCTGGTCG	180
ACGGAGCGGT CGCGCACTTC CAGGTGACTA TGAAAGTCGG CTTCCGCTGG AGGATTCCTG	240
AACCTTCAAG CGCGGCCGAT AACTGAGGTG CATCATTAAG CGACTTTTCC AGAACATCCT	300
GACGCGCTCG AAACGCGGTT CAGCCGACGG TGGCTCCGCC GAGGCGCTGC CTCCAAAATC	360
CCTGCGACAA TTCGTGCGCG GCGCCTACAA GGAAGTCGGT GCTGAATTCG TCGGGTATCT	420
GGTCGACCTG TGTGGGCTGC AGCCGGACGA AGCGGTGCTC GACGTCGGCT GCGGCTCGGG	480
GCGGATGGCG TTGCCGCTCA CCGGCTATCT GAACAGCGAG GGACGCTACG CCGGCTTCGA	540

TATCTCGCAG AAAGCCATCG CGTGGTGCCA GGAGCACATC ACCTCGGCGC ACCCCAAC TT	600
CCAGTTCGAG GTCTCCGACA TCTACAACTC GCTGTACAAC CCGAAAGGGA AATACCAGTC	660
ACTAGACTTT CGCTTTCCAT ATCCGGATGC GTCGTTGAT GTGGTGTTTC TTACCTCGGT	720
GTTCACCCAC ATGTTTCCGC CGGACGTGGA GCACTATCTG GACGAGATCT CCCGCGTGCT	780
GAAGCCCGGC GGACGATGCC TGTGCACGTA CTTCTTGCTC AATGACGAGT CGTTAGCCCA	840
CATCGCGGAA GGAAAGAGTG CGCACAACTT CCAGCATGAG GGACCGGGTT ATCGGACAAT	900
CCACAAGAAG CGGCCCGAAG AAGCAATCGG CTTGCCGGAG ACCTTCGTCA GGGATGTCTA	960
TGGCAAGTTC GGCCTCGCCG TGCACGAACC ATTGCACTAC GGCTCATGGA GTGGCCGGGA	1020
ACCACGCCTA AGCTTCCAGG ACATCGTCAT CGCGACCAAA ACCGCGAGCT AGGTCGGCAT	1080
CCGGGAAGCA TCGCGACACC GTGGCGCCGA GCGCCGCTGC CGGCAGGCCG ATTAGGCGGG	1140
CAGATTAGCC CGCCGCGGCT CCCGGCTCCG AGTACGGCGC CCCGAATGGC GTCACCGGCT	1200
GGTAACCACG CTTGCGCGCC TGGGCGGCGG CCTGCCGGAT CAGGTGGTAG ATGCCGACAA	1260
AGCCTGCGTG ATCGGTCATC ACCAACGGTG ACAGCAGCCG GTTGTGCACC AGCGCGAACG	1320
CCACCCCGGT CTCCGGGTCT GTCCAGCCGA TCGAGCCGCC CAAGCCCACA TGACCAAACC	1380
CCGGCATCAC GTTGCCGATC GGCATACCGT GATAGCCAAG ATGAAAATTT AAGGGCACCA	1440
ATAGATTTTCG ATCCGGCAGA ACTTGCCGTC GGTTGCGGGT CAGGCCCCGTG ACCAGCTCCC	1500
GCGACAAGAA CCGTATGCCG TCGATCTCGC CTCGTGCCG	1539

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:33:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 851 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:33:

CTGCAGGGTG GCGTGGATGA GCGTCACCGC GGGGCAGGCC GAGCTGACCG CCGCCCAGGT 60  
 CCGGGTTGCT GCGGCGGCCT ACGAGACGGC GTATGGGCTG ACGGTGCCCC CGCCGGTGAT 120  
 CGCCGAGAAC CGTGCTGAAC TGATGATTCT GATAGCGACC AACCTCTTGG GGCAAAACAC 180  
 CCCGGCGATC GCGGTCAACG AGGCCGAATA CGGCGAGATG TGGGCCCAAG ACGCCGCCGC 240  
 GATGTTTGGC TACGCCGCGG CGACGGCGAC GGCACGGCG ACGTTGCTGC CGTTCGAGGA 300  
 GGCGCCGGAG ATGACCAGCG CGGGTGGGCT CCTCGAGCAG GCCGCCGCGG TCGAGGAGGC 360  
 CTCCGACACC GCCGCGGCGA ACCAGTTGAT GAACAATGTG CCCAGGCGC TGAAACAGTT 420  
 GGCCCAGCCC ACGCAGGGCA CCACGCCTTC TTCCAAGCTG GGTGGCCTGT GGAAGACGGT 480  
 CTCGCCGCAT CGGTCGCCGA TCAGCAACAT GGTGTCGATG GCCAACAACC ACATGTCGAT 540  
 GACCAACTCG GGTGTGTCGA TGACCAACAC CTTGAGCTCG ATGTTGAAGG GCTTTGCTCC 600  
 GGCGGCGGCC GCCCAGGCCG TGCAAACCGC GGCGCAAAAC GGGGTCCGGG CGATGAGCTC 660  
 GCTGGGCAGC TCGCTGGGTT CTTGCGGTCT GGGCGGTGGG GTGGCCGCCA ACTTGGGTCTG 720  
 GGCGGCCTCG GTACGGTATG GTCACCGGGA TGGCGGAAAA TATGCANAGT CTGGTCGGCG 780  
 GAACGGTGGT CCGGCGTAAG GTTTACCCCC GTTTTCTGGA TGCGGTGAAC TTCGTCAACG 840  
 GAAACAGTTA C 851

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:34:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 254 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:34:

GATCGATCGG GCGGAAATTT GGACCAGATT CGCCTCCGGC GATAACCCAA TCAATCGAAC	60
CTAGATTTAT TCCGTCCAGG GGCCCGAGTA ATGGCTCGCA GGAGAGGAAC CTTACTGCTG	120
CGGGCACCTG TCGTAGGTCC TCGATACGGC GGAAGGCGTC GACATTTTCC ACCGACACCC	180
CCATCCAAAC GTTCGAGGGC CACTCCAGCT TGTGAGCGAG GCGACGCAGT CGCAGGCTGC	240
GCTTGGTCAA GATC	254

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:35:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 1227 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:35:

GATCCTGACC GAAGCGGCCG CCGCCAAGGC GAAGTCGCTG TTGGACCAGG AGGGACGGGA	60
CGATCTGGCG CTGCGGATCG CGGTTAGCC GGGGGGGTGC GCTGGATTGC GCTATAACCT	120
TTTCTTCGAC GACCGGACGC TGGATGGTGA CCAAACCGCG GAGTTCGGTG GTGTCAGGTT	180
GATCGTGGAC CGGATGAGCG CGCCGTATGT GGAAGGCGCG TCGATCGATT TCGTCGACAC	240
TATTGAGAAG CAAGGTTAC CATCGACAAT CCCAACGCCA CCGGCTCCTG CGCGTGCGGG	300
GATTCGTTCA ACTGATAAAA CGCTAGTACG ACCCCGCGGT GCGCAACACG TACGAGCACA	360
CCAAGACCTG ACCGCGCTGG AAAAGCAACT GAGCGATGCC TTGCACCTGA CCGCGTGGCG	420
GGCCGCCGGC GGCAGGTGTC ACCTGCATGG TGAACAGCAC CTGGGCCTGA TATTGCGACC	480
AGTACACGAT TTTGTCGATC GAGGTCACCT CGACCTGGGA GAACTGCTTG CGGAACGCGT	540

CGCTGCTCAG CTTGGCCAAG GCCTGATCGG AGCGCTTGTC GCGCACGCCG TCGTGGATAC 600  
 CGCACAGCGC ATTGCGAACG ATGGTGTCCA CATCGCGGTT CTCCAGCGCG TTGAGGTATC 660  
 CCTGAATCGC GGTTTTGGCC GGTCCCTCCG AGAATGTGCC TGCCGTGTTG GCTCCGTTGG 720  
 TCGGGACCCC GTATATGATC GCCGCCGTCA TAGCCGACAC CAGCGCGAGG GCTACCACAA 780  
 TGCCGATCAG CAGCCGCTTG TGCCGTCGCT TCGGGTAGGA CACCTGCGGC GGCACGCCGG 840  
 GATATGCGGC GGGCGGCAGC GCCGCGTCGT CTGCCGGTCC CGGGGCGAAG GCCGGTTCGG 900  
 CGGCGCCGAG GTCGTGGGGG TAGTCCAGGG CTTGGGGTTC GTGGGATGAG GGCTCGGGGT 960  
 ACGGCGCCGG TCCGTTGGTG CCGACACCGG GGTTCGGCGA GTGGGGACCG GGCATTGTGG 1020  
 TTCTCCTAGG GTGGTGGACG GGACCAGCTG CTAGGGCGAC AACCGCCCGT CGCGTCAGCC 1080  
 GGCAGCATCG GCAATCAGGT GAGCTCCCTA GGCAGGCTAG CGCAACAGCT GCCGTCAGCT 1140  
 CTCAACGCGA CGGGGCGGGC CGCGGCGCCG ATAATGTTGA AAGACTAGGC AACCTTAGGA 1200  
 ACGAAGGACG GAGATTTTGT GACGATC 1227

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:36:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 181 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:36:

GCGGTGTCGG CGGATCCGGC GGGTGGTTGA ACGGCAACGG CGGGGCCGGC GGGGCCGGCG 60  
 GGACCGGCGC TAACGGTGGT GCCGGCGGCA ACGCCTGGTT GTTCGGGGCC GGCGGGTCCG 120  
 GCGGNGCCGG CACCAATGGT GGNGTCGGCG GGTCCGGCGG ATTTGTCTAC GGCAACGGCG 180  
 G 181

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:37:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 290 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:37:

GCGGTGTCGG CGGATCCGGC GGGTGGTTGA ACGGCAACGG CGGTGTCGGC GGCCGGGGCG	60
GCGACGGCGT CTTTGCCGGT GCCGGCGGCC AGGGCGGCCT CGGTGGGCAG GGCGGCAATG	120
GCGGCGGCTC CACCGGCGGC AACGGCGGTC TTGGCGGCGC GGGCGGTGGC GGAGGCAACG	180
CCCCGGACGG CGGCTTCGGT GGCAACGGCG GTAAGGGTGG CCAGGGCGGN ATTGGCGGCG	240
GCACTCAGAG CGCGACCGGC CTCGGNGGTG ACGGCGGTGA CGGCGGTGAC	290

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:38:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 34 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:38:

GATCCAGTGG CATGGNGGGT GTCAGTGGAA GCAT	34
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## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:39:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 155 base pairs



- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:39:

```
GATCGCTGCT CGTCCCCCCC TTGCCGCCGA CGCCACCGGT CCCACCGTTA CCGAACAAGC      60
TGGCGTGGTC GCCAGCACCC CCGGCACCGC CGACGCCGGA GTCGAACAAT GGCACCGTCG      120
TATCCCCACC ATTGCCGCCG GNCCCACCGG CACCG                                     155
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:40:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 53 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:40:

```
ATGGCGTTCA CGGGGCGCCG GGGACCGGGC AGCCCGGNGG GGCCGGGGGG TGG      53
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:41:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 132 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:41:

GATCCACCGC GGGTGCAGAC GGTGCCC GCGCCACCCC GACCAGCGGC GGCAACGGCG 60  
 GCACCGGCGG CAACGGCGCG AACGCCACCG TCGTCGGNGG GGCCGGCGGG GCCGGCGGCA 120  
 AGGGCGGCAA CG 132

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:42:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 132 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:42:

GATCGGCGGC CGGNACGGNC GGGGACGGCG GCAAGGGCGG NAACGGGGGC GCCGNAGCCA 60  
 CCNGCCAAGA ATCCTCCGNG TCCNCCAATG GCGCGAATGG CGGACAGGGC GGCAACGGCG 120  
 GCANCGGCGG CA 132

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:43:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 702 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:43:

CGGCACGAGG ATCGGTACCC CGCGGCATCG GCAGCTGCCG ATTCGCCGGG TTTCCCCACC 60  
 CGAGGAAAGC CGCTACCAGA TGGCGCTGCC GAAGTAGGGC GATCCGTTG CGATGCCGGC 120

ATGAACGGGC GGCATCAAAT TAGTGCAGGA ACCTTTCAGT TTAGCGACGA TAATGGCTAT 180  
 AGCACTAAGG AGGATGATCC GATATGACGC AGTCGCAGAC CGTGACGGTG GATCAGCAAG 240  
 AGATTTTGAA CAGGGCCAAC GAGGTGGAGG CCCCAGTGGC GGACCCACCG ACTGATGTCC 300  
 CCATCACACC GTGCGAACTC ACGGNGGNTA AAAACGCCGC CCAACAGNTG GTNTTGTCGG 360  
 CCGACAACAT GCGGGAATAC CTGGCGGCCG GTGCCAAGA GCGGCAGCGT CTGGCGACCT 420  
 CGCTGCGCAA CGCGGCCAAG GNGTATGGCG AGGTTGATGA GGAGGCTGCG ACCGCGCTGG 480  
 ACAACGACGG CGAAGGAACT GTGCAGGCAG AATCGGCCGG GGCCGTCGGA GGGGACAGTT 540  
 CGGCCGAACT AACCGATACG CCGAGGGTGG CCACGGCCGG TGAACCCAAC TTCATGGATC 600  
 TCAAAGAAGC GGCAAGGAAG CTCGAAACGG GCGACCAAGG CGCATCGCTC GCGCACTGNG 660  
 GGGATGGGTG GAACACTTNC ACCCTGACGC TGCAAGGCGA CG 702

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:44:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 298 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:44:

GAAGCCGCAG CGCTGTCGGG CGACGTGGCG GTCAAAGCGG CATCGCTCGG TGGCGGTGGA 60  
 GGCGGCGGGG TGCCGTCGGC GCCGTTGGGA TCCGCGATCG GGGGCGCCGA ATCGGTGCGG 120  
 CCCGCTGGCG CTGGTGACAT TGCCGGCTTA GGCCAGGGAA GGGCCGGCGG CGGCGCCGCG 180  
 CTGGGCGGCG GTGGCATGGG AATGCCGATG GGTGCCGCGC ATCAGGGACA AGGGGGCGCC 240  
 AAGTCCAAGG GTTCTCAGCA GGAAGACGAG GCGCTCTACA CCGAGGATCC TCGTGCCG 298

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:45:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1058 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:45:

CGGCACGAGG ATCGAATCGC GTCGCCGGGA GCACAGCGTC GCACTGCACC AGTGGAGGAG 60

CCATGACCTA CTCGCCGGGT AACCCCGGAT ACCCGCAAGC GCAGCCCGCA GGCTCCTACG 120

GAGGCGTCAC ACCCTCGTTC GCCCACGCCG ATGAGGGTGC GAGCAAGCTA CCGATGTACC 180

TGAACATCGC GGTGGCAGTG CTCGGTCTGG CTGCGTACTT CGCCAGCTTC GGCCCAATGT 240

TCACCCTCAG TACCGAACTC GGGGGGGGTG ATGGCGCAGT GTCCGGTGAC ACTGGGCTGC 300

CGGTCGGGGT GGCTCTGCTG GCTGCGCTGC TTGCCGGGGT GGTCTGGTG CCTAAGGCCA 360

AGAGCCATGT GACGGTAGTT GCGGTGCTCG GGGTACTCGG CGTATTTCTG ATGGTCTCGG 420

CGACGTTTAA CAAGCCCAGC GCCTATTCGA CCGGTTGGGC ATTGTGGGTT GTGTTGGCTT 480

TCATCGTGTT CCAGGCGGTT GCGGCAGTCC TGGCGCTCTT GGTGGAGACC GGCCTATCA 540

CCGCGCCGGC GCCGCGGCC AAGTTCGACC CGTATGGACA GTACGGGCGG TACGGGCAGT 600

ACGGGCAGTA CGGGGTGCAG CCGGGTGGGT ACTACGGTCA GCAGGGTGCT CAGCAGGCCG 660

CGGGACTGCA GTCGCCCGGC CCGCAGCAGT CTCCGAGCC TCCCGGATAT GGGTCGCAGT 720

ACGGCGGCTA TTCGTCCAGT CCGAGCCAAT CGGGCAGTGG ATACACTGCT CAGCCCCCGG 780

CCCAGCCGCC GGCGCAGTCC GGGTCGCAAC AATCGCACCA GGGCCCATCC ACGCCACCTA 840

CCGGCTTTCC GAGCTTCAGC CCACCACCAC CGGTCAGTGC CGGGACGGGG TCGCAGGCTG 900

GTTGCGCTCC AGTCAACTAT TCAAACCCCA GCGGGGGCGA GCAGTCGTCG TCCCCGGGG 960

GGGCGCCGGT CTAACCGGGC GTTCCCGCGT CCGGTCGCGC GTGTGCGCGA AGAGTGAACA 1020

GGGTGTCAGC AAGCGCGGAC GATCCTCGTG CCGAATTC 1058

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:46:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 327 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:46:

CGGCACGAGA GACCGATGCC GCTACCCTCG CGCAGGAGGC AGGTAATTTT GAGCGGATCT	60
CCGGCGACCT GAAAACCCAG ATCGACCAGG TGGAGTCGAC GGCAGGTTTG TTGCAGGGCC	120
AGTGGCGCGG CGCGGCGGGG ACGGCCGCCC AGGCCGCGGT GGTGCGCTTC CAAGAAGCAG	180
CCAATAAGCA GAAGCAGGAA CTCGACGAGA TCTCGACGAA TATTCGTCAG GCCGGCGTCC	240
AATACTCGAG GGCCGACGAG GAGCAGCAGC AGGCGCTGTC CTCGCAAATG GGCTTCTGAC	300
CCGCTAATAC GAAAAGAAAC GGAGCAA	327

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:47:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:47:

CGGTCGCGAT GATGGCGTTG TCGAACGTGA CCGATTCTGT ACCGCCGTCG TTGAGATCAA	60
---	----

TCTTCATCAG GAAGTGCACA CCGGCCACCC TGCCCTCGGN TACCTTTCGG 170

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 127 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

CCGGGGGTGG CGGCGGAACC GGTGGGTTGC TCTTCGGCAA CGGCGGTGCC GGCGGGCACG 120

GGGCCGT 127

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 81 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

CGGCGGCTCC GGCCTCAACG G 81

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:50:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 149 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:50:

GATCAGGGCT GGCCGGCTCC GGCCAGAAGG GCGGTAACGG AGGAGCTGCC GGATTGTTTG 60  
 GCAACGGCGG GGCCGGNGGT GCCGGCGCGT CCAACCAAGC CGGTAACGGC GGNGCCGGCG 120  
 GAAACGGTGG TGCCGGTGGG CTGATCTGG 149

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:51:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 355 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:51:

CGGCACGAGA TCACACCTAC CGAGTGATCG AGATCGTCGG GACCTCGCCC GACGGTGTCTG 60  
 ACGCGGNAAT CCAGGGCGGT CTGGCCCGAG CTGCGCAGAC CATGCGCGCG CTGGACTGGT 120  
 TCGAAGTACA GTCAATTCGA GGCCACCTGG TCGACGGAGC GGTCGCGCAC TTCCAGGTGA 180  
 CTATGAAAGT CGGCTTCCGC CTGGAGGATT CCTGAACCTT CAAGCGCGGC CGATAACTGA 240  
 GGTGCATCAT TAAGCGACTT TTCCAGAACA TCCTGACGCG CTCGAAACGC GGTTCAGCCG 300  
 ACGGTGGCTC CGCCGAGGCG CTGCCTCCAA AATCCCTGCG ACAATTCGTC GGCGG 355

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:52:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 999 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:52:

ATGCATCACC ATCACCATCA CATGCATCAG GTGGACCCCA ACTTGACACG TCGCAAGGGA 60  
 CGATTGGCGG CACTGGCTAT CGCGGCGATG GCCAGCGCCA GCCTGGTGAC CGTTGCGGTG 120  
 CCCGCGACCG CCAACGCCGA TCGGAGCCA GCGCCCCCGG TACCCACAAC GGCCGCCTCG 180  
 CCGCCGTCTGA CCGCTGCAGC GCCACCCGCA CCGGCGACAC CTGTTGCCCC CCCACCACCG 240  
 GCCGCCGCCA ACACGCCGAA TGCCAGCCG GGCATCCCA ACGCAGCACC TCCGCCGGCC 300  
 GACCCGAACG CACCGCCGCC ACCTGTCATT GCCCCAAACG CACCCCAACC TGTCGGATC 360  
 GACAACCCGG TTGGAGGATT CAGCTTCGCG CTGCCTGCTG GCTGGGTGGA GTCTGACGCC 420  
 GCCCACTTCG ACTACGGTTC AGCACTCCTC AGCAAAACCA CCGGGGACCC GCCATTTCCC 480  
 GGACAGCCGC CGCCGGTGGC CAATGACACC CGTATCGTGC TCGGCCGGCT AGACCAAAAG 540  
 CTTTACGCCA GCGCCGAAGC CACCGACTCC AAGGCCGCGG CCCGGTTGGG CTCGGACATG 600  
 GGTGAGTTCT ATATGCCCTA CCCGGGCACC CGGATCAACC AGGAAACCGT CTCGCTCGAC 660  
 GCCAACGGGG TGTCTGGAAG CGCGTCGTAT TACGAAGTCA AGTTCAGCGA TCCGAGTAAG 720  
 CCGAACGGCC AGATCTGGAC GGGCGTAATC GGCTCGCCCG CGGCGAACGC ACCGGACGCC 780  
 GGGCCCCCTC AGCGCTGGTT TGTGGTATGG CTCGGGACCG CCAACAACCC GGTGGACAAG 840  
 GGGCGGCCA AGGCGCTGGC CGAATCGATC CGGCCTTTGG TCGCCCGCC GCCGGCGCCG 900  
 GCACCGGCTC CTGCAGAGCC CGCTCCGGCG CCGGCGCCGG CCGGGGAAGT CGCTCCTACC 960



999

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 332 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

Met His His His His His Met His Gln Val Asp Pro Asn Leu Thr  
1                   5                   10                   15

Arg Arg Lys Gly Arg Leu Ala Ala Leu Ala Ile Ala Ala Met Ala Ser  
20 25 30

Ala Ser Leu Val Thr Val Ala Val Pro Ala Thr Ala Asn Ala Asp Pro  
35 40 45

Glu Pro Ala Pro Pro Val Pro Thr Thr Ala Ala Ser Pro Pro Ser Thr  
50 55 60

Ala Ala Ala Pro Pro Ala Pro Ala Thr Pro Val Ala Pro Pro Pro Pro  
65 70 75 80

Ala Ala Ala Asn Thr Pro Asn Ala Gln Pro Gly Asp Pro Asn Ala Ala  
85 90 95

Pro Pro Pro Ala Asp Pro Asn Ala Pro Pro Pro Pro Val Ile Ala Pro  
100 105 110

Asn Ala Pro Gln Pro Val Arg Ile Asp Asn Pro Val Gly Gly Phe Ser  
115 120 125

Phe Ala Leu Pro Ala Gly Trp Val Glu Ser Asp Ala Ala His Phe Asp  
130 135 140

Tyr Gly Ser Ala Leu Leu Ser Lys Thr Thr Gly Asp Pro Pro Phe Pro  
145 150 155 160

Gly Gln Pro Pro Pro Val Ala Asn Asp Thr Arg Ile Val Leu Gly Arg  
165 170 175

Leu Asp Gln Lys Leu Tyr Ala Ser Ala Glu Ala Thr Asp Ser Lys Ala  
180 185 190

Ala Ala Arg Leu Gly Ser Asp Met Gly Glu Phe Tyr Met Pro Tyr Pro  
195 200 205

Gly Thr Arg Ile Asn Gln Glu Thr Val Ser Leu Asp Ala Asn Gly Val  
210 215 220

Ser Gly Ser Ala Ser Tyr Tyr Glu Val Lys Phe Ser Asp Pro Ser Lys  
225 230 235 240

Pro Asn Gly Gln Ile Trp Thr Gly Val Ile Gly Ser Pro Ala Ala Asn  
245 250 255

Ala Pro Asp Ala Gly Pro Pro Gln Arg Trp Phe Val Val Trp Leu Gly  
260 265 270

Thr Ala Asn Asn Pro Val Asp Lys Gly Ala Ala Lys Ala Leu Ala Glu  
275 280 285

Ser Ile Arg Pro Leu Val Ala Pro Pro Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro  
290 295 300

Ala Glu Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro Ala Gly Glu Val Ala Pro Thr  
305 310 315 320

Pro Thr Thr Pro Thr Pro Gln Arg Thr Leu Pro Ala  
325 330

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:54:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 20 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

• Val Ala Ala Leu  
20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:55:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS:  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:55:

Ala Val Glu Ser Gly Met Leu Ala Leu Gly Thr Pro Ala Pro Ser  
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:56:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS:  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:56:

Ala Ala Met Lys Pro Arg Thr Gly Asp Gly Pro Leu Glu Ala Ala Lys  
1 5 10 15

Glu Gly Arg

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:57:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:57:

Tyr Tyr Trp Cys Pro Gly Gln Pro Phe Asp Pro Ala Trp Gly Pro  
 1                      5                      10                      15

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:58:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 14 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:58:

Asp Ile Gly Ser Glu Ser Thr Glu Asp Gln Gln Xaa Ala Val  
 1                      5                      10

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:59:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 13 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:59:

Ala	Glu	Glu	Ser	Ile	Ser	Thr	Xaa	Glu	Xaa	Ile	Val	Pro
1				5							10	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:60:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 17 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:60:

Asp	Pro	Glu	Pro	Ala	Pro	Pro	Val	Pro	Thr	Ala	Ala	Ala	Ala	Pro	Pro
1				5					10					15	

Ala

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:61:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:61:

Ala	Pro	Lys	Thr	Tyr	Xaa	Glu	Glu	Leu	Lys	Gly	Thr	Asp	Thr	Gly
1				5					10					15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:62:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 30 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:62:

Asp Pro Ala Ser Ala Pro Asp Val Pro Thr Ala Ala Gln Gln Thr Ser  
 1                      5                      10                      15

Leu Leu Asn Asn Leu Ala Asp Pro Asp Val Ser Phe Ala Asp  
                     20                      25                      30

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:63:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 187 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:63:

Thr Gly Ser Leu Asn Gln Thr His Asn Arg Arg Ala Asn Glu Arg Lys  
 1                      5                      10                      15

Asn Thr Thr Met Lys Met Val Lys Ser Ile Ala Ala Gly Leu Thr Ala  
                     20                      25                      30

Ala Ala Ala Ile Gly Ala Ala Ala Ala Gly Val Thr Ser Ile Met Ala  
                     35                      40                      45

Gly Gly Pro Val Val Tyr Gln Met Gln Pro Val Val Phe Gly Ala Pro  
                     50                      55                      60

Ser Ala Met Glu Leu Leu Gln Ala Ala Gly Xaa  
180 185

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:64:

Gly Val Glu Gly Leu Pro Pro Gly Ser Ala Leu Leu Val Val Lys Arg

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:65:

(A) LENGTH: 230 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

Thr Ser Asn Arg Pro Ala Arg Arg Gly Arg Arg Ala Pro Arg Asp Thr  
1 5 10 15

Gly Pro Asp Arg Ser Ala Ser Leu Ser Leu Val Arg His Arg Arg Gln  
20 25 30

Gln Arg Asp Ala Leu Cys Leu Ser Ser Thr Gln Ile Ser Arg Gln Ser  
35 40 45



Asn Leu Pro Pro Ala Ala Gly Gly Ala Ala Asn Tyr Ser Arg Arg Asn  
50 55 60

Phe Asp Val Arg Ile Lys Ile Phe Met Leu Val Thr Ala Val Val Leu  
65 70 75 80

Leu Cys Cys Ser Gly Val Ala Thr Ala Ala Pro Lys Thr Tyr Cys Glu  
85 90 95

Glu Leu Lys Gly Thr Asp Thr Gly Gln Ala Cys Gln Ile Gln Met Ser  
100 105 110

Asp Pro Ala Tyr Asn Ile Asn Ile Ser Leu Pro Ser Tyr Tyr Pro Asp  
115 120 125

Gln Lys Ser Leu Glu Asn Tyr Ile Ala Gln Thr Arg Asp Lys Phe Leu  
130 135 140

Ser Ala Ala Thr Ser Ser Thr Pro Arg Glu Ala Pro Tyr Glu Leu Asn  
145 150 155 160

Ile Thr Ser Ala Thr Tyr Gln Ser Ala Ile Pro Pro Arg Gly Thr Gln  
165 170 175

Ala Val Val Leu Xaa Val Tyr His Asn Ala Gly Gly Thr His Pro Thr  
180 185 190

Thr Thr Tyr Lys Ala Phe Asp Trp Asp Gln Ala Tyr Arg Lys Pro Ile  
195 200 205

Thr Tyr Asp Thr Leu Trp Gln Ala Asp Thr Asp Pro Leu Pro Val Val  
210 215 220

Phe Pro Ile Val Ala Arg  
225 230

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:66:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 132 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:66:

```

• Thr Ala Ala Ser Asp Asn Phe Gln Leu Ser Gln Gly Gly Gln Gly Phe
  1          5          10          15

Ala Ile Pro Ile Gly Gln Ala Met Ala Ile Ala Gly Gln Ile Arg Ser
  20          25          30

Gly Gly Gly Ser Pro Thr Val His Ile Gly Pro Thr Ala Phe Leu Gly
  35          40          45

Leu Gly Val Val Asp Asn Asn Gly Asn Gly Ala Arg Val Gln Arg Val
  50          55          60

Val Gly Ser Ala Pro Ala Ala Ser Leu Gly Ile Ser Thr Gly Asp Val
  65          70          75          80

Ile Thr Ala Val Asp Gly Ala Pro Ile Asn Ser Ala Thr Ala Met Ala
  85          90          95

Asp Ala Leu Asn Gly His His Pro Gly Asp Val Ile Ser Val Asn Trp
  100         105         110

Gln Thr Lys Ser Gly Gly Thr Arg Thr Gly Asn Val Thr Leu Ala Glu
  115         120         125

Gly Pro Pro Ala
  130

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:67:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 100 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:67:

Val Pro Leu Arg Ser Pro Ser Met Ser Pro Ser Lys Cys Leu Ala Ala  
 1                      5                      10                      15  
 Ala Gln Arg Asn Pro Val Ile Arg Arg Arg Arg Leu Ser Asn Pro Pro  
                     20                      25                      30  
 Pro Arg Lys Tyr Arg Ser Met Pro Ser Pro Ala Thr Ala Ser Ala Gly  
                     35                      40                      45  
 Met Ala Arg Val Arg Arg Arg Ala Ile Trp Arg Gly Pro Ala Thr Xaa  
                     50                      55                      60  
 Ser Ala Gly Met Ala Arg Val Arg Arg Trp Xaa Val Met Pro Xaa Val  
 65                      70                      75                      80  
 Ile Gln Ser Thr Xaa Ile Arg Xaa Xaa Gly Pro Phe Asp Asn Arg Gly  
                     85                      90                      95  
 Ser Glu Arg Lys  
                     100

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:68:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 163 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:68:

Met Thr Asp Asp Ile Leu Leu Ile Asp Thr Asp Glu Arg Val Arg Thr  
 1                      5                      10                      15  
 Leu Thr Leu Asn Arg Pro Gln Ser Arg Asn Ala Leu Ser Ala Ala Leu  
                     20                      25                      30  
 Arg Asp Arg Phe Phe Ala Xaa Leu Xaa Asp Ala Glu Xaa Asp Asp Asp

35	40	45
Ile Asp Val Val Ile Leu Thr Gly Ala Asp Pro Val Phe Cys Ala Gly		
50	55	60
Leu Asp Leu Lys Val Ala Gly Arg Ala Asp Arg Ala Ala Gly His Leu		
65	70	75
Thr Ala Val Gly Gly His Asp Gln Ala Gly Asp Arg Arg Asp Gln Arg		
85	90	95
Arg Arg Gly His Arg Arg Ala Arg Thr Gly Ala Val Leu Arg His Pro		
100	105	110
Asp Arg Leu Arg Ala Arg Pro Leu Arg Arg His Pro Arg Pro Gly Gly		
115	120	125
Ala Ala Ala His Leu Gly Thr Gln Cys Val Leu Ala Ala Lys Gly Arg		
130	135	140
His Arg Xaa Gly Pro Val Asp Glu Pro Asp Arg Arg Leu Pro Val Arg		
145	150	155
160		
Asp Arg Arg		

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:69:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 344 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:69:

Met Lys Phe Val Asn His Ile Glu Pro Val Ala Pro Arg Arg Ala Gly
1                      5                      10                      15
Gly Ala Val Ala Glu Val Tyr Ala Glu Ala Arg Arg Glu Phe Gly Arg
20                      25                      30

Met Pro Met Ser Ser Arg Trp Thr Asn Glu His Thr Ala Glu Leu Pro  
260 265 270

Val Ser Arg Gln Asn Pro Thr Gly  
340

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 485 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

Gly Val Arg Asp Glu Leu Lys Leu Ser Leu Ala Ala Val Thr Val Leu  
65 70 75 80

Cys Lys Ala Ala His Ala Gly Gly Asp Pro Gly Leu Val Phe Leu Asp  
305 310 315 320

Val Ala Pro Thr Gly  
485

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 267 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear



Gly 1	Val	Ile	Val	Leu 5	Asp	Leu	Glu	Pro	Arg 10	Gly	Pro	Leu	Pro	Thr 15	Glu
Ile	Tyr	Trp	Arg 20	Arg	Arg	Gly	Leu	Ala 25	Leu	Gly	Ile	Ala	Val 30	Val	Val
Val	Gly	Ile	Ala 35	Val	Ala	Ile	Val 40	Ile	Ala	Phe	Val	Asp 45	Ser	Ser	Ala
Gly	Ala 50	Lys	Pro	Val	Ser	Ala 55	Asp	Lys	Pro	Ala	Ser 60	Ala	Gln	Ser	His
Pro 65	Gly	Ser	Pro	Ala	Pro 70	Gln	Ala	Pro	Gln	Pro 75	Ala	Gly	Gln	Thr	Glu 80
Gly	Asn	Ala	Ala 85	Ala	Ala	Pro	Pro	Gln	Gly 90	Gln	Asn	Pro	Glu	Thr 95	Pro
Thr	Pro	Thr	Ala 100	Ala	Val	Gln	Pro 105	Pro	Pro	Val	Leu	Lys	Glu 110	Gly	Asp
Asp	Cys	Pro 115	Asp	Ser	Thr	Leu	Ala 120	Val	Lys	Gly	Leu	Thr 125	Asn	Ala	Pro
Gln	Tyr 130	Tyr	Val	Gly	Asp	Gln 135	Pro	Lys	Phe	Thr	Met 140	Val	Val	Thr	Asn
Ile 145	Gly	Leu	Val	Ser	Cys 150	Lys	Arg	Asp	Val	Gly 155	Ala	Ala	Val	Leu	Ala 160
Ala	Tyr	Val	Tyr	Ser 165	Leu	Asp	Asn	Lys	Arg 170	Leu	Trp	Ser	Asn	Leu	Asp 175
Cys	Ala	Pro 180	Ser	Asn	Glu	Thr	Leu 185	Val	Lys	Thr	Phe	Ser 190	Pro	Gly	Glu
Gln	Val 195	Thr	Thr	Ala	Val	Thr	Trp 200	Thr	Gly	Met	Gly 205	Ser	Ala	Pro	Arg
Cys	Pro 210	Leu	Pro	Arg	Pro	Ala 215	Ile	Gly	Pro	Gly	Thr 220	Tyr	Asn	Leu	Val
Val	Gln	Leu	Gly	Asn	Leu	Arg	Ser	Leu	Pro	Val	Pro	Phe	Ile	Leu	Asn

225	230	235	240
Gln Pro Pro Pro Pro Pro Gly Pro Val Pro Ala Pro Gly Pro Ala Gln			
	245	250	255
Ala Pro Pro Pro Glu Ser Pro Ala Gln Gly Gly			
	260	265	

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:72:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 97 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:72:

Leu Ile Ser Thr Gly Lys Ala Ser His Ala Ser Leu Gly Val Gln Val			
1	5	10	15
Thr Asn Asp Lys Asp Thr Pro Gly Ala Lys Ile Val Glu Val Val Ala			
	20	25	30
Gly Gly Ala Ala Ala Asn Ala Gly Val Pro Lys Gly Val Val Val Thr			
	35	40	45
Lys Val Asp Asp Arg Pro Ile Asn Ser Ala Asp Ala Leu Val Ala Ala			
	50	55	60
Val Arg Ser Lys Ala Pro Gly Ala Thr Val Ala Leu Thr Phe Gln Asp			
	65	70	75
Pro Ser Gly Gly Ser Arg Thr Val Gln Val Thr Leu Gly Lys Ala Glu			
	85	90	95
Gln			

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:73:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 364 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:73:

Gly Ala Ala Val Ser Leu Leu Ala Ala Gly Thr Leu Val Leu Thr Ala  
 1 5 10 15  
 Cys Gly Gly Gly Thr Asn Ser Ser Ser Ser Gly Ala Gly Gly Thr Ser  
 20 25 30  
 Gly Ser Val His Cys Gly Gly Lys Lys Glu Leu His Ser Ser Gly Ser  
 35 40 45  
 Thr Ala Gln Glu Asn Ala Met Glu Gln Phe Val Tyr Ala Tyr Val Arg  
 50 55 60  
 Ser Cys Pro Gly Tyr Thr Leu Asp Tyr Asn Ala Asn Gly Ser Gly Ala  
 65 70 75 80  
 Gly Val Thr Gln Phe Leu Asn Asn Glu Thr Asp Phe Ala Gly Ser Asp  
 85 90 95  
 Val Pro Leu Asn Pro Ser Thr Gly Gln Pro Asp Arg Ser Ala Glu Arg  
 100 105 110  
 Cys Gly Ser Pro Ala Trp Asp Leu Pro Thr Val Phe Gly Pro Ile Ala  
 115 120 125  
 Ile Thr Tyr Asn Ile Lys Gly Val Ser Thr Leu Asn Leu Asp Gly Pro  
 130 135 140  
 Thr Thr Ala Lys Ile Phe Asn Gly Thr Ile Thr Val Trp Asn Asp Pro  
 145 150 155 160  
 Gln Ile Gln Ala Leu Asn Ser Gly Thr Asp Leu Pro Pro Thr Pro Ile  
 165 170 175

Gln Ala Lys Leu Ala Ala Ala Val Asn Ala Ile Ser  
355 360

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 309 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

Gln Ala Ala Ala Gly Arg Ala Val Arg Arg Thr Gly His Ala Glu Asp  
1 5 10 15

Val Val Arg Gln Asp Arg Ala Ser Val Ser Ala Thr Ser Ala Arg Pro  
35 40 45

Gly Gly Arg Arg Arg Pro His Pro His His Val Gln Pro Asp Asp Arg  
65 70 75 80

Asp Pro His Arg Arg Gly Pro Ala Asp Pro Gly Arg Val Arg Gly Arg  
100 105 110

Gly Arg Leu Arg Arg Val Asp Asp Gly Arg Leu Gln Pro Asp Arg Asp  
115 120 125

Ala Asp His Gly Ala Pro Val Arg Gly Arg Gly Pro His Arg Gly Val  
130 135 140

Gln His Arg Gly Gly Pro Val Phe Val Arg Arg Val Pro Gly Val Arg  
145 150 155 160

Cys Ala His Arg Arg Gly His Arg Arg Val Ala Ala Pro Gly Gln Gly  
165 170 175

Asp Val Leu Arg Ala Gly Leu Arg Val Glu Arg Leu Arg Pro Val Ala  
180 185 190

Ala Val Glu Asn Leu His Arg Gly Ser Gln Arg Ala Asp Gly Arg Val  
195 200 205

Phe Arg Pro Ile Arg Arg Gly Ala Arg Leu Pro Ala Arg Arg Ser Arg

210                      215                      220  
 Ala Gly Pro Gln Gly Arg Leu His Leu Asp Gly Ala Gly Pro Ser Pro  
 225                      230                      235                      240  
 Leu Pro Ala Arg Ala Gly Gln Gln Gln Pro Ser Ser Ala Gly Gly Arg  
                     245                      250                      255  
 Arg Ala Gly Gly Ala Glu Arg Ala Asp Pro Gly Gln Arg Gly Arg His  
                     260                      265                      270  
 His Gln Gly Gly His Asp Pro Gly Arg Gln Gly Ala Gln Arg Gly Thr  
                     275                      280                      285  
 Ala Gly Val Ala His Ala Ala Ala Gly Pro Arg Arg Ala Ala Val Arg  
                     290                      295                      300  
 Asn Arg Pro Arg Arg  
 305

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:75:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 580 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:75:

Ser Ala Val Trp Cys Leu Asn Gly Phe Thr Gly Arg His Arg His Gly  
 1                      5                      10                      15  
 Arg Cys Arg Val Arg Ala Ser Gly Trp Arg Ser Ser Asn Arg Trp Cys  
                     20                      25                      30  
 Ser Thr Thr Ala Asp Cys Cys Ala Ser Lys Thr Pro Thr Gln Ala Ala  
                     35                      40                      45  
 Ser Pro Leu Glu Arg Arg Phe Thr Cys Cys Ser Pro Ala Val Gly Cys  
                     50                      55                      60

Arg	Phe	Arg	Ser	Phe	Pro	Val	Arg	Arg	Leu	Ala	Leu	Gly	Ala	Arg	Thr
65					70					75					80
Ser	Arg	Thr	Leu	Gly	Val	Arg	Arg	Thr	Leu	Ser	Gln	Trp	Asn	Leu	Ser
				85					90					95	
Pro	Arg	Ala	Gln	Pro	Ser	Cys	Ala	Val	Thr	Val	Glu	Ser	His	Thr	His
			100					105					110		
Ala	Ser	Pro	Arg	Met	Ala	Lys	Leu	Ala	Arg	Val	Val	Gly	Leu	Val	Gln
			115				120					125			
Glu	Glu	Gln	Pro	Ser	Asp	Met	Thr	Asn	His	Pro	Arg	Tyr	Ser	Pro	Pro
	130					135					140				
Pro	Gln	Gln	Pro	Gly	Thr	Pro	Gly	Tyr	Ala	Gln	Gly	Gln	Gln	Gln	Thr
145					150					155					160
Tyr	Ser	Gln	Gln	Phe	Asp	Trp	Arg	Tyr	Pro	Pro	Ser	Pro	Pro	Pro	Gln
				165					170					175	
Pro	Thr	Gln	Tyr	Arg	Gln	Pro	Tyr	Glu	Ala	Leu	Gly	Gly	Thr	Arg	Pro
			180					185					190		
Gly	Leu	Ile	Pro	Gly	Val	Ile	Pro	Thr	Met	Thr	Pro	Pro	Pro	Gly	Met
		195					200					205			
Val	Arg	Gln	Arg	Pro	Arg	Ala	Gly	Met	Leu	Ala	Ile	Gly	Ala	Val	Thr
						215					220				
Ile	Ala	Val	Val	Ser	Ala	Gly	Ile	Gly	Gly	Ala	Ala	Ala	Ser	Leu	Val
225					230					235					240
Gly	Phe	Asn	Arg	Ala	Pro	Ala	Gly	Pro	Ser	Gly	Gly	Pro	Val	Ala	Ala
				245					250					255	
Ser	Ala	Ala	Pro	Ser	Ile	Pro	Ala	Ala	Asn	Met	Pro	Pro	Gly	Ser	Val
			260					265					270		
Glu	Gln	Val	Ala	Ala	Lys	Val	Val	Pro	Ser	Val	Val	Met	Leu	Glu	Thr
			275				280					285			
Asp	Leu	Gly	Arg	Gln	Ser	Glu	Glu	Gly	Ser	Gly	Ile	Ile	Leu	Ser	Ala
						295					300				

Glu 305	Gly	Leu	Ile	Leu	Thr	Asn	Asn	His	Val	Ile	Ala	Ala	Ala	Ala	Lys 320
Pro	Pro	Leu	Gly	Ser 325	Pro	Pro	Pro	Lys	Thr 330	Thr	Val	Thr	Phe	Ser 335	Asp
Gly	Arg	Thr	Ala 340	Pro	Phe	Thr	Val	Val 345	Gly	Ala	Asp	Pro	Thr	Ser	Asp
Ile	Ala	Val 355	Val	Arg	Val	Gln	Gly 360	Val	Ser	Gly	Leu	Thr 365	Pro	Ile	Ser
Leu	Gly 370	Ser	Ser	Ser	Asp	Leu	Arg 375	Val	Gly	Gln	Pro	Val	Leu	Ala	Ile
Gly 385	Ser	Pro	Leu	Gly	Leu 390	Glu	Gly	Thr	Val 395	Thr	Thr	Gly	Ile	Val	Ser 400
Ala	Leu	Asn	Arg	Pro 405	Val	Ser	Thr	Thr	Gly 410	Glu	Ala	Gly	Asn	Gln	Asn 415
Thr	Val	Leu	Asp	Ala	Ile	Gln	Thr 425	Asp	Ala	Ala	Ile	Asn	Pro	Gly	Asn 430
Ser	Gly	Gly	Ala	Leu	Val	Asn	Met 440	Asn	Ala	Gln	Leu	Val 445	Gly	Val	Asn
Ser 450	Ala	Ile	Ala	Thr	Leu	Gly 455	Ala	Asp	Ser	Ala	Asp 460	Ala	Gln	Ser	Gly
Ser 465	Ile	Gly	Leu	Gly	Phe	Ala	Ile	Pro	Val 475	Asp	Gln	Ala	Lys	Arg	Ile 480
Ala	Asp	Glu	Leu	Ile 485	Ser	Thr	Gly	Lys	Ala 490	Ser	His	Ala	Ser	Leu	Gly 495
Val	Gln	Val	Thr 500	Asn	Asp	Lys	Asp 505	Thr	Pro	Gly	Ala	Lys	Ile	Val	Glu 510
Val	Val	Ala 515	Gly	Gly	Ala	Ala	Ala 520	Asn	Ala	Gly	Val	Pro 525	Lys	Gly	Val
Val	Val	Thr 530	Lys	Val	Asp	Asp	Arg 535	Pro	Ile	Asn	Ser	Ala	Asp	Ala	Leu 540



Lys Ala Glu Gln  
580

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:76:

Ala Lys Gly Val Cys Thr Tyr Asn Asp Glu Gln Gly Val Pro Phe Arg  
100 105 110

Val Gln Gly Asp Asn Ile Ser Val Lys Leu Phe Asp Asp Trp Ser Asn  
 115 120 125  
 Leu Gly Ser Ile Ser Glu Leu Ser Thr Ser Arg Val Leu Asp Pro Ala  
 130 135 140  
 Ala Gly Val Thr Gln Leu Leu Ser Gly Val Thr Asn Leu Gln Ala Gln  
 145 150 155 160  
 Gly Thr Glu Val Ile Asp Gly Ile Ser Thr Thr Lys Ile Thr Gly Thr  
 165 170 175  
 Ile Pro Ala Ser Ser Val Lys Met Leu Asp Pro Gly Ala Lys Ser Ala  
 180 185 190  
 Arg Pro Ala Thr Val Trp Ile Ala Gln Asp Gly Ser His His Leu Val  
 195 200 205  
 Arg Ala Ser Ile Asp Leu Gly Ser Gly Ser Ile Gln Leu Thr Gln Ser  
 210 215 220  
 Lys Trp Asn Glu Pro Val Asn Val Asp  
 225 230

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:77:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 66 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:77:

Val Ile Asp Ile Ile Gly Thr Ser Pro Thr Ser Trp Glu Gln Ala Ala  
 1 5 10 15  
 Ala Glu Ala Val Gln Arg Ala Arg Asp Ser Val Asp Asp Ile Arg Val  
 20 25 30  
 Ala Arg Val Ile Glu Gln Asp Met Ala Val Asp Ser Ala Gly Lys Ile

35                      40                      45  
 Thr Tyr Arg Ile Lys Leu Glu Val Ser Phe Lys Met Arg Pro Ala Gln  
 50                      55                      60  
 Pro Arg  
 65

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:78:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 69 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:78:

Val Pro Pro Ala Pro Pro Leu Pro Pro Leu Pro Pro Ser Pro Ile Ser  
 1                      5                      10                      15  
 Cys Ala Ser Pro Pro Ser Pro Pro Leu Pro Pro Ala Pro Pro Val Ala  
 20                      25                      30  
 Pro Gly Pro Pro Met Pro Pro Leu Asp Pro Trp Pro Pro Ala Pro Pro  
 35                      40                      45  
 Leu Pro Tyr Ser Thr Pro Pro Gly Ala Pro Leu Pro Pro Ser Pro Pro  
 50                      55                      60  
 Ser Pro Pro Leu Pro  
 65

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:79:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 355 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

Met 1	Ser	Asn	Ser	Arg 5	Arg	Arg	Ser	Leu	Arg 10	Trp	Ser	Trp	Leu	Ser 15	
Val	Leu	Ala	Ala	Val	Gly	Leu	Gly	Leu	Ala	Thr	Ala	Pro	Ala	Gln	Ala
			20					25					30		
Ala	Pro	Pro	Ala	Leu	Ser	Gln	Asp	Arg	Phe	Ala	Asp	Phe	Pro	Ala	Leu
		35					40					45			
Pro	Leu	Asp	Pro	Ser	Ala	Met	Val	Ala	Gln	Val	Ala	Pro	Gln	Val	Val
	50					55					60				
Asn	Ile	Asn	Thr	Lys	Leu	Gly	Tyr	Asn	Asn	Ala	Val	Gly	Ala	Gly	Thr
65					70					75					80
Gly	Ile	Val	Ile	Asp	Pro	Asn	Gly	Val	Val	Leu	Thr	Asn	Asn	His	Val
				85					90					95	
Ile	Ala	Gly	Ala	Thr	Asp	Ile	Asn	Ala	Phe	Ser	Val	Gly	Ser	Gly	Gln
			100					105					110		
Thr	Tyr	Gly	Val	Asp	Val	Val	Gly	Tyr	Asp	Arg	Thr	Gln	Asp	Val	Ala
		115					120					125			
Val	Leu	Gln	Leu	Arg	Gly	Ala	Gly	Gly	Leu	Pro	Ser	Ala	Ala	Ile	Gly
	130					135					140				
Gly	Gly	Val	Ala	Val	Gly	Glu	Pro	Val	Val	Ala	Met	Gly	Asn	Ser	Gly
145					150					155					160
Gly	Gln	Gly	Gly	Thr	Pro	Arg	Ala	Val	Pro	Gly	Arg	Val	Val	Ala	Leu
				165					170					175	
Gly	Gln	Thr	Val	Gln	Ala	Ser	Asp	Ser	Leu	Thr	Gly	Ala	Glu	Glu	Thr
			180					185					190		
Leu	Asn	Gly	Leu	Ile	Gln	Phe	Asp	Ala	Ala	Ile	Gln	Pro	Gly	Asp	Ser
		195					200					205			

Pro Pro Ala  
355

Ser Pro Lys Pro Asp Ala Glu Glu Gln Gly Val Pro Val Ser Pro Thr

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:81:

(A) LENGTH: 286 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

Gly 1	Asp	Ser	Phe 5	Trp	Ala	Ala	Ala	Asp	Gln 10	Met	Ala	Arg	Gly	Phe 15	Val
Leu	Gly	Ala	Thr 20	Ala	Gly	Arg	Thr	Thr	Leu	Thr	Gly	Glu	Gly 30	Leu	Gln
His	Ala	Asp	Gly 35	His	Ser	Leu	Leu	Leu	Asp	Ala	Thr	Asn	Pro	Ala	Val
Val	Ala	Tyr	Asp	Pro	Ala	Phe 55	Ala	Tyr	Glu	Ile	Gly 60	Tyr	Ile	Xaa	Glu
Ser 65	Gly	Leu	Ala	Arg	Met	Cys 70	Gly	Glu	Asn	Pro	Glu	Asn	Ile	Phe	Phe 80
Tyr	Ile	Thr	Val	Tyr	Asn	Glu	Pro	Tyr	Val	Gln	Pro	Pro	Glu	Pro	Glu
Asn	Phe	Asp	Pro 100	Glu	Gly	Val	Leu	Gly	Gly	Ile	Tyr	Arg	Tyr	His	Ala
Ala	Thr	Glu	Gln	Arg	Thr	Asn	Lys 120	Xaa	Gln	Ile	Leu	Ala	Ser	Gly	Val
Ala	Met	Pro	Ala	Ala	Leu	Arg	Ala	Ala	Gln	Met	Leu	Ala	Ala	Glu	Trp
Asp 145	Val	Ala	Ala	Asp	Val	Trp	Ser	Val	Thr	Ser	Trp	Gly	Glu	Leu	Asn 160
Arg	Asp	Gly	Val	Val	Ile	Glu	Thr	Glu	Lys	Leu	Arg	His	Pro	Asp	Arg
Pro	Ala	Gly	Val	Pro	Tyr	Val	Thr	Arg	Ala	Leu	Glu	Asn	Ala	Arg	Gly
Pro	Val	Ile	Ala	Val	Ser	Asp	Trp	Met	Arg	Ala	Val	Pro	Glu	Gln	Ile

Leu Pro Gly Phe Asp Glu Gly Gly Gly Leu Arg Pro Xaa Lys  
275 280 285

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 173 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:82:

Val Glu Ile Pro Gly Val Asp Thr Val Arg Asn Gln Phe Asp Arg Pro  
65 70 75 80



(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:83:

(A) LENGTH: 107 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

Arg	Ala	Asp	Glu	Arg	Lys	Asn	Thr	Thr	Met	Lys	Met	Val	Lys	Ser	Ile
1				5					10					15	
Ala	Ala	Gly	Leu	Thr	Ala	Ala	Ala	Ala	Ile	Gly	Ala	Ala	Ala	Ala	Gly
			20					25					30		
Val	Thr	Ser	Ile	Met	Ala	Gly	Gly	Pro	Val	Val	Tyr	Gln	Met	Gln	Pro
		35					40					45			
Val	Val	Phe	Gly	Ala	Pro	Leu	Pro	Leu	Asp	Pro	Xaa	Ser	Ala	Pro	Xaa
	50					55					60				
Val	Pro	Thr	Ala	Ala	Gln	Trp	Thr	Xaa	Leu	Leu	Asn	Xaa	Leu	Xaa	Asp

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:84:

(A) LENGTH: 125 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

Val 1	Leu	Ser	Val 5	Pro	Val	Gly	Asp	Gly	Phe 10	Trp	Xaa	Arg	Val 15	Val	Asn
Pro	Leu	Gly	Gln 20	Pro	Ile	Asp	Gly	Arg 25	Gly	Asp	Val	Asp	Ser 30	Asp	Thr
Arg	Arg	Ala 35	Leu	Glu	Leu	Gln	Ala 40	Pro	Ser	Val	Val	Xaa 45	Arg	Gln	Gly
Val 50	Lys	Glu	Pro	Leu	Xaa	Thr 55	Gly	Ile	Lys	Ala	Ile 60	Asp	Ala	Met	Thr
Pro 65	Ile	Gly	Arg	Gly 70	Gln	Arg	Gln	Leu	Ile 75	Ile	Gly	Asp	Arg	Lys 80	Thr
Gly	Lys	Asn	Arg 85	Arg	Leu	Cys	Arg	Thr 90	Pro	Ser	Ser	Asn	Gln 95	Arg	Glu
Glu	Leu	Gly	Val 100	Arg	Trp	Ile	Pro	Arg 105	Ser	Arg	Cys	Ala	Cys 110	Val	Tyr
Val 115	Gly	His	Arg	Ala	Arg	Arg	Gly 120	Thr	Tyr	His	Arg	Arg 125			

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:85:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 117 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:85:

Cys Asp Ala Val Met Gly Phe Leu Gly Gly Ala Gly Pro Leu Ala Val  
 1 5 10 15  
 Val Asp Gln Gln Leu Val Thr Arg Val Pro Gln Gly Trp Ser Phe Ala  
 20 25 30  
 Gln Ala Ala Ala Val Pro Val Val Phe Leu Thr Ala Trp Tyr Gly Leu  
 35 40 45  
 Ala Asp Leu Ala Glu Ile Lys Ala Gly Glu Ser Val Leu Ile His Ala  
 50 55 60  
 Gly Thr Gly Gly Val Gly Met Ala Ala Val Gln Leu Ala Arg Gln Trp  
 65 70 75 80  
 Gly Val Glu Val Phe Val Thr Ala Ser Arg Gly Lys Trp Asp Thr Leu  
 85 90 95  
 Arg Ala Xaa Xaa Phe Asp Asp Xaa Pro Tyr Arg Xaa Phe Pro His Xaa  
 100 105 110  
 Arg Ser Ser Xaa Gly  
 115

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:86:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 103 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:86:

Met Tyr Arg Phe Ala Cys Arg Thr Leu Met Leu Ala Ala Cys Ile Leu  
 1                      5                      10                      15  
 Ala Thr Gly Val Ala Gly Leu Gly Val Gly Ala Gln Ser Ala Ala Gln  
                     20                      25                      30  
 Thr Ala Pro Val Pro Asp Tyr Tyr Trp Cys Pro Gly Gln Pro Phe Asp  
                     35                      40                      45  
 Pro Ala Trp Gly Pro Asn Trp Asp Pro Tyr Thr Cys His Asp Asp Phe  
                     50                      55                      60  
 His Arg Asp Ser Asp Gly Pro Asp His Ser Arg Asp Tyr Pro Gly Pro  
 65                      70                      75                      80  
 Ile Leu Glu Gly Pro Val Leu Asp Asp Pro Gly Ala Ala Pro Pro Pro  
                     85                      90                      95  
 Pro Ala Ala Gly Gly Gly Ala  
                     100

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:87:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 88 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:87:

Val Gln Cys Arg Val Trp Leu Glu Ile Gln Trp Arg Gly Met Leu Gly  
 1                      5                      10                      15

Ala Asp Gln Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly Pro Ala Arg Ile Trp Arg Glu His  
20 25 30

Ser Met Ala Ala Met Lys Pro Arg Thr Gly Asp Gly Pro Leu Glu Ala  
35 40 45

Thr Lys Glu Gly Arg Gly Ile Val Met Arg Val Pro Leu Glu Gly Gly  
50 55 60

Gly Arg Leu Val Val Glu Leu Thr Pro Asp Glu Ala Ala Ala Leu Gly  
65 70 75 80

Asp Glu Leu Lys Gly Val Thr Ser  
85

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:88:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 95 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:88:

Thr Asp Ala Ala Thr Leu Ala Gln Glu Ala Gly Asn Phe Glu Arg Ile  
1 5 10 15

Ser Gly Asp Leu Lys Thr Gln Ile Asp Gln Val Glu Ser Thr Ala Gly  
20 25 30

Ser Leu Gln Gly Gln Trp Arg Gly Ala Ala Gly Thr Ala Ala Gln Ala  
35 40 45

Ala Val Val Arg Phe Gln Glu Ala Ala Asn Lys Gln Lys Gln Glu Leu  
50 55 60

Asp Glu Ile Ser Thr Asn Ile Arg Gln Ala Gly Val Gln Tyr Ser Arg  
65 70 75 80

Ala Asp Glu Glu Gln Gln Gln Ala Leu Ser Ser Gln Met Gly Phe

95

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 166 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

Met	Thr	Gln	Ser	Gln	Thr	Val	Thr	Val	Asp	Gln	Gln	Glu	Ile	Leu	Asn
1				5					10					15	
Arg	Ala	Asn	Glu	Val	Glu	Ala	Pro	Met	Ala	Asp	Pro	Pro	Thr	Asp	Val
			20					25					30		
Pro	Ile	Thr	Pro	Cys	Glu	Leu	Thr	Xaa	Xaa	Lys	Asn	Ala	Ala	Gln	Gln
		35					40					45			
Xaa	Val	Leu	Ser	Ala	Asp	Asn	Met	Arg	Glu	Tyr	Leu	Ala	Ala	Gly	Ala
	50					55					60				
Lys	Glu	Arg	Gln	Arg	Leu	Ala	Thr	Ser	Leu	Arg	Asn	Ala	Ala	Lys	Xaa
65					70					75					80
Tyr	Gly	Glu	Val	Asp	Glu	Glu	Ala	Ala	Thr	Ala	Leu	Asp	Asn	Asp	Gly
				85					90					95	
Glu	Gly	Thr	Val	Gln	Ala	Glu	Ser	Ala	Gly	Ala	Val	Gly	Gly	Asp	Ser
			100					105					110		
Ser	Ala	Glu	Leu	Thr	Asp	Thr	Pro	Arg	Val	Ala	Thr	Ala	Gly	Glu	Pro
		115					120					125			
Asn	Phe	Met	Asp	Leu	Lys	Glu	Ala	Ala	Arg	Lys	Leu	Glu	Thr	Gly	Asp
	130					135					140				
Gln	Gly	Ala	Ser	Leu	Ala	His	Xaa	Gly	Asp	Gly	Trp	Asn	Thr	Xaa	Thr
145					150					155					160

Leu Thr Leu Gln Gly Asp  
165

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:90:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 5 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:90:

Arg Ala Glu Arg Met  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:91:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 263 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:91:

Val Ala Trp Met Ser Val Thr Ala Gly Gln Ala Glu Leu Thr Ala Ala  
1 5 10 15

Gln Val Arg Val Ala Ala Ala Tyr Glu Thr Ala Tyr Gly Leu Thr  
20 25 30

Val Pro Pro Pro Val Ile Ala Glu Asn Arg Ala Glu Leu Met Ile Leu  
35 40 45

Ile Ala Thr Asn Leu Leu Gly Gln Asn Thr Pro Ala Ile Ala Val Asn

50                      55                      60  
 Glu Ala Glu Tyr Gly Glu Met Trp Ala Gln Asp Ala Ala Ala Met Phe  
 65                      70                      75                      80  
 Gly Tyr Ala Ala Ala Thr Ala Thr Ala Thr Ala Thr Leu Leu Pro Phe  
                     85                      90                      95  
 Glu Glu Ala Pro Glu Met Thr Ser Ala Gly Gly Leu Leu Glu Gln Ala  
                     100                      105                      110  
 Ala Ala Val Glu Glu Ala Ser Asp Thr Ala Ala Ala Asn Gln Leu Met  
                     115                      120                      125  
 Asn Asn Val Pro Gln Ala Leu Lys Gln Leu Ala Gln Pro Thr Gln Gly  
                     130                      135                      140  
 Thr Thr Pro Ser Ser Lys Leu Gly Gly Leu Trp Lys Thr Val Ser Pro  
 145                      150                      155                      160  
 His Arg Ser Pro Ile Ser Asn Met Val Ser Met Ala Asn Asn His Met  
                     165                      170                      175  
 Ser Met Thr Asn Ser Gly Val Ser Met Thr Asn Thr Leu Ser Ser Met  
                     180                      185                      190  
 Leu Lys Gly Phe Ala Pro Ala Ala Ala Ala Gln Ala Val Gln Thr Ala  
                     195                      200                      205  
 Ala Gln Asn Gly Val Arg Ala Met Ser Ser Leu Gly Ser Ser Leu Gly  
                     210                      215                      220  
 Ser Ser Gly Leu Gly Gly Gly Val Ala Ala Asn Leu Gly Arg Ala Ala  
 225                      230                      235                      240  
 Ser Val Arg Tyr Gly His Arg Asp Gly Gly Lys Tyr Ala Xaa Ser Gly  
                     245                      250                      255  
 Arg Arg Asn Gly Gly Pro Ala  
                     260

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:92:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 303 amino acids



(B) TYPE: amino acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:92:

Met	Thr	Tyr	Ser	Pro	Gly	Asn	Pro	Gly	Tyr	Pro	Gln	Ala	Gln	Pro	Ala	1	5	10	15
Gly	Ser	Tyr	Gly	Gly	Val	Thr	Pro	Ser	Phe	Ala	His	Ala	Asp	Glu	Gly	20	25	30	
Ala	Ser	Lys	Leu	Pro	Met	Tyr	Leu	Asn	Ile	Ala	Val	Ala	Val	Leu	Gly	35	40	45	
Leu	Ala	Ala	Tyr	Phe	Ala	Ser	Phe	Gly	Pro	Met	Phe	Thr	Leu	Ser	Thr	50	55	60	
Glu	Leu	Gly	Gly	Gly	Asp	Gly	Ala	Val	Ser	Gly	Asp	Thr	Gly	Leu	Pro	65	70	75	80
Val	Gly	Val	Ala	Leu	Leu	Ala	Ala	Leu	Leu	Ala	Gly	Val	Val	Leu	Val	85	90	95	
Pro	Lys	Ala	Lys	Ser	His	Val	Thr	Val	Val	Ala	Val	Leu	Gly	Val	Leu	100	105	110	
Gly	Val	Phe	Leu	Met	Val	Ser	Ala	Thr	Phe	Asn	Lys	Pro	Ser	Ala	Tyr	115	120	125	
Ser	Thr	Gly	Trp	Ala	Leu	Trp	Val	Val	Leu	Ala	Phe	Ile	Val	Phe	Gln	130	135	140	
Ala	Val	Ala	Ala	Val	Leu	Ala	Leu	Leu	Val	Glu	Thr	Gly	Ala	Ile	Thr	145	150	155	160
Ala	Prc	Ala	Pro	Arg	Pro	Lys	Phe	Asp	Pro	Tyr	Gly	Gln	Tyr	Gly	Arg	165	170	175	
Tyr	Gly	Gln	Tyr	Gly	Gln	Tyr	Gly	Val	Gln	Pro	Gly	Gly	Tyr	Tyr	Gly	180	185	190	

Pro Ser Gly Gly Glu Gln Ser Ser Ser Pro Gly Gly Ala Pro Val  
290 295 300

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:93:

Phe Glu Arg Ile Ser Gly Asp Leu Lys Thr Gln Ile  
20 25

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 16 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:94:

Asp Gln Val Glu Ser Thr Ala Gly Ser Leu Gln Gly Gln Trp Arg Gly  
 1                      5                      10                      15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:95:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 27 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:95:

Gly Cys Gly Ser Thr Ala Gly Ser Leu Gln Gly Gln Trp Arg Gly Ala  
 1                      5                      10                      15

Ala Gly Thr Ala Ala Gln Ala Ala Val Val Arg  
                     20                      25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:96:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 27 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:96:

Gly	Cys	Gly	Gly	Thr	Ala	Ala	Gln	Ala	Ala	Val	Val	Arg	Phe	Gln	Glu
1				5				10						15	
Ala	Ala	Asn	Lys	Gln	Lys	Gln	Glu	Leu	Asp	Glu					
				20					25						

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:97:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 27 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:97:

Gly	Cys	Gly	Ala	Asn	Lys	Gln	Lys	Gln	Glu	Leu	Asp	Glu	Ile	Ser	Thr
1				5				10					15		
Asn	Ile	Arg	Gln	Ala	Gly	Val	Gln	Tyr	Ser	Arg					
				20					25						

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:98:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 28 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:98:

Gly	Cys	Gly	Ile	Arg	Gln	Ala	Gly	Val	Gln	Tyr	Ser	Arg	Ala	Asp	Glu
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

09724500 143000

1	5	10	15
Glu	Gln	Gln	Gln
Ala	Leu	Ser	Ser
Gln	Met	Gly	Phe
20	25		

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:99:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 507 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:99:

ATGAAGATGG TGAAATCGAT CGCCGCAGGT CTGACCGCCG CGGCTGCAAT CGGCGCCGCT	60
GCGGCCGGTG TGACTTCGAT CATGGCTGGC GGCCCGGTCTG TATACCAGAT GCAGCCGGTC	120
GTCTTCGGCG CGCCACTGCC GTTGGACCCG GCATCCGCCC CTGACGTCCC GACCGCCGCC	180
CAGTTGACCA GCCTGCTCAA CAGCCTCGCC GATCCCAACG TGTCGTTTGC GAACAAGGGC	240
AGTCTGGTCG AGGGCGGCAT CGGGGGCACC GAGGCGCGCA TCGCCGACCA CAAGCTGAAG	300
AAGGCCGCCG AGCACGGGGA TCTGCCGCTG TCGTTCAGCG TGACGAACAT CCAGCCGGCG	360
GCCGCCGGTT CGGCCACCGC CGACGTTTCC GTCTCGGGTC CGAAGCTCTC GTCGCCGGTC	420
ACGCAGAACG TCACGTTCGT GAATCAAGGC GGCTGGATGC TGTCACGCGC ATCGGCGATG	480
GAGTTGCTGC AGGCCGCAGG GAACTGA	507

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:100:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 168 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

09744500 09744500

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:100:

Met Lys Met Val Lys Ser Ile Ala Ala Gly Leu Thr Ala Ala Ala Ala  
 1 5 10 15  
 Ile Gly Ala Ala Ala Gly Val Thr Ser Ile Met Ala Gly Gly Pro  
 20 25 30  
 Val Val Tyr Gln Met Gln Pro Val Val Phe Gly Ala Pro Leu Pro Leu  
 35 40 45  
 Asp Pro Ala Ser Ala Pro Asp Val Pro Thr Ala Ala Gln Leu Thr Ser  
 50 55 60  
 Leu Leu Asn Ser Leu Ala Asp Pro Asn Val Ser Phe Ala Asn Lys Gly  
 65 70 75 80  
 Ser Leu Val Glu Gly Gly Ile Gly Gly Thr Glu Ala Arg Ile Ala Asp  
 85 90 95  
 His Lys Leu Lys Lys Ala Ala Glu His Gly Asp Leu Pro Leu Ser Phe  
 100 105 110  
 Ser Val Thr Asn Ile Gln Pro Ala Ala Ala Gly Ser Ala Thr Ala Asp  
 115 120 125  
 Val Ser Val Ser Gly Pro Lys Leu Ser Ser Pro Val Thr Gln Asn Val  
 130 135 140  
 Thr Phe Val Asn Gln Gly Gly Trp Met Leu Ser Arg Ala Ser Ala Met  
 145 150 155 160  
 Glu Leu Leu Gln Ala Ala Gly Asn  
 165

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:101:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 500 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:101:

CGTGGCAATG TCGTTGACCG TCGGGGCCGG GGTGCCTCC GCAGATCCCG TGGACGCGT	60
CATTAACACC ACCTGCAATT ACGGGCAGGT AGTAGCTGCG CTCAACGCGA CGGATCCGGG	120
GGCTGCCGCA CAGTTCAACG CCTCACCGGT GGCGCAGTCC TATTTGCGCA ATTTCTCGC	180
CGCACCGCCA CCTCAGCGCG CTGCCATGGC CGCGCAATTG CAAGCTGTGC CGGGGGCGGC	240
ACAGTACATC GGCCTTGTCG AGTCGGTTGC CGGCTCCTGC AACAACTATT AAGCCCATGC	300
GGGCCCCATC CCGCGACCCG GCATCGTCGC CGGGGCTAGG CCAGATTGCC CCGCTCCTCA	360
ACGGGCGCA TCCGCGACC CGGCATCGTC GCCGGGGCTA GGCCAGATTG CCCCCTCCT	420
CAACGGGCCG CATCTCGTGC CGAATTCCTG CAGCCCGGGG GATCCACTAG TTCTAGAGCG	480
GCCGCCACCG CGGTGGAGCT	500

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:102:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 96 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:102:

Val	Ala	Met	Ser	Leu	Thr	Val	Gly	Ala	Gly	Val	Ala	Ser	Ala	Asp	Pro
1				5				10						15	

Val	Asp	Ala	Val	Ile	Asn	Thr	Thr	Cys	Asn	Tyr	Gly	Gln	Val	Val	Ala
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:103:

(A) LENGTH: 154 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

ATGACAGAGC AGCAGTGGAA TTTCGCGGGT ATCGAGGCCG CGGCAAGCGC AATCCAGGGGA	60
AATGTCACGT CCATTCATTC CCTCCTTGAC GAGGGGAAGC AGTCCCTGAC CAAGCTCGCA	120
GCGGCCTGGG GCGGTAGCGG TTCGGAAGCG TACC	154

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 51 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear



## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:104:

Met Thr Glu Gln Gln Trp Asn Phe Ala Gly Ile Glu Ala Ala Ala Ser  
 1                      5                      10                      15

Ala Ile Gln Gly Asn Val Thr Ser Ile His Ser Leu Leu Asp Glu Gly  
                     20                      25                      30

Lys Gln Ser Leu Thr Lys Leu Ala Ala Ala Trp Gly Gly Ser Gly Ser  
                     35                      40                      45

Glu Ala Tyr  
                     50

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:105:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 282 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:105:

CGGTCGCGCA CTTCCAGGTG ACTATGAAAG TCGGCTTCCG NCTGGAGGAT TCCTGAACCT                      60

TCAAGCGCGG CCGATAACTG AGGTGCATCA TTAAGCGACT TTTCCAGAAC ATCCTGACGC                      120

GCTCGAAACG CGGCACAGCC GACGGTGGCT CCGNCGAGGC GCTGNCTCCA AAATCCCTGA                      180

GACAATTCGN CGGGGGCGCC TACAAGGAAG TCGGTGCTGA ATTCGNCNG TATCTGGTCG                      240

ACCTGTGTGG TCTGNAGCCG GACGAAGCGG TGCTCGACGT CG                      282

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:106:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 3058 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

• (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:106:

GATCGTACCC GTGCGAGTGC TCGGGCCGTT TGAGGATGGA GTGCACGTGT CTTTCGTGAT	60
GGCATACCCA GAGATGTTGG CGGCGGCGGC TGACACCCTG CAGAGCATCG GTGCTACCAC	120
TGTGGCTAGC AATGCCGCTG CGGCGGCCCC GACGACTGGG GTGGTGCCCC CCGCTGCCGA	180
TGAGGTGTCT GCGCTGACTG CGGCGCACTT CGCCGCACAT GCGGCGATGT ATCAGTCCGT	240
GAGCGCTCGG GCTGCTGCGA TTCATGACCA GTTCGTGGCC ACCCTTGCCA GCAGCGCCAG	300
CTCGTATGCG GCCACTGAAG TCGCCAATGC GGCGGCGGCC AGCTAAGCCA GGAACAGTCG	360
GCACGAGAAA CCACGAGAAA TAGGGACACG TAATGGTGGA TTTCGGGGCG TTACCACCGG	420
AGATCAACTC CGCGAGGATG TACGCCGGCC CGGGTTCGGC CTCGCTGGTG GCCGCGGCTC	480
AGATGTGGGA CAGCGTGGCG AGTGACCTGT TTTCGGCCGC GTCGGCGTTT CAGTCGGTGG	540
TCTGGGGTCT GACGGTGGGG TCGTGGATAG GTTCGTGGC GGGTCTGATG GTGGCGGCGG	600
CCTCGCCGTA TGTGGCGTGG ATGAGCGTCA CCGCGGGGCA GGCCGAGCTG ACCGCCGCC	660
AGGTCCGGGT TGCTGCGGCG GCCTACGAGA CGGCGTATGG GCTGACGGTG CCCCCGCCG	720
TGATCGCCGA GAACCGTGCT GAACTGATGA TTCTGATAGC GACCAACCTC TTGGGGCAAA	780
ACACCCCGGC GATCGCGGTC AACGAGGCCG AATACGGCGA GATGTGGGCC CAAGACGCCG	840
CCGCGATGTT TGGCTACGCC GCGGCGACGG CGACGGCGAC GGCGACGTTG CTGCCGTTG	900
AGGAGGCGCC GGAGATGACC AGCGCGGGTG GGCTCCTCGA GCAGGCCGCC GCGGTCGAGG	960
AGGCCTCCGA CACCGCCGCG GCGAACCAGT TGATGAACAA TGTGCCCCAG GCGCTGCAAC	1020
AGCTGGCCCA GCCCAGCAG GGCACCACGC CTTCTTCAA GCTGGGTGGC CTGTGGAAGA	1080
CGGTCTCGCC GCATCGGTG CCGATCAGCA ACATGGTGTC GATGGCCAAC AACCACATGT	1140

CGGTCTCGCC

CGATGACCAA CTCGGGTGTG TCGATGACCA ACACCTTGAG CTCGATGTTG AAGGGCTTTG	1200
CTCCGGCGGC GGCCGCCCAG GCCGTGCAAA CCGCGGCGCA AAACGGGGTC CGGGCGATGA	1260
GCTCGCTGGG CAGCTCGCTG GGTTCTTCGG GTCTGGGCGG TGGGGTGGCC GCCAACTTGG	1320
GTCTGGGCGGC CTCGGTCTGG TCGTTGTCGG TGCCGCAGGC CTGGGCGCGG GCCAACCAGG	1380
CAGTCACCCC GGCGGCGCGG GCGCTGCCGC TGACCAGCCT GACCAGCGCC GCGGAAAGAG	1440
GGCCCCGGGCA GATGCTGGGC GGGCTGCCGG TGGGGCAGAT GGGCGCCAGG GCCGGTGGTG	1500
GGCTCAGTGG TGTGCTGCGT GTTCCGCCGC GACCCTATGT GATGCCGCAT TCTCCGGCGG	1560
CCGGCTAGGA GAGGGGGCGC AGACTGTCGT TATTTGACCA GTGATCGGCG GTCTCGGTGT	1620
TTCCGCGGCC GGCTATGACA ACAGTCAATG TGCATGACAA GTTACAGGTA TTAGGTCCAG	1680
GTTCAACAAG GAGACAGGCA ACATGGCCTC ACGTTTTATG ACGGATCCGC ACGCGATGCG	1740
GGACATGGCG GGCCGTTTTG AGGTGCACGC CCAGACGGTG GAGGACGAGG CTCGCCGGAT	1800
GTGGGCGTCC GCGCAAAACA TTTCCGGTGC GGGCTGGAGT GGCATGGCCG AGGCGACCTC	1860
GCTAGACACC ATGGCCCAGA TGAATCAGGC GTTTCGCAAC ATCGTGAACA TGCTGCACGG	1920
GGTGCCTGAC GGGCTGGTTC GCGACGCCAA CAACTACGAG CAGCAAGAGC AGGCCTCCCA	1980
GCAGATCCTC AGCAGCTAAC GTCAGCCGCT GCAGCACAAT ACTTTTACAA GCGAAGGAGA	2040
ACAGGTTCGA TGACCATCAA CTATCAATTC GGGGATGTCT ACGCTCACGG CGCCATGATC	2100
CGCGCTCAGG CCGGGTTGCT GGAGGCCGAG CATCAGGCCA TCATTCGTGA TGTGTTGACC	2160
GCGAGTGA CT TTTGGGGCGG CGCCGGTTCG GCGGCCTGCC AGGGGTTCAT TACCCAGTTG	2220
GGCCGTA ACT TCCAGGTGAT CTACGAGCAG GCCAACGCCC ACGGGCAGAA GGTGCAGGCT	2280
GCCGGCAACA ACATGGCGCA AACCGACAGC GCCGTCTGGCT CCAGCTGGGC CTGACACCAG	2340
GCCAAGGCCA GGGACGTGGT GTACGAGTGA AGTTCCTCGC GTGATCCTTC GGGTGGCAGT	2400
CTAAGTGGTC AGTGCTGGGG TGTTGGTGGT TTGCTGCTTG GCGGGTTCTT CGGTGCTGGT	2460

CAGTGCTGCT CGGGCTCGGG TGAGGACCTC GAGGCCAGG TAGCGCCGTC CTTCGATCCA 2520  
 TTCGTCGTGT TGTTCGGCGA GGACGGCTCC GACGAGGCGG ATGATCGAGG CGCGGTCGGG 2580  
 GAAGATGCCC ACGACGTCGG TTCGGCGTCG TACCTCTCGG TTGAGGCGTT CCTGGGGGTT 2640  
 GTTGGACCAG ATTTGGCGCC AGATCTGCTT GGGGAAGGCG GTGAACGCCA GCAGGTCGGT 2700  
 GCGGGCGGTG TCGAGGTGCT CGGCCACCGC GGGGAGTTTG TCGGTCAGAG CGTCGAGTAC 2760  
 CCGATCATAT TGGGCAACAA CTGATTCGGC GTCGGGCTGG TCGTAGATGG AGTGCAGCAG 2820  
 GGTGCGCACC CACGGCCAGG AGGGCTTCGG GGTGGCTGCC ATCAGATTGG CTGCGTAGTG 2880  
 GGTCTGCAG CGCTGCCAGG CCGCTGCGGG CAGGGTGGCG CCGATCGCGG CCACCAGGCC 2940  
 GGCGTGGGCG TCGCTGGTGA CCAGCGCGAC CCCGGACAGG CCGCGGGCGA CCAGGTCGCG 3000  
 GAAGAACGCC AGCCAGCCGG CCCCGTCCTC GGCGGAGGTG ACCTGGATGC CCAGGATC 3058

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:107:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 391 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:107:

Met	Val	Asp	Phe	Gly	Ala	Leu	Pro	Pro	Glu	Ile	Asn	Ser	Ala	Arg	Met
1				5					10					15	
Tyr	Ala	Gly	Pro	Gly	Ser	Ala	Ser	Leu	Val	Ala	Ala	Ala	Gln	Met	Trp
			20					25					30		
Asp	Ser	Val	Ala	Ser	Asp	Leu	Phe	Ser	Ala	Ala	Ser	Ala	Phe	Gln	Ser
		35				40					45				
Val	Val	Trp	Gly	Leu	Thr	Val	Gly	Ser	Trp	Ile	Gly	Ser	Ser	Ala	Gly
	50					55					60				

Met Ser Ser Leu Gly Ser Ser Leu Gly Ser Ser Gly Leu Gly Gly Gly  
290 295 300

Val Ala Ala Asn Leu Gly Arg Ala Ala Ser Val Gly Ser Leu Ser Val  
305 310 315 320

Pro Gln Ala Trp Ala Ala Ala Asn Gln Ala Val Thr Pro Ala Ala Arg  
325 330 335

Ala Leu Pro Leu Thr Ser Leu Thr Ser Ala Ala Glu Arg Gly Pro Gly  
340 345 350

Gln Met Leu Gly Gly Leu Pro Val Gly Gln Met Gly Ala Arg Ala Gly  
355 360 365

Gly Gly Leu Ser Gly Val Leu Arg Val Pro Pro Arg Pro Tyr Val Met  
370 375 380

Pro His Ser Pro Ala Ala Gly  
385 390

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:108:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1725 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:108:

GACGTCAGCA CCCGCCGTGC AGGGCTGGAG CGTGGTCGGT TTTGATCTGC GGTCAAGGTG	60
ACGTCCCTCG GCGTGTCGCC GGCCTGGATG CAGACTCGAT GCCGCTCTTT AGTGCAACTA	120
ATTTTCGTTGA AGTGCCTGCG AGGTATAGGA CTTACGATT GGTTAATGTA GCGTTCACCC	180
CGTGTTGGGG TCGATTTGGC CGGACCAGTC GTCACCAACG CTTGGCGTGC GCGCCAGGCG	240
GGCGATCAGA TCGCTTGACT ACCAATCAAT CTTGAGCTCC CGGGCCGATG CTCGGGCTAA	300
ATGAGGAGGA GCACGCGTGT CTTTCACTGC GCAACCGGAG ATGTTGGCGG CCGCGGCTGG	360

CGAACTTCGT	TCCCTGGGGG	CAACGCTGAA	GGCTAGCAAT	GCCGCCGCAG	CCGTGCCGAC	420
GA CTGGGGTG	GTGCCCCCGG	CTGCCGACGA	GGTGTGCTG	CTGCTTGCCA	CACAATTCCG	480
TACGCATGCG	GCGACGTATC	AGACGGCCAG	CGCCAAGGCC	GCGGTGATCC	ATGAGCAGTT	540
TGTGACCACG	CTGGCCACCA	GCGCTAGTTC	ATATGCGGAC	ACCGAGGCCG	CCAACGCTGT	600
GGTCACCGGC	TAGCTGACCT	GACGGTATTC	GAGCGGAAGG	ATTATCGAAG	TGGTGGATTT	660
CGGGGCGTTA	CCACCGGAGA	TCAACTCCGC	GAGGATGTAC	GCCGGCCCGG	GTTCCGGCCTC	720
GCTGGTGGCC	GCCGCGAAGA	TGTGGGACAG	CGTGGCGAGT	GACCTGTTTT	CGGCCGCGTC	780
GGCGTTTCAG	TCGGTGGTCT	GGGGTCTGAC	GGTGGGGTCG	TGGATAGGTT	CGTCGGCGGG	840
TCTGATGGCG	GCGGCGGCCT	CGCCGTATGT	GGCGTGGATG	AGCGTCACCG	CGGGGCAGGC	900
CCAGCTGACC	GCCGCCCAGG	TCCGGGTTGC	TGCGGCGGCC	TACGAGACAG	CGTATAGGCT	960
GACGGTGCCC	CCGCCGGTGA	TCGCCGAGAA	CCGTACCGAA	CTGATGACGC	TGACCGCGAC	1020
CAACCTCTTG	GGGCAAAACA	CGCCGGCGAT	CGAGGCCAAT	CAGGCCGCAT	ACAGCCAGAT	1080
GTGGGGCCAA	GACGCGGAGG	CGATGTATGG	CTACGCCGCC	ACGGCGGCCA	CGGCGACCGA	1140
GGCGTTGCTG	CCGTTTCGAGG	ACGCCCCACT	GATCACCAAC	CCCGGCGGGC	TCCTTGAGCA	1200
GGCCGTCGCG	GTCGAGGAGG	CCATCGACAC	CGCCGCGGCG	AACCAGTTGA	TGAACAATGT	1260
GCCCCAAGCG	CTGCAACAGC	TGGCCCAGCC	AGCGCAGGGC	GTCGTACCTT	CTTCCAAGCT	1320
GGGTGGGCTG	TGGACGGCGG	TCTCGCCGCA	TCTGTGCGCG	CTCAGCAACG	TCAGTTCGAT	1380
AGCCAACAAC	CACATGTCGA	TGATGGGCAC	GGGTGTGTCG	ATGACCAACA	CCTTGCACTC	1440
GATGTTGAAG	GGCTTAGCTC	CGGCGGCGGC	TCAGGCCGTG	GAAACCGCGG	CGGAAAACGG	1500
GGTCTGGGCG	ATGAGCTCGC	TGGGCAGCCA	GCTGGGTTTCG	TCGCTGGGTT	CTTCGGGTCT	1560
GGGCGCTGGG	GTGGCCGCCA	ACTTGGGTCTG	GGCGGCCTCG	GTCGGTTCGT	TGTCGGTGCC	1620
GCCAGCATGG	GCCGCGGCCA	ACCAGGCGGT	CACCCCGGCG	GCGCGGGCGC	TGCCGCTGAC	1680
CAGCCTGACC	AGCGCCGCCC	AAACCGCCCC	CGGACACATG	CTGGG		1725

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:109:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 359 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:109:

```

Val Val Asp Phe Gly Ala Leu Pro Pro Glu Ile Asn Ser Ala Arg Met
1           5           10           15

Tyr Ala Gly Pro Gly Ser Ala Ser Leu Val Ala Ala Ala Lys Met Trp
          20           25           30

Asp Ser Val Ala Ser Asp Leu Phe Ser Ala Ala Ser Ala Phe Gln Ser
          35           40           45

Val Val Trp Gly Leu Thr Val Gly Ser Trp Ile Gly Ser Ser Ala Gly
          50           55           60

Leu Met Ala Ala Ala Ala Ser Pro Tyr Val Ala Trp Met Ser Val Thr
          65           70           75           80

Ala Gly Gln Ala Gln Leu Thr Ala Ala Gln Val Arg Val Ala Ala Ala
          85           90           95

Ala Tyr Glu Thr Ala Tyr Arg Leu Thr Val Pro Pro Pro Val Ile Ala
          100          105          110

Glu Asn Arg Thr Glu Leu Met Thr Leu Thr Ala Thr Asn Leu Leu Gly
          115          120          125

Gln Asn Thr Pro Ala Ile Glu Ala Asn Gln Ala Ala Tyr Ser Gln Met
          130          135          140

Trp Gly Gln Asp Ala Glu Ala Met Tyr Gly Tyr Ala Ala Thr Ala Ala
          145          150          155          160

```



Ala Pro Gly His Met Leu Gly  
355

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 3027 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:110:

AGTTCAGTCG AGAATGATAC TGACGGGCTG TATCCACGAT GGCTGAGACA ACCGAACCAC 60  
 CGTCGGACGC GGGGACATCG CAAGCCGACG CGATGGCGTT GGCCGCCGAA GCCGAAGCCG 120  
 CCGAAGCCGA AGCGCTGGCC GCCGCGGCGC GGGCCCGTGC CCGTGCCGCC CGGTTGAAGC 180  
 GTGAGGCGCT GGCGATGGCC CCAGCCGAGG ACGAGAACGT CCCCAGGAT ATGCAGACTG 240  
 GGAAGACGCC GAAGACTATG ACGACTATGA CGACTATGAG GCCGCAGACC AGGAGGCCGC 300  
 ACGGTCGGCA TCCTGGCGAC GCGGTTGCG GGTGCGGTTA CCAAGACTGT CCACGATTGC 360  
 CATGGCGGCC GCAGTCGTCA TCATCTGCGG CTTACCGGG CTCAGCGGAT ACATTGTGTG 420  
 GCAACACCAT GAGGCCACCG AACGCCAGCA GCGCGCCGCG GCGTTCGCCG CCGGAGCCAA 480  
 GCAAGGTGTC ATCAACATGA CCTCGCTGGA CTTCAACAAG GCCAAAGAAG ACGTCGCGCG 540  
 TGTGATCGAC AGCTCCACCG GCGAATTCAG GGATGACTTC CAGCAGCGGG CAGCCGATTT 600  
 CACCAAGGTT GTCGAACAGT CCAAAGTGGT CACCGAAGGC ACGGTGAACG CGACAGCCGT 660  
 CGAATCCATG AACGAGCATT CCGCCGTGGT GCTCGTCGCG GCGACTTCAC GGGTCACCAA 720  
 TTCCGCTGGG GCGAAAGACG AACCACGTGC GTGGCGGCTC AAAGTGACCG TGACCGAAGA 780  
 GGGGGGACAG TACAAGATGT CGAAAGTTGA GTTCGTACCG TGACCGATGA CGTACGCGAC 840  
 GTCAACACCG AAACCACTGA CGCCACCGAA GTCGCTGAGA TCGACTCAGC CGCAGGCGAA 900  
 GCCGGTGATT CGGCGACCGA GGCATTTGAC ACCGACTCTG CAACGGAATC TACCGCGCAG 960  
 AAGGGTCAGC GGCACCGTGA CCTGTGGCGA ATGCAGGTTA CTTGAAACC CGTTCCGGTG 1020  
 ATTCTCATCC TGCTCATGTT GATCTCTGGG GGCGCGACGG GATGGCTATA CCTTGAGCAA 1080  
 TACGACCCGA TCAGCAGACG GACTCCGGCG CCGCCCGTGC TGCCGTCGCC GCGGCGTCTG 1140

CCGAT" seq42650

ACGGGACAAT CGCGCTGTTG TGTATTCACC CGACACGTCG ACCAAGACTT CGCTACCGCC 1200  
 AGGTCGCACC TCGCCGGCGA TTTCCTGTCC TATACGACCA GTTCACGCAG CAGATCGTGG 1260  
 CTCCGGCGGC CAAACAGAAG TCACTGAAAA CCACCGCCAA GGTGGTGCGC GCGGCCGTGT 1320  
 CGGAGCTACA TCCGATTTCG GCCGTCGTTT TGGTTTTTGT CGACCAGAGC ACTACCAGTA 1380  
 AGGACAGCCC CAATCCGTCG ATGGCGGCCA GCAGCGTGAT GGTGACCCTA GCCAAGGTCG 1440  
 ACGGCAATTG GCTGATCACC AAGTTCACCC CGGTTTAGGT TGCCGTAGGC GGTGCGCAAG 1500  
 TCTGACGGGG GCGCGGGTGG CTGCTCGTGC GAGATACCGG CCGTTCTCCG GACAATCACG 1560  
 GCCCCACCTC AAACAGATCT CGGCCGCTGT CTAATCGGCC GGGTTATTTA AGATTAGTTG 1620  
 CCACTGTATT TACCTGATGT TCAGATTGTT CAGCTGGATT TAGCTTCGCG GCAGGGCGGC 1680  
 TGGTGCACTT TGCATCTGGG GTTGTGACTA CTTGAGAGAA TTTGACCTGT TGCCGACGTT 1740  
 GTTTGCTGTC CATCATTGGT GCTAGTTATG GCCGAGCGGA AGGATTATCG AAGTGGTGGA 1800  
 CTTGCGGGCG TTACCACCGG AGATCAACTC CGCGAGGATG TACGCCGGCC CGGGTTCGGC 1860  
 CTCGCTGGTG GCCGCCGCGA AGATGTGGGA CAGCGTGGCG AGTGACCTGT TTTCGGCCGC 1920  
 GTCGGCGTTT CAGTCGGTGG TCTGGGGTCT GACGACGGGA TCGTGGATAG GTTCGTCGGC 1980  
 GGGTCTGATG GTGGCGGCGG CCTCGCCGTA TGTGGCGTGG ATGAGCGTCA CCGCGGGGCA 2040  
 GGCCGAGCTG ACCGCCGCC AGGTCCGGGT TGCTGCGGCG GCCTACGAGA CGGCGTATGG 2100  
 GCTGACGGTG CCCCCGCCGG TGATCGCCGA GAACCGTGCT GAACTGATGA TTCTGATAGC 2160  
 GACCAACCTC TTGGGGCAAA ACACCCCGGC GATCGCGGTC AACGAGGCCG AATACGGGGA 2220  
 GATGTGGGCC CAAGACGCCG CCGCGATGTT TGGCTACGCC GCCACGGCGG CGACGGCGAC 2280  
 CGAGGCGTTG CTGCCGTTTC AGGACGCCCC ACTGATCACC AACCCGGCG GGCTCCTTGA 2340  
 GCAGGCCGTC GCGGTCGAGG AGGCCATCGA CACCGCCGCG GCGAACCAGT TGATGAACAA 2400  
 TGTGCCCCAA GCGCTGCAAC AACTGGCCCA GCCCACGAAA AGCATCTGGC CGTTCGACCA 2460

ACTGAGTGAA CTCTGGAAAG CCATCTCGCC GCATCTGTCG CCGCTCAGCA ACATCGTGTC 2520  
 GATGCTCAAC AACCACGTGT CGATGACCAA CTCGGGTGTG TCGATGGCCA GCACCTTGCA 2580  
 CTCAATGTTG AAGGGCTTTG CTCCGGCGGC GGCTCAGGCC GTGGAAACCG CGGCACAAA 2640  
 CGGGGTCCAG GCGATGAGCT CGCTGGGCAG CCAGCTGGGT TCGTCGCTGG GTTCTTCGGG 2700  
 TCTGGGCGCT GGGGTGGCCG CCAACTTGGG TCGGGCGGCC TCGGTCGGTT CGTTGTCGGT 2760  
 GCCGCAGGCC TGGGCCGCGG CCAACCAGGC GGTCACCCCG GCGGCGCGGG CGCTGCCGCT 2820  
 GACCAGCCTG ACCAGCGCCG CCCAAACCGC CCCC GGACAC ATGCTGGGCG GGCTACCGCT 2880  
 GGGGCAACTG ACCAATAGCG GCGGCGGGTT CGGCGGGGTT AGCAATGCGT TCGGATGCC 2940  
 GCCGCGGGCG TACGTAATGC CCCGTGTGCC CGCCGCCGGG TAACGCCGAT CCGCACGCAA 3000  
 TCGGGGCCCT CTATGCGGGC AGCGATC 3027

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:111:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 396 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:111:

Val	Val	Asp	Phe	Gly	Ala	Leu	Pro	Pro	Glu	Ile	Asn	Ser	Ala	Arg	Met
1				5					10					15	
Tyr	Ala	Gly	Pro	Gly	Ser	Ala	Ser	Leu	Val	Ala	Ala	Ala	Lys	Met	Trp
			20					25					30		
Asp	Ser	Val	Ala	Ser	Asp	Leu	Phe	Ser	Ala	Ala	Ser	Ala	Phe	Gln	Ser
		35				40						45			
Val	Val	Trp	Gly	Leu	Thr	Thr	Gly	Ser	Trp	Ile	Gly	Ser	Ser	Ala	Gly
		50				55					60				

Ser Ser Leu Gly Ser Gln Leu Gly Ser Ser Leu Gly Ser Ser Gly Leu  
290 295 300

Gly Ala Gly Val Ala Ala Asn Leu Gly Arg Ala Ala Ser Val Gly Ser  
305 310 315 320

Leu Ser Val Pro Gln Ala Trp Ala Ala Ala Asn Gln Ala Val Thr Pro  
325 330 335

Ala Ala Arg Ala Leu Pro Leu Thr Ser Leu Thr Ser Ala Ala Gln Thr  
340 345 350

Ala Pro Gly His Met Leu Gly Gly Leu Pro Leu Gly Gln Leu Thr Asn  
355 360 365

Ser Gly Gly Gly Phe Gly Gly Val Ser Asn Ala Leu Arg Met Pro Pro  
370 375 380

Arg Ala Tyr Val Met Pro Arg Val Pro Ala Ala Gly  
385 390 395

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:112:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1616 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:112:

CATCGGAGGG AGTGATCACC ATGCTGTGGC ACGCAATGCC ACCGGAGTAA ATACCGCACG	60
GCTGATGGCC GGCGCGGGTC CGGCTCCAAT GCTTGCGGCG GCCGCGGGAT GGCAGACGCT	120
TTCGGCGGCT CTGGACGCTC AGGCCGTCTGA GTTGACCGCG CGCCTGAACT CTCTGGGAGA	180
AGCCTGGACT GGAGGTGGCA GCGACAAGGC GCTTGCGGCT GCAACGCCGA TGGTGGTCTG	240
GCTACAAACC GCGTCAACAC AGGCCAAGAC CCGTGCGATG CAGGCGACGG CGCAAGCCGC	300
GGCATAACCC CAGGCCATGG CCACGACGCC GTCGCTGCCG GAGATCGCCG CCAACCACAT	360

CACCCAGGCC GTCCTTACGG CCACCAACTT CTTCCGGTATC AACACGATCC CGATCGCGTT 420  
GACCGAGATG GATTATTTCA TCCGTATGTG GAACCAGGCA GCCCTGGCAA TGGAGGTCTA 480  
CCAGGCCGAG ACCGCGGTTA ACACGCTTTT CGAGAAGCTC GAGCCGATGG CGTCGATCCT 540  
TGATCCCGGC GCGAGCCAGA GCACGACGAA CCCGATCTTC GGAATGCCCT CCCCTGGCAG 600  
CTCAACACCG GTTGCCAGT TGCCGCCGGC GGCTACCCAG ACCCTCGGCC AACTGGGTGA 660  
GATGAGCGGC CCGATGCAGC AGCTGACCCA GCCGCTGCAG CAGGTGACGT CGTTGTTTCA 720  
CCAGGTGGGC GGCACCGGCG GCGGCAACCC AGCCGACGAG GAAGCCGCGC AGATGGGCCT 780  
GCTCGGCACC AGTCCGCTGT CGAACCATCC GCTGGCTGGT GGATCAGGCC CCAGCGCGGG 840  
CGCGGGCCTG CTGCGCGCGG AGTCGCTACC TGGCGCAGGT GGGTCGTTGA CCCGCACGCC 900  
GCTGATGTCT CAGCTGATCG AAAAGCCGGT TGCCCCCTCG GTGATGCCGG CGGCTGCTGC 960  
CGGATCGTCG GCGACGGGTG GCGCCGCTCC GGTGGGTGCG GGAGCGATGG GCCAGGGTGC 1020  
GCAATCCGGC GGCTCCACCA GGCCGGGTCT GGTGCGGCCG GCACCGCTCG CGCAGGAGCG 1080  
TGAAGAAGAC GACGAGGACG ACTGGGACGA AGAGGACGAC TGGTGAGCTC CCGTAATGAC 1140  
AACAGACTTC CCGGCCACCC GGGCCGGAAG ACTTGCCAAC ATTTTGGCGA GGAAGGTAAA 1200  
GAGAGAAAGT AGTCCAGCAT GGCAGAGATG AAGACCGATG CCGCTACCCT CGCGCAGGAG 1260  
GCAGGTAATT TCGAGCGGAT CTCCGGCGAC CTGAAAACCC AGATCGACCA GGTGGAGTCG 1320  
ACGGCAGGTT CGTTGCAGGG CCAGTGGCGC GGCGCGGCGG GGACGGCCGC CCAGGCCGCG 1380  
GTGGTGCGCT TCCAAGAAGC AGCCAATAAG CAGAAGCAGG AACTCGACGA GATCTCGACG 1440  
AATATTCGTC AGGCCGGCGT CCAATACTCG AGGGCCGACG AGGAGCAGCA GCAGGCGCTG 1500  
TCCTCGCAA TGGGCTTCTG ACCCGCTAAT ACGAAAAGAA ACGGAGCAA AACATGACAG 1560  
AGCAGCAGTG GAATTCGCG GGTATCGAGG CCGCGGCAAG CGCAATCCAG GGAAT 1616

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:113:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 432 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:113:

CTAGTGGATG GGACCATGGC CATTTTCTGC AGTCTCACTG CCTTCTGTGT TGACATTTTG	60
GCACGCCGGC GGAAACGAAG CACTGGGGTC GAAGAACGGC TGCGCTGCCA TATCGTCCGG	120
AGCTTCCATA CCTTCGTGCG GCCGGAAGAG CTTGTCGTAG TCGGCCGCCA TGACAACCTC	180
TCAGAGTGCG CTCAAACGTA TAAACACGAG AAAGGGCGAG ACCGACGGAA GGTCGAACTC	240
GCCCGATCCC GTGTTTCGCT ATTCTACGCG AACTCGGCGT TGCCCTATGC GAACATCCCA	300
GTGACGTTGC CTTGCGTCGA AGCCATTGCC TGACCGGCTT CGCTGATCGT CCGCGCCAGG	360
TTCTGCAGCG CGTTGTTTCTAG CTCGGTAGCC GTGGCGTCCC ATTTTGTCTG GACACCCTGG	420
TACGCCTCCG AA	432

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:114:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 368 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:114:

Met	Leu	Trp	His	Ala	Met	Pro	Pro	Glu	Xaa	Asn	Thr	Ala	Arg	Leu	Met
1				5				10						15	

Ala	Gly	Ala	Gly	Pro	Ala	Pro	Met	Leu	Ala	Ala	Ala	Ala	Gly	Trp	Gln
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----



			20					25						30		
Thr	Leu	Ser	Ala	Ala	Leu	Asp	Ala	Gln	Ala	Val	Glu	Leu	Thr	Ala	Arg	
		35					40					45				
Leu	Asn	Ser	Leu	Gly	Glu	Ala	Trp	Thr	Gly	Gly	Gly	Ser	Asp	Lys	Ala	
	50					55					60					
Leu	Ala	Ala	Ala	Thr	Pro	Met	Val	Val	Trp	Leu	Gln	Thr	Ala	Ser	Thr	
65					70					75					80	
Gln	Ala	Lys	Thr	Arg	Ala	Met	Gln	Ala	Thr	Ala	Gln	Ala	Ala	Ala	Tyr	
				85					90					95		
Thr	Gln	Ala	Met	Ala	Thr	Thr	Pro	Ser	Leu	Pro	Glu	Ile	Ala	Ala	Asn	
			100					105					110			
His	Ile	Thr	Gln	Ala	Val	Leu	Thr	Ala	Thr	Asn	Phe	Phe	Gly	Ile	Asn	
		115					120					125				
Thr	Ile	Pro	Ile	Ala	Leu	Thr	Glu	Met	Asp	Tyr	Phe	Ile	Arg	Met	Trp	
	130					135					140					
Asn	Gln	Ala	Ala	Leu	Ala	Met	Glu	Val	Tyr	Gln	Ala	Glu	Thr	Ala	Val	
145					150					155					160	
Asn	Thr	Leu	Phe	Glu	Lys	Leu	Glu	Pro	Met	Ala	Ser	Ile	Leu	Asp	Pro	
				165					170					175		
Gly	Ala	Ser	Gln	Ser	Thr	Thr	Asn	Pro	Ile	Phe	Gly	Met	Pro	Ser	Pro	
			180					185					190			
Gly	Ser	Ser	Thr	Pro	Val	Gly	Gln	Leu	Pro	Pro	Ala	Ala	Thr	Gln	Thr	
		195					200					205				
Leu	Gly	Gln	Leu	Gly	Glu	Met	Ser	Gly	Pro	Met	Gln	Gln	Leu	Thr	Gln	
	210					215					220					
Pro	Leu	Gln	Gln	Val	Thr	Ser	Leu	Phe	Ser	Gln	Val	Gly	Gly	Thr	Gly	
225					230					235					240	
Gly	Gly	Asn	Pro	Ala	Asp	Glu	Glu	Ala	Ala	Gln	Met	Gly	Leu	Leu	Gly	
				245					250					255		
Thr	Ser	Pro	Leu	Ser	Asn	His	Pro	Leu	Ala	Gly	Gly	Ser	Gly	Pro	Ser	

260	265	270
Ala Gly Ala Gly Leu Leu Arg	Ala Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly	Ala Gly Gly
275	280	285
Ser Leu Thr Arg Thr Pro Leu Met	Ser Gln Leu Ile Glu Lys	Pro Val
290	295	300
Ala Pro Ser Val Met Pro Ala Ala Ala	Ala Gly Ser Ser Ala Thr Gly	
305	310	315
Gly Ala Ala Pro Val Gly Ala Gly Ala	Met Gly Gln Gly Ala Gln Ser	
325	330	335
Gly Gly Ser Thr Arg Pro Gly Leu Val	Ala Pro Ala Pro Leu Ala Gln	
340	345	350
Glu Arg Glu Glu Asp Asp Glu Asp	Asp Trp Asp Glu Glu Asp Asp Trp	
355	360	365

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:115:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 100 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:115:

Met	Ala	Glu	Met	Lys	Thr	Asp	Ala	Ala	Thr	Leu	Ala	Gln	Glu	Ala	Gly
1			5						10					15	
Asn	Phe	Glu	Arg	Ile	Ser	Gly	Asp	Leu	Lys	Thr	Gln	Ile	Asp	Gln	Val
		20						25					30		
Glu	Ser	Thr	Ala	Gly	Ser	Leu	Gln	Gly	Gln	Trp	Arg	Gly	Ala	Ala	Gly
		35					40					45			
Thr	Ala	Ala	Gln	Ala	Ala	Val	Val	Arg	Phe	Gln	Glu	Ala	Ala	Asn	Lys

50	55	60
Gln Lys Gln Glu Leu Asp Glu Ile Ser Thr Asn Ile Arg Gln Ala Gly		
65	70	75 80
Val Gln Tyr Ser Arg Ala Asp Glu Glu Gln Gln Gln Ala Leu Ser Ser		
	85	90 95
Gln Met Gly Phe		
100		

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:116:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 396 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:116:

GATCTCCGGC GACCTGAAAA CCCAGATCGA CCAGGTGGAG TCGACGGCAG GTTCGTTGCA	60
GGGCCAGTGG CGCGGCGCGG CGGGGACGGC CGCCAGGCC GCGGTGGTGC GCTTCCAAGA	120
AGCAGCCAAT AAGCAGAAGC AGGAACTCGA CGAGATCTCG ACGAATATTC GTCAGGCCGG	180
CGTCCAATAC TCGAGGGCCG ACGAGGAGCA GCAGCAGGCG CTGTCCTCGC AAATGGGCTT	240
CTGACCCGCT AATACGAAAA GAAACGGAGC AAAACATGA CAGAGCAGCA GTGGAATTTT	300
GCGGGTATCG AGGCCGCGGC AAGCGCAATC CAGGGAAATG TCACGTCCAT TCATTCCCTC	360
CTTGACGAGG GGAAGCAGTC CCTGACCAAG CTCGCA	396

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:117:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 80 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:117:

Ile	Ser	Gly	Asp	Leu	Lys	Thr	Gln	Ile	Asp	Gln	Val	Glu	Ser	Thr	Ala
1				5				10						15	
Gly	Ser	Leu	Gln	Gly	Gln	Trp	Arg	Gly	Ala	Ala	Gly	Thr	Ala	Ala	Gln
			20					25					30		
Ala	Ala	Val	Val	Arg	Phe	Gln	Glu	Ala	Ala	Asn	Lys	Gln	Lys	Gln	Glu
			35					40					45		
Leu	Asp	Glu	Ile	Ser	Thr	Asn	Ile	Arg	Gln	Ala	Gly	Val	Gln	Tyr	Ser
			50				55					60			
Arg	Ala	Asp	Glu	Glu	Gln	Gln	Gln	Ala	Leu	Ser	Ser	Gln	Met	Gly	Phe
			65				70				75				80

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:118:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 387 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:118:

GTGGATCCCG ATCCCGTGTT TCGCTATTCT ACGCGAACTC GGC GTTGCCC TATGCGAACA	60
TCCCAGTGAC GTTGCCTTCG GTCGAAGCCA TTGCCTGACC GGCTTCGCTG ATCGTCCGCG	120
CCAGGTTCTG CAGCGCGTTG TTCAGCTCGG TAGCCGTGGC GTCCCATTTT TGCTGGACAC	180
CCTGGTACGC CTCCGAACCG CTACCGCCCC AGGCCGCTGC GAGCTTGGTC AGGGACTGCT	240

TCCCCTCGTC AAGGAGGGAA TGAATGGACG TGACATTTCC CTGGATTGCG CTTGCCGCGG 300  
 CCTCGATACC CGCGAAATTC CACTGCTGCT CTGTCATGTT TTTGCTCCGT TTCTTTTCGT 360  
 ATTAGCGGGT CAGAAGCCCA TTTGCGA 387

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:119:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 272 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:119:

CGGCACGAGG ATCTCGGTTG GCCCAACGGC GCTGGCGAGG GCTCCGTTCC GGGGGCGAGC 60  
 TGCGCGCCGG ATGCTTCCTC TGCCCGCAGC CGCGCCTGGA TGGATGGACC AGTTGCTACC 120  
 TTCCCGACGT TTCGTTGGT GTCTGTGCGA TAGCGGTGAC CCCGGCGCGC ACGTCGGGAG 180  
 TGTTGGGGGG CAGGCCGGGT CGGTGGTTCG GCCGGGGACG CAGACGGTCT GGACGGAACG 240  
 GGCGGGGGTT CGCCGATTGG CATCTTTGCC CA 272

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:120:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 20 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: amino acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS:  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:120:

Asp Pro Val Asp Ala Val Ile Asn Thr Thr Cys Asn Tyr Gly Gln Val  
 1 5 10 15

Val Ala Ala Leu  
 20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:121:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:121:

Ala Val Glu Ser Gly Met Leu Ala Leu Gly Thr Pro Ala Pro Ser  
 1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:122:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:122:

Ala Ala Met Lys Pro Arg Thr Gly Asp Gly Pro Leu Glu Ala Ala Lys  
 1 5 10 15

Glu Gly Arg

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:123:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: amino acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS:  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:123:

Tyr	Tyr	Trp	Cys	Pro	Gly	Gln	Pro	Phe	Asp	Pro	Ala	Trp	Gly	Pro
1				5					10				15	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:124:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 14 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: amino acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS:  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:124:

Asp	Ile	Gly	Ser	Glu	Ser	Thr	Glu	Asp	Gln	Gln	Xaa	Ala	Val
1				5					10				

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:125:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 13 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: amino acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS:  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:125:

Ala Glu Glu Ser Ile Ser Thr Xaa Glu Xaa Ile Val Pro  
 1 5 10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:126:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 17 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:126:

Asp Pro Glu Pro Ala Pro Pro Val Pro Thr Thr Ala Ala Ser Pro Pro  
 1 5 10 15

Ser

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:127:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:127:

Ala Pro Lys Thr Tyr Xaa Glu Glu Leu Lys Gly Thr Asp Thr Gly  
 1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:128:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 30 amino acids



(B) TYPE: amino acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS:  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:128:

Asp Pro Ala Ser Ala Pro Asp Val Pro Thr Ala Ala Gln Leu Thr Ser  
 1                      5                      10                      15

Leu Leu Asn Ser Leu Ala Asp Pro Asn Val Ser Phe Ala Asn  
                     20                      25                      30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:129:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 22 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: amino acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS:  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:129:

Asp Pro Pro Asp Pro His Gln Xaa Asp Met Thr Lys Gly Tyr Tyr Pro  
 1                      5                      10                      15

Gly Gly Arg Arg Xaa Phe  
                     20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:130:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: amino acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS:  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:130:

Asp Pro Gly Tyr Thr Pro Gly  
 1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:131:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS:

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "The Second Residue Can Be Either a Pro or Thr"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:131:

Xaa Xaa Gly Phe Thr Gly Pro Gln Phe Tyr  
 1 5 10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:132:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 9 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS:

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "The Third Residue Can Be Either a Gln or Leu"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:132:

Xaa Pro Xaa Val Thr Ala Tyr Ala Gly  
 1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:133:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 9 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:133:

Xaa Xaa Xaa Glu Lys Pro Phe Leu Arg  
 1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:134:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:134:

Xaa Asp Ser Glu Lys Ser Ala Thr Ile Lys Val Thr Asp Ala Ser  
 1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:135:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:135:

Ala	Gly	Asp	Thr	Xaa	Ile	Tyr	Ile	Val	Gly	Asn	Leu	Thr	Ala	Asp
1				5					10					15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:136:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:136:

Ala	Pro	Glu	Ser	Gly	Ala	Gly	Leu	Gly	Gly	Thr	Val	Gln	Ala	Gly
1				5					10					15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:137:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 21 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:137:

Xaa	Tyr	Ile	Ala	Tyr	Xaa	Thr	Thr	Ala	Gly	Ile	Val	Pro	Gly	Lys	Ile
1				5					10					15	

Asn	Val	His	Leu	Val
			20	

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:138:

GCAACGCTGT	CGTGGCCTTT	GCGGTGATCG	GTTTCGCCTC	GCTGGCGGTG	GCGGTGGCGG	60
TCACCATCCG	ACCGACCGCG	GCCTCAAAAC	CGGTAGAGGG	ACACCAAAAC	GCCCAGCCAG	120
GGAAGTTCAT	GCCGTTGTTG	CCGACGCAAC	AGCAGGCGCC	GGTCCCGCCG	CCTCCGCCCG	180
ATGATCCAC	CGCTGGATTC	CAGGGCGGCA	CCATTCCGGC	TGTACAGAAC	GTGGTGCCGC	240
GGCCGGGTAC	CTCACCCGGG	GTGGGTGGGA	CGCCGGCTTC	GCCTGCGCCG	GAAGCGCCGG	300
CCGTGCCCCG	TGTTGTGCCT	GCCCCGGTGC	CAATCCCGGT	CCCGATCATC	ATTCCCCCGT	360
TCCCGGGTTG	GCAGCCTGGA	ATGCCGACCA	TCCCCACCGC	ACCGCCGACG	ACGCCGGTGA	420
CCACGTCGGC	GACGACGCCG	CCGACCACGC	CGCCGACCAC	GCCGGTGACC	ACGCCGCCAA	480
CGACGCCGCC	GACCACGCCG	GTGACCACGC	CGCCAACGAC	GCCGCCGACC	ACGCCGGTGA	540
CCACGCCACC	AACGACCGTC	GCCCCGACGA	CCGTGCCCCC	GACGACGGTC	GCTCCGACCA	600
CCGTGCCCCC	GACCACGGTC	GCTCCAGCCA	CCGCCACGCC	GACGACCGTC	GCTCCGCAGC	660
CGACGCAGCA	GCCCACGCAA	CAACCAACCC	AACAGATGCC	AACCCAGCAG	CAGACCGTGG	720
CCCCGCAGAC	GGTGGCGCCG	GCTCCGCAGC	CGCCGTCCGG	TGGCCGCAAC	GGCAGCGGCG	780
GGGGCGACTT	ATTCGGCGGG	TTCTGATCAC	GGTCGCGGCT	TCACTACGGT	CGGAGGACAT	840
GGCCGGTGAT	GCGGTGACGG	TGGTGCTGCC	CTGTCTCAAC	GA		882

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:139:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 815 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:139:

CCATCAACCA ACCGCTCGCG CCGCCCGCGC CGCCGGATCC GCCGTCGCCG CCACGCCCCG 60  
 CGGTGCCTCC GGTGCCCCCG TTGCCGCCGT CGCCGCCGTC GCCGCCGACC GGCTGGGTGC 120  
 CTAGGGCGCT GTTACCGCCC TGGTTGGCGG GGACGCCGCC GGCACCACCG GTACCGCCGA 180  
 TGGCGCCGTT GCCGCCGGCG GCACCGTTGC CACCGTTGCC ACCGTTGCCA CCGTTGCCGA 240  
 CCAGCCACCC GCCCGGACCA CCGGCACCGC CGGCGCCGCC CGCACCGCCG GCGTGCCCGT 300  
 TCGTGCCCGT ACCGCCGGCA CCGCCGTTGC CGCCGTCACC GCCGACGGAA CTACCGGCGG 360  
 ACGCGGCCTG CCCGCCGGCG CCGCCCGCAC CGCCATTGGC ACCGCCGTCA CCGCCGGCTG 420  
 GGAGTGCCGC GATTAGGGCA CTGACCGGCG CAACCAGCGC AAGTACTCTC GGTCACCGAG 480  
 CACTTCCAGA CGACACCACA GCACGGGGTT GTCGGCGGAC TGGGTGAAAT GGCAGCCGAT 540  
 AGCGGCTAGC TGTCGGCTGC GGTCAACCTC GATCATGATG TCGAGGTGAC CGTGACCGCG 600  
 CCCCCGAAG GAGGCGCTGA ACTCGGCGTT GAGCCGATCG GCGATCGGTT GGGGCAGTGC 660  
 CCAGGCCAAT ACGGGGATAC CGGGTGTGNA AGCCGCCGCG AGCGCAGCTT CGGTTGCGCG 720  
 ACNGTGGTCG GGGTGGCCTG TTACGCCGTT GTCNTCGAAC ACGAGTAGCA GGTCTGCTCC 780  
 GGCGAGGGCA TCCACCACGC GTTGCCTCAG CTCGT 815

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:140:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1152 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:140:

ACCAGCCGCC GGCTGAGGTC TCAGATCAGA GAGTCTCCGG ACTCACC GGG GCGGTT CAGC	60
CTTCTCCCAG AACAACTGCT GAAGATCCTC GCCGCGAAA CAGGCGCTGA TTTGACGCTC	120
TATGACCGGT TGAACGACGA GATCATCCGG CAGATTGATA TGGCACCGCT GGGCTAACAG	180
GTGCGCAAGA TGGTGCAGCT GTATGTCTCG GACTCCGTGT CGCGGATCAG CTTTGCCGAC	240
GGCCGGGTGA TCGTGTGGAG CGAGGAGCTC GGCGAGAGCC AGTATCCGAT CGAGACGCTG	300
GACGGCATCA CGCTGTTTGG GCGGCCGACG ATGACAACGC CCTTCATCGT TGAGATGCTC	360
AAGCGTGAGC GCGACATCCA GCTCTTCACG ACCGACGGCC ACTACCAGGG CCGGATCTCA	420
ACACCCGACG TGTCATACGC GCCGCGGCTC CGTCAGCAAG TTCACCGCAC CGACGATCCT	480
GCGTTCTGCC TGTCGTTAAG CAAGCGGATC GTGTCGAGGA AGATCCTGAA TCAGCAGGCC	540
TTGATTCGGG CACACACGTC GGGGCAAGAC GTTGCTGAGA GCATCCGCAC GATGAAGCAC	600
TCGCTGGCCT GGGTCGATCG ATCGGGCTCC CTGGCGGAGT TGAACGGGTT CGAGGGAAAT	660
GCCGCAAAGG CATACTTCAC CGCGCTGGGG CATCTCGTCC CGCAGGAGTT CGCATTCCAG	720
GGCCGCTCGA CTCGGCCGCC GTTGGACGCC TTCAACTCGA TGGTCAGCCT CGGCTATTGG	780
CTGCTGTACA AGAACATCAT AGGGGCGATC GAGCGTCACA GCCTGAACGC GTATATCGGT	840
TTCCTACACC AGGATTCACG AGGGCAGCA ACGTCTCGTG CCGAATTCGG CACGAGCTCC	900
GCTGAAACCG CTGGCCGGCT GCTCAGTGCC CGTACGTAAT CCGCTGCGCC CAGGCCGGCC	960

CGCCGGCCGA ATACCAGCAG ATCGGACAGC GAATTGCCGC CCAGCCGGTT GGAGCCGTGC 1020  
 ATACCGCCGG CAACTCACC GGCAGCGAAC AGGCCTGGCA CCGTGGCGGC GCCGGTGTCC 1080  
 GCGTCTACTT CGACACCGCC CATCACGTAG TGACACGTCG GCCCGACTTC CATTGCCTGC 1140  
 GTTCGGCACG AG 1152

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:141:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 655 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:141:

CTCGTGCCGA TTCGGCAGGG TGTACTTGCC GGTGGTGTAN GCCGCATGAG TGCCGACGAC 60  
 CAGCAATGCG GCAACAGCAC GGATCCCGGT CAACGACGCC ACCCGGTCCA CGTGGGCGAT 120  
 CCGCTCGAGT CCGCCCTGGG CGGCTCTTTC CTTGGGCAGG GTCATCCGAC GTGTTTCCGC 180  
 CGTGGTTTGC CGCCATTATG CCGGCGCGCC GCGTCGGGCG GCCGGTATGG CCGAANGTCG 240  
 ATCAGCACAC CCGAGATACG GGTCTGTGCA AGCTTTTTGA GCGTCGCGCG GGGCAGCTTC 300  
 GCCGGCAATT CTACTAGCGA GAAGTCTGGC CCGATACGGA TCTGACCGAA GTCGCTGCGG 360  
 TGCAGCCCAC CCTATTGGC GATGGCGCCG ACGATGGCGC CTGGACCGAT CTTGTGCCGC 420  
 TTGCCGACGG CGACGCGGTA GGTGGTCAAG TCCGGTCTAC GCTTGGGCCT TTGCGGACGG 480  
 TCCCGACGCT GGTGCGGGT GCGCCGCGAA AGCGGCGGGT CGGGTGCCAT CAGGAATGCC 540  
 TCACCGCCGC GGCAGTGCAC GGCCAGTGCC GCGGCGATGT CAGCCATCGG GACATCATGC 600  
 TCGCGTTCAT ACTCCTCGAC CAGTCGGCGG AACAGCTCGA TTCCCGGACC GCCCA 655



(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

Asn Ala Val Val Ala Phe Ala Val Ile Gly Phe Ala Ser Leu Ala Val  
1 5 10 15

Ala Val Ala Val Thr Ile Arg Pro Thr Ala Ala Ser Lys Pro Val Glu  
20 25 30

Gly His Gln Asn Ala Gln Pro Gly Lys Phe Met Pro Leu Leu Pro Thr  
35 40 45

Gln Gln Gln Ala Pro Val Pro Pro Pro Pro Pro Asp Asp Pro Thr Ala  
50 55 60

Gly Phe Gln Gly Gly Thr Ile Pro Ala Val Gln Asn Val Val Pro Arg  
65 70 75 80

Pro Gly Thr Ser Pro Gly Val Gly Gly Thr Pro Ala Ser Pro Ala Pro  
85 90 95

Glu Ala Pro Ala Val Pro Gly Val Val Pro Ala Pro Val Pro Ile Pro  
100 105 110

Val Pro Ile Ile Ile Pro Pro Phe Pro Gly Trp Gln Pro Gly Met Pro  
115 120 125

Thr Ile Pro Thr Ala Pro Pro Thr Thr Pro Val Thr Thr Ser Ala Thr  
130 135 140

Thr Pro Pro Thr Thr Pro Pro Thr Thr Pro Val Thr Thr Pro Pro Thr  
145 150 155 160

Ser Pro Pro Thr Gly Trp Val Pro Arg Ala Leu Leu Pro Pro Trp Leu  
35 40 45

Leu Pro Asp Asp Thr Thr Ala Arg Gly Cys Arg Arg Thr Gly  
165 170

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 35 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:144:

Ala Val Gln Pro Ser Pro Arg Thr Thr Ala Glu Asp Pro Arg Pro Arg  
20 25 30

Asn Arg Arg  
35

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:145:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 104 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:145:

Arg	Ala	Asp	Ser	Ala	Gly	Cys	Thr	Cys	Arg	Trp	Cys	Xaa	Pro	His	Glu
1				5					10					15	
Cys	Arg	Arg	Pro	Ala	Met	Arg	Gln	Gln	His	Gly	Ser	Arg	Ser	Thr	Thr
			20					25					30		
Pro	Pro	Gly	Pro	Arg	Gly	Arg	Ser	Ala	Arg	Val	Arg	Pro	Gly	Arg	Leu
			35				40					45			
Phe	Pro	Trp	Ala	Gly	Ser	Ser	Asp	Val	Phe	Pro	Pro	Trp	Phe	Ala	Ala
	50					55				60					
Ile	Met	Pro	Ala	Arg	Arg	Val	Gly	Arg	Pro	Val	Trp	Pro	Xaa	Val	Asp
65					70					75					80
Gln	His	Thr	Arg	Asp	Thr	Gly	Leu	Cys	Lys	Leu	Phe	Glu	Arg	Arg	Ala
				85					90					95	
Gly	Gln	Leu	Arg	Arg	Gln	Phe	Tyr								
							100								

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:146:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 53 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(A) DESCRIPTION: /desc = "PCR primer"

(A) ORGANISM: *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

GGATCCATAT GGGCCATCAT CATCATCATC ACGTGATCGA CATCATCGGG ACC

53

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(A) DESCRIPTION: /desc = "PCR Primer"

(A) ORGANISM: *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

CCTGAATTCA GGCCTCGGTT GCGCCGGCCT CATCTTGAAC GA

42

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(A) DESCRIPTION: /desc = "PCR Primer"

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

## . (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:148:

GGATCCTGCA GGCTCGAAAC CACCGAGCGG T

31

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:149:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: other nucleic acid

(A) DESCRIPTION: /desc = "PCR primer"

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:149:

CTCTGAATTC AGCGCTGGAA ATCGTCGCGA T

31

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:150:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: other nucleic acid

(A) DESCRIPTION: /desc = "PCR primer"

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

GGATCCAGCG CTGAGATGAA GACCGATGCC GCT

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:151:

(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(A) DESCRIPTION: /desc = "PCR primer"

(A) ORGANISM: *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

GAGAGAATTC TCAGAAGCCC ATTTGCGAGG ACA

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:152:

(A) LENGTH: 1993 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

(A) NAME/KEY: CDS  
(B) LOCATION: 152..1273

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:152:

TGTTCTTCGA	CGGCAGGCTG	GTGGAGGAAG	GGCCCACCGA	ACAGCTGTTC	TCCTCGCCGA		60
AGCATGCGGA	AACCGCCCCG	TACGTCGCCG	GA CTGTCTGGG	GGACGTCAAG	GACGCCAAGC		120
GCGGAAATTG	AAGAGCACAG	AAAGGTATGG	C GTG AAA ATT CGT TTG CAT ACG				172
			Val Lys Ile Arg Leu His Thr				
			1		5		
CTG TTG GCC GTG TTG ACC GCT GCG CCG CTG CTG CTA GCA GCG GCG GGC							220
Leu Leu Ala Val Leu Thr Ala Ala Pro Leu Leu Leu Ala Ala Ala Gly							
	10		15		20		
TGT GGC TCG AAA CCA CCG AGC GGT TCG CCT GAA ACG GGC GCC GGC GCC							268
Cys Gly Ser Lys Pro Pro Ser Gly Ser Pro Glu Thr Gly Ala Gly Ala							
	25		30		35		
GGT ACT GTC GCG ACT ACC CCC GCG TCG TCG CCG GTG ACG TTG GCG GAG							316
Gly Thr Val Ala Thr Thr Pro Ala Ser Ser Pro Val Thr Leu Ala Glu							
	40		45		50		55
ACC GGT AGC ACG CTG CTC TAC CCG CTG TTC AAC CTG TGG GGT CCG GCC							364
Thr Gly Ser Thr Leu Leu Tyr Pro Leu Phe Asn Leu Trp Gly Pro Ala							
			60		65		70
TTT CAC GAG AGG TAT CCG AAC GTC ACG ATC ACC GCT CAG GGC ACC GGT							412
Phe His Glu Arg Tyr Pro Asn Val Thr Ile Thr Ala Gln Gly Thr Gly							
			75		80		85
TCT GGT GCC GGG ATC GCG CAG GCC GCC GCC GGG ACG GTC AAC ATT GGG							460
Ser Gly Ala Gly Ile Ala Gln Ala Ala Ala Gly Thr Val Asn Ile Gly							
	90		95		100		
GCC TCC GAC GCC TAT CTG TCG GAA GGT GAT ATG GCC GCG CAC AAG GGG							508
Ala Ser Asp Ala Tyr Leu Ser Glu Gly Asp Met Ala Ala His Lys Gly							
	105		110		115		
CTG ATG AAC ATC GCG CTA GCC ATC TCC GCT CAG CAG GTC AAC TAC AAC							556
Leu Met Asn Ile Ala Leu Ala Ile Ser Ala Gln Gln Val Asn Tyr Asn							
	120		125		130		135
CTG CCC GGA GTG AGC GAG CAC CTC AAG CTG AAC GGA AAA GTC CTG GCG							604
Leu Pro Gly Val Ser Glu His Leu Lys Leu Asn Gly Lys Val Leu Ala							
			140		145		150
GCC ATG TAC CAG GGC ACC ATC AAA ACC TGG GAC GAC CCG CAG ATC GCT							652



Ala Met Tyr Gln Gly Thr Ile Lys Thr Trp Asp Asp Pro Gln Ile Ala	155	160	165	
GCG CTC AAC CCC GGC GTG AAC CTG CCC GGC ACC GCG GTA GTT CCG CTG				700
Ala Leu Asn Pro Gly Val Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Ala Val Val Pro Leu	170	175	180	
CAC CGC TCC GAC GGG TCC GGT GAC ACC TTC TTG TTC ACC CAG TAC CTG				748
His Arg Ser Asp Gly Ser Gly Asp Thr Phe Leu Phe Thr Gln Tyr Leu	185	190	195	
TCC AAG CAA GAT CCC GAG GGC TGG GGC AAG TCG CCC GGC TTC GGC ACC				796
Ser Lys Gln Asp Pro Glu Gly Trp Gly Lys Ser Pro Gly Phe Gly Thr	200	205	210	215
ACC GTC GAC TTC CCG GCG GTG CCG GGT GCG CTG GGT GAG AAC GGC AAC				844
Thr Val Asp Phe Pro Ala Val Pro Gly Ala Leu Gly Glu Asn Gly Asn	220	225	230	
GGC GGC ATG GTG ACC GGT TGC GCC GAG ACA CCG GGC TGC GTG GCC TAT				892
Gly Gly Met Val Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu Thr Pro Gly Cys Val Ala Tyr	235	240	245	
ATC GGC ATC AGC TTC CTC GAC CAG GCC AGT CAA CGG GGA CTC GGC GAG				940
Ile Gly Ile Ser Phe Leu Asp Gln Ala Ser Gln Arg Gly Leu Gly Glu	250	255	260	
GCC CAA CTA GGC AAT AGC TCT GGC AAT TTC TTG TTG CCC GAC GCG CAA				988
Ala Gln Leu Gly Asn Ser Ser Gly Asn Phe Leu Leu Pro Asp Ala Gln	265	270	275	
AGC ATT CAG GCC GCG GCG GCT GGC TTC GCA TCG AAA ACC CCG GCG AAC				1036
Ser Ile Gln Ala Ala Ala Ala Gly Phe Ala Ser Lys Thr Pro Ala Asn	280	285	290	295
CAG GCG ATT TCG ATG ATC GAC GGG CCC GCC CCG GAC GGC TAC CCG ATC				1084
Gln Ala Ile Ser Met Ile Asp Gly Pro Ala Pro Asp Gly Tyr Pro Ile	300	305	310	
ATC AAC TAC GAG TAC GCC ATC GTC AAC AAC CGG CAA AAG GAC GCC GCC				1132
Ile Asn Tyr Glu Tyr Ala Ile Val Asn Asn Arg Gln Lys Asp Ala Ala	315	320	325	
ACC GCG CAG ACC TTG CAG GCA TTT CTG CAC TGG GCG ATC ACC GAC GGC				1180
Thr Ala Gln Thr Leu Gln Ala Phe Leu His Trp Ala Ile Thr Asp Gly				

330	335	340	
AAC AAG GCC TCG TTC CTC GAC CAG GTT CAT TTC CAG CCG CTG CCG CCC			1228
Asn Lys Ala Ser Phe Leu Asp Gln Val His Phe Gln Pro Leu Pro Pro			
345	350	355	
GCG GTG GTG AAG TTG TCT GAC GCG TTG ATC GCG ACG ATT TCC AGC			1273
Ala Val Val Lys Leu Ser Asp Ala Leu Ile Ala Thr Ile Ser Ser			
360	365	370	
TAGCCTCGTT GACCACCACG CGACAGCAAC CTCCGTCGGG CCATCGGGCT GCTTTGCGGA			1333
GCATGCTGGC CCGTGCCGGT GAAGTCGGCC GCGCTGGCCC GGCCATCCGG TGGTTGGGTG			1393
GGATAGGTGC GGTGATCCCG CTGCTTGCGC TGGTCTTGGT GCTGGTGGTG CTGGTCATCG			1453
AGGCGATGGG TGCGATCAGG CTCAACGGGT TGCATTTCTT CACCGCCACC GAATGGAATC			1513
CAGGCAACAC CTACGGCGAA ACCGTTGTCA CCGACGCGTC GCCCATCCGG TCGGCGCCTA			1573
CTACGGGGCG TTGCCGCTGA TCGTCGGGAC GCTGGCGACC TCGGCAATCG CCCTGATCAT			1633
CGCGGTGCCG GTCTCTGTAG GAGCGGCGCT GGTGATCGTG GAACGGCTGC CGAAACGGTT			1693
GGCCGAGGCT GTGGGAATAG TCCTGGAATT GCTCGCCGGA ATCCCAGCG TGGTCGTCGG			1753
TTTGTGGGGG GCAATGACGT TCGGGCCGTT CATCGCTCAT CACATCGCTC CGGTGATCGC			1813
TCACAACGCT CCCGATGTGC CGGTGCTGAA CTACTTGCGC GGCGACCCGG GCAACGGGGA			1873
GGGCATGTTG GTGTCCGGTC TGGTGTTGGC GGTGATGGTC GTTCCCATTG TCGCCACCAC			1933
CACTCATGAC CTGTTCCGGC AGGTGCCGGT GTTGCCCCGG GAGGGCGCGA TCGGGAATTC			1993

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:153:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 374 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

Val 1	Lys	Ile	Arg	Leu 5	His	Thr	Leu	Leu	Ala 10	Val	Leu	Thr	Ala	Ala 15	Pro
Leu 20	Leu	Leu	Ala	Ala	Ala	Gly	Cys	Gly	Ser	Lys	Pro	Pro	Ser	Gly	Ser
Pro	Glu	Thr 35	Gly	Ala	Gly	Ala	Gly	Thr	Val	Ala	Thr	Thr	Pro	Ala	Ser
Ser 50	Pro	Val	Thr	Leu	Ala	Glu	Thr	Gly	Ser	Thr	Leu	Leu	Tyr	Pro	Leu
Phe 65	Asn	Leu	Trp	Gly	Pro 70	Ala	Phe	His	Glu	Arg	Tyr	Pro	Asn	Val	Thr 80
Ile	Thr	Ala	Gln	Gly 85	Thr	Gly	Ser	Gly	Ala	Gly	Ile	Ala	Gln	Ala	Ala
Ala	Gly	Thr	Val	Asn	Ile	Gly	Ala	Ser	Asp	Ala	Tyr	Leu	Ser	Glu	Gly
Asp	Met	Ala	Ala	His	Lys	Gly	Leu	Met	Asn	Ile	Ala	Leu	Ala	Ile	Ser
Ala	Gln	Gln	Val	Asn	Tyr	Asn	Leu	Pro	Gly	Val	Ser	Glu	His	Leu	Lys
Leu 145	Asn	Gly	Lys	Val	Leu 150	Ala	Ala	Met	Tyr	Gln	Gly	Thr	Ile	Lys	Thr 160
Trp	Asp	Asp	Pro	Gln	Ile	Ala	Ala	Leu	Asn	Pro	Gly	Val	Asn	Leu	Pro
Gly	Thr	Ala	Val	Val	Pro	Leu	His	Arg	Ser	Asp	Gly	Ser	Gly	Asp	Thr
Phe	Leu	Phe	Thr	Gln	Tyr	Leu	Ser	Lys	Gln	Asp	Pro	Glu	Gly	Trp	Gly
Lys	Ser	Pro	Gly	Phe	Gly	Thr	Thr	Val	Asp	Phe	Pro	Ala	Val	Pro	Gly
Ala	Leu	Gly	Glu	Asn	Gly	Asn	Gly	Gly	Met	Val	Thr	Gly	Cys	Ala	Glu

225											230											235											240
Thr	Pro	Gly	Cys	Val	Ala	Tyr	Ile	Gly	Ile	Ser	Phe	Leu	Asp	Gln	Ala																		
				245					250																								
Ser	Gln	Arg	Gly	Leu	Gly	Glu	Ala	Gln	Leu	Gly	Asn	Ser	Ser	Gly	Asn																		
			260					265																									
Phe	Leu	Leu	Pro	Asp	Ala	Gln	Ser	Ile	Gln	Ala	Ala	Ala	Ala	Gly	Phe																		
			275					280																									
Ala	Ser	Lys	Thr	Pro	Ala	Asn	Gln	Ala	Ile	Ser	Met	Ile	Asp	Gly	Pro																		
			290					295																									
Ala	Pro	Asp	Gly	Tyr	Pro	Ile	Ile	Asn	Tyr	Glu	Tyr	Ala	Ile	Val	Asn																		
305					310				315																								
Asn	Arg	Gln	Lys	Asp	Ala	Ala	Thr	Ala	Gln	Thr	Leu	Gln	Ala	Phe	Leu																		
				325				330																									
His	Trp	Ala	Ile	Thr	Asp	Gly	Asn	Lys	Ala	Ser	Phe	Leu	Asp	Gln	Val																		
			340				345																										
His	Phe	Gln	Pro	Leu	Pro	Pro	Ala	Val	Val	Lys	Leu	Ser	Asp	Ala	Leu																		
			355				360																										
Ile	Ala	Thr	Ile	Ser	Ser																												
			370																														

## CLAIMS

1. A polypeptide comprising an immunogenic portion of a soluble *M. tuberculosis* antigen, or a variant of said antigen that differs only in conservative substitutions and/or modifications, wherein said antigen has an N-terminal sequence selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) Asp-Pro-Val-Asp-Ala-Val-Ile-Asn-Thr-Thr-Cys-Asn-Tyr-Gly-Gln-Val-Val-Ala-Ala-Leu; (SEQ ID No. 120)
- (b) Ala-Val-Glu-Ser-Gly-Met-Leu-Ala-Leu-Gly-Thr-Pro-Ala-Pro-Ser; (SEQ ID No. 121)
- (c) Ala-Ala-Met-Lys-Pro-Arg-Thr-Gly-Asp-Gly-Pro-Leu-Glu-Ala-Ala-Lys-Glu-Gly-Arg; (SEQ ID No. 122)
- (d) Tyr-Tyr-Trp-Cys-Pro-Gly-Gln-Pro-Phe-Asp-Pro-Ala-Trp-Gly-Pro; (SEQ ID No. 123)
- (e) Asp-Ile-Gly-Ser-Glu-Ser-Thr-Glu-Asp-Gln-Gln-Xaa-Ala-Val; (SEQ ID No. 124)
- (f) Ala-Glu-Glu-Ser-Ile-Ser-Thr-Xaa-Glu-Xaa-Ile-Val-Pro; (SEQ ID No. 125)
- (g) Asp-Pro-Glu-Pro-Ala-Pro-Pro-Val-Pro-Thr-Thr-Ala-Ala-Ser-Pro-Pro-Ser; (SEQ ID No. 126)
- (h) Ala-Pro-Lys-Thr-Tyr-Xaa-Glu-Glu-Leu-Lys-Gly-Thr-Asp-Thr-Gly; (SEQ ID No. 127)
- (i) Asp-Pro-Ala-Ser-Ala-Pro-Asp-Val-Pro-Thr-Ala-Ala-Gln-Leu-Thr-Ser-Leu-Leu-Asn-Ser-Leu-Ala-Asp-Pro-Asn-Val-Ser-Phe-Ala-Asn; (SEQ ID No. 128) and
- (j) Ala-Pro-Glu-Ser-Gly-Ala-Gly-Leu-Gly-Gly-Thr-Val-Gln-Ala-Gly; (SEQ ID No. 136)

wherein Xaa may be any amino acid.

2. A polypeptide comprising an immunogenic portion of an *M. tuberculosis* antigen, or a variant of said antigen that differs only in conservative

substitutions and/or modifications, wherein said antigen has an N-terminal sequence selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) Asp-Pro-Pro-Asp-Pro-His-Gln-Xaa-Asp-Met-Thr-Lys-Gly-Tyr-Tyr-Pro-Gly-Gly-Arg-Arg-Xaa-Phe; (SEQ ID No. 129) and
- (b) Xaa-Tyr-Ile-Ala-Tyr-Xaa-Thr-Thr-Ala-Gly-Ile-Val-Pro-Gly-Lys-Ile-Asn-Val-His-Leu-Val; (SEQ ID No. 137), wherein Xaa may be any amino acid.

3. A polypeptide comprising an immunogenic portion of a soluble *M. tuberculosis* antigen, or a variant of said antigen that differs only in conservative substitutions and/or modifications, wherein said antigen comprises an amino acid sequence encoded by a DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of the sequences recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 1, 2, 4-10, 13-25, 52, 99 and 101, the complements of said sequences, and DNA sequences that hybridize to a sequence recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 1, 2, 4-10, 13-25, 52, 99 and 101 or a complement thereof under moderately stringent conditions.

4. A polypeptide comprising an immunogenic portion of a *M. tuberculosis* antigen, or a variant of said antigen that differs only in conservative substitutions and/or modifications, wherein said antigen comprises an amino acid sequence encoded by a DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of the sequences recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 26-51, 138 and 139, the complements of said sequences, and DNA sequences that hybridize to a sequence recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 26-51, 138 and 139 or a complement thereof under moderately stringent conditions.

5. A DNA molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a polypeptide according to any one of claims 1-4.

6. An expression vector comprising a DNA molecule according to claim 5.

7. A host cell transformed with an expression vector according to claim 6.

8. The host cell of claim 7 wherein the host cell is selected from the group consisting of *E. coli*, yeast and mammalian cells.

9. A pharmaceutical composition comprising one or more polypeptides according to any one of claims 1-4 and a physiologically acceptable carrier.

10. A pharmaceutical composition comprising one or more DNA molecules according to claim 5 and a physiologically acceptable carrier.

11. A pharmaceutical composition comprising one or more DNA sequences recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 3, 11, 12, 140 and 141; and a physiologically acceptable carrier.

12. A vaccine comprising one or more polypeptides according to any one of claims 1-4 and a non-specific immune response enhancer.

13. A vaccine comprising:  
a polypeptide having an N-terminal sequence selected from the group consisting of sequences recited in SEQ ID NO: 134 and 135; and  
a non-specific immune response enhancer.

14. A vaccine comprising:  
one or more polypeptides encoded by a DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID Nos.: 3, 11, 12, 140 and 141, the complements of said sequences, and DNA sequences that hybridize to a sequence recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 3, 11, 12, 140 and 141; and  
a non-specific immune response enhancer.

15. The vaccine of claims 12-14 wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

16. A vaccine comprising one or more DNA molecules according to claim 5 and a non-specific immune response enhancer.

17. A vaccine comprising one or more DNA sequences recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 3, 11, 12, 140 and 141; and a non-specific immune response enhancer.

18. The vaccine of claims 16 or 17 wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

19. A method for inducing protective immunity in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a pharmaceutical composition according to any one of claims 9-11.

20. A method for inducing protective immunity in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a vaccine according to any one of claims 12-18.

21. A fusion protein comprising two or more polypeptides according to any one of claims 1-4.

22. A fusion protein comprising one or more polypeptides according to any one of claims 1-4 and ESAT-6.

23. A fusion protein comprising one or more polypeptides according to any one of claims 1-4 and the *M. tuberculosis* antigen 38 kD (SEQ ID NO:155).

24. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a fusion protein according to any one of claims 21-23 and a physiologically acceptable carrier.

25. A vaccine comprising a fusion protein according to any one of claims 21-23 and a non-specific immune response enhancer.

26. The vaccine of claim 25 wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.



27. A method for inducing protective immunity in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a pharmaceutical composition according to claim 24.

28. A method for inducing protective immunity in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a vaccine according to claims 25 or 26.

29. A method for detecting tuberculosis in a patient, comprising:

(a) contacting dermal cells of a patient with one or more polypeptides according to any one of claims 1-4; and

(b) detecting an immune response on the patient's skin and therefrom detecting tuberculosis in the patient.

30. A method for detecting tuberculosis in a patient, comprising:

(a) contacting dermal cells of a patient with a polypeptide having an N-terminal sequence selected from the group consisting of sequences recited in SEQ ID NO: 134 and 135; and

(b) detecting an immune response on the patient's skin and therefrom detecting tuberculosis in the patient.

31. A method for detecting tuberculosis in a patient, comprising:

(a) contacting dermal cells of a patient with one or more polypeptides encoded by a DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID Nos.: 3, 11, 12, 140 and 141, the complements of said sequences, and DNA sequences that hybridize to a sequence recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 3, 11, 12, 140 and 141; and

(b) detecting an immune response on the patient's skin and therefrom detecting tuberculosis in the patient.

32. The method of any one of claims 29-31 wherein the immune response is induration.

33. A diagnostic kit comprising:

- (a) a polypeptide according to any one of claims 1-4; and
- (b) apparatus sufficient to contact said polypeptide with the dermal cells of

a patient.

34. A diagnostic kit comprising:

(a) a polypeptide having an N-terminal sequence selected from the group consisting of sequences recited in SEQ ID NO: 134 and 135; and

- (b) apparatus sufficient to contact said polypeptide with the dermal cells of

a patient.

35. A diagnostic kit comprising:

(a) a polypeptide encoded by a DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID Nos.: 3, 11, 12, 140 and 141, the complements of said sequences, and DNA sequences that hybridize to a sequence recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 3, 11, 12, 140 and 141; and

- (b) apparatus sufficient to contact said polypeptide with the dermal cells of

a patient.

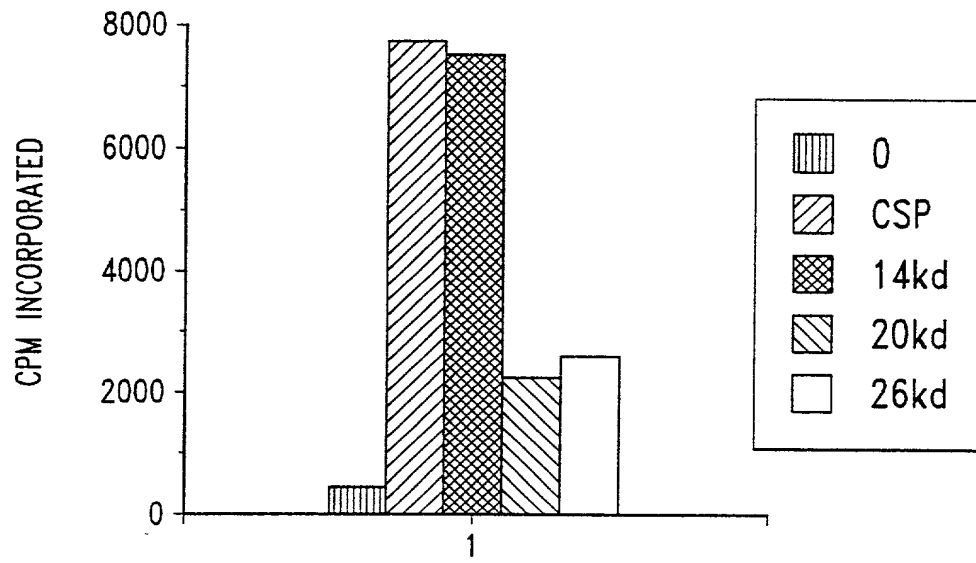
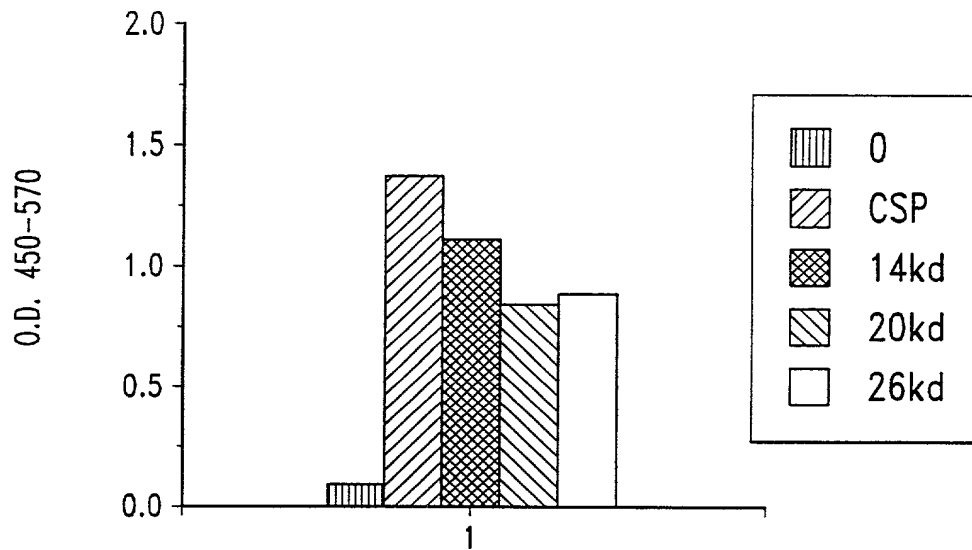
36. A diagnostic kit comprising:

- (a) a fusion protein according to any one of claims 21-23; and
- (b) apparatus sufficient to contact said fusion protein with the dermal cells of a patient.

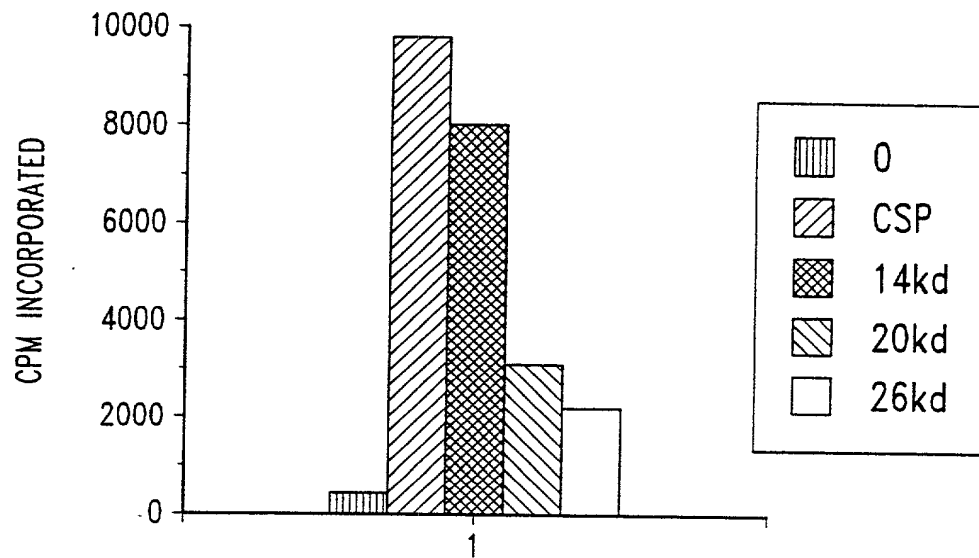
COMPOUNDS AND METHODS FOR IMMUNOTHERAPY  
AND DIAGNOSIS OF TUBERCULOSIS

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

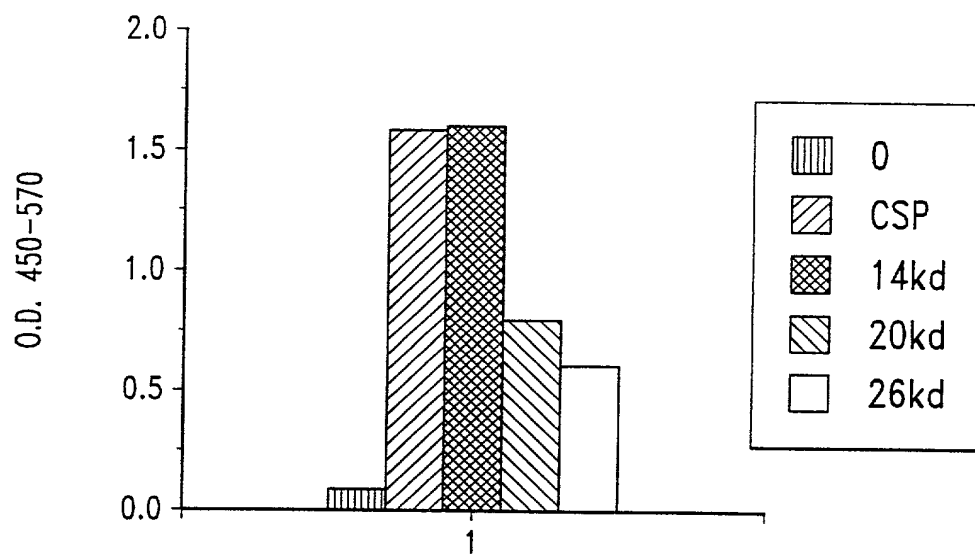
Compounds and methods for inducing protective immunity against tuberculosis are disclosed. The compounds provided include polypeptides that contain at least one immunogenic portion of one or more *M. tuberculosis* proteins and DNA molecules encoding such polypeptides. Such compounds may be formulated into vaccines and/or pharmaceutical compositions for immunization against *M. tuberculosis* infection, or may be used for the diagnosis of tuberculosis.

*Fig. 1A-1**Fig. 1A-2*

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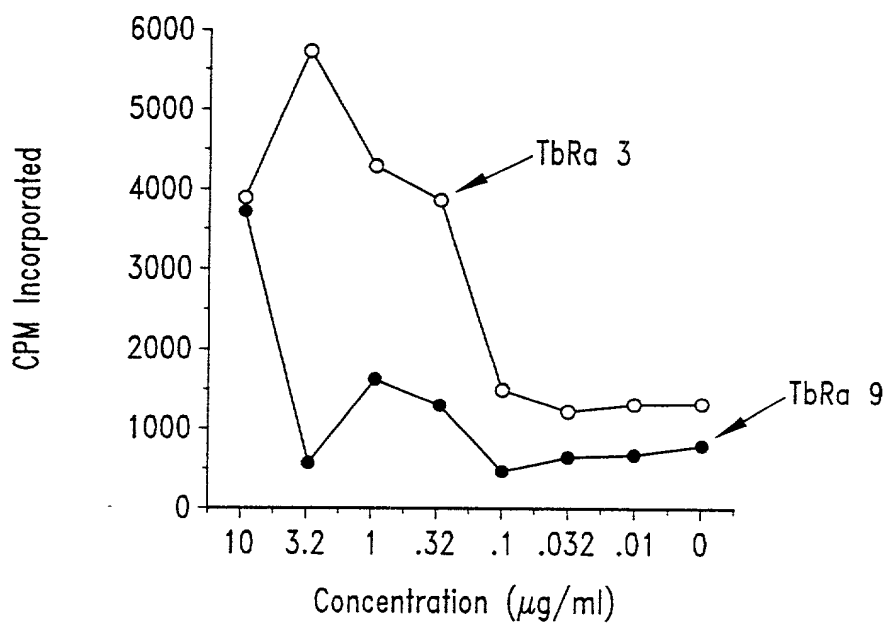


*Fig. 1B-1*

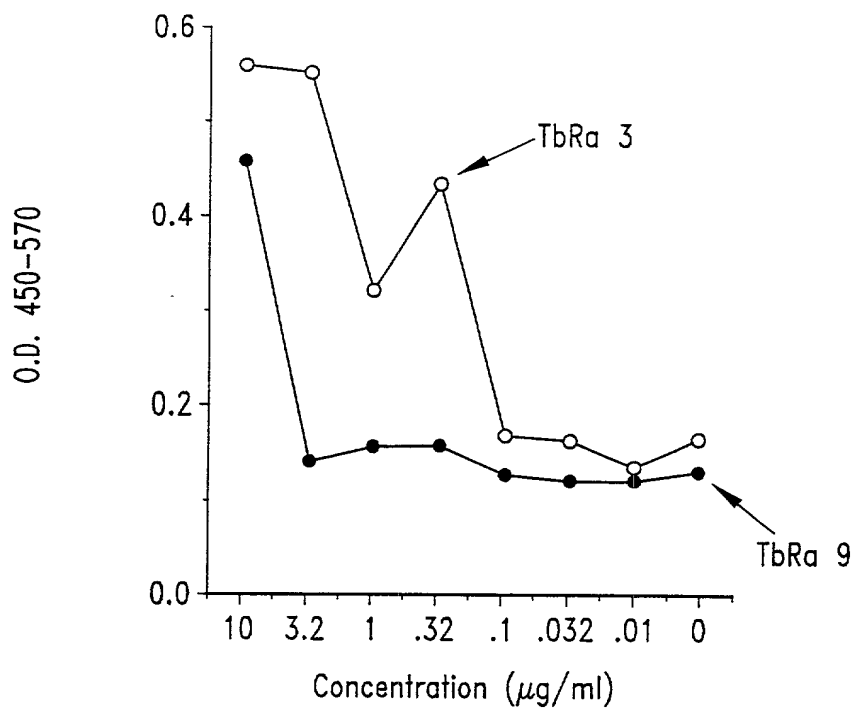


*Fig. 1B-2*

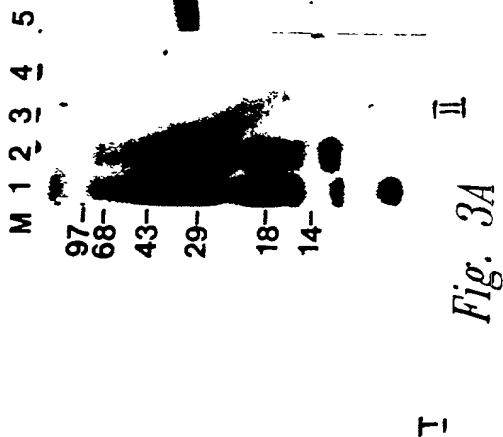
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*Fig. 2A*



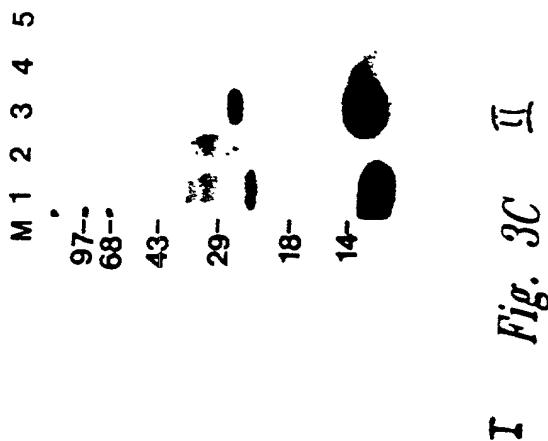
*Fig. 2B*



I

Fig. 3B

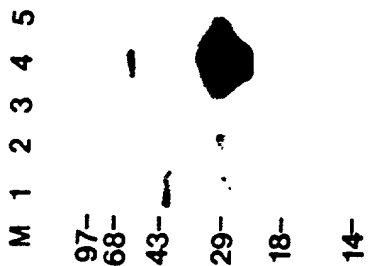
II

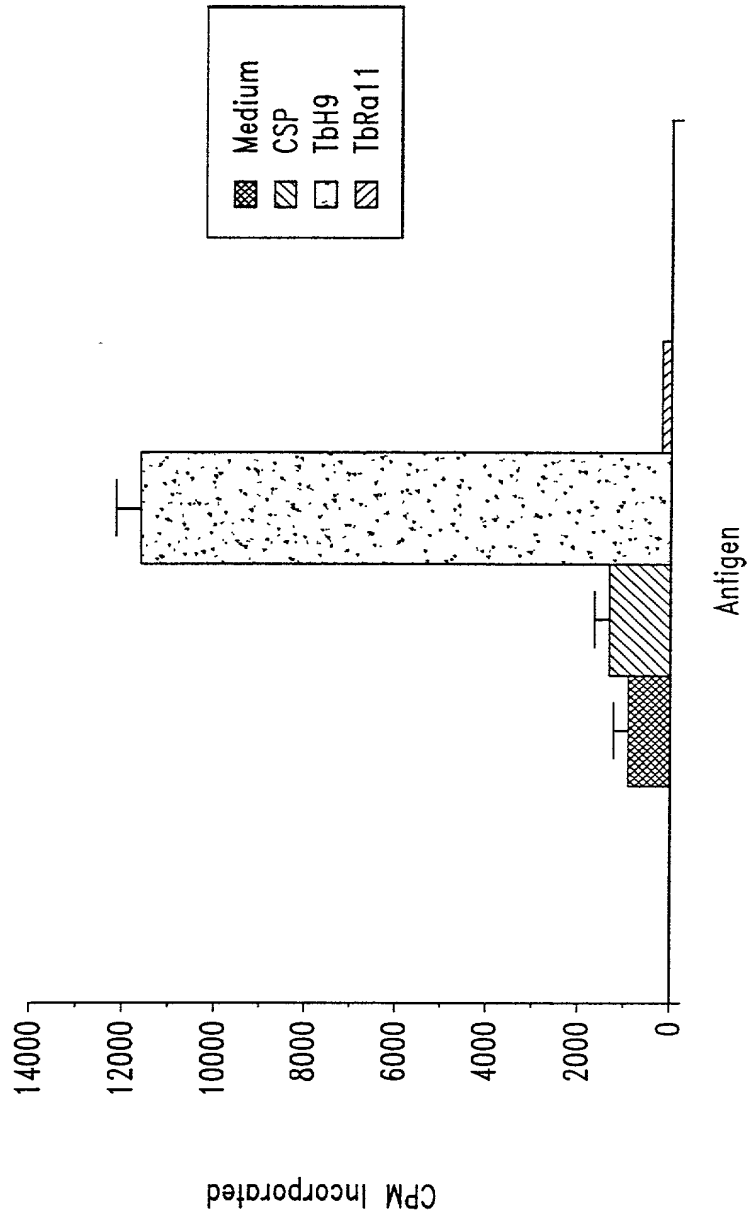


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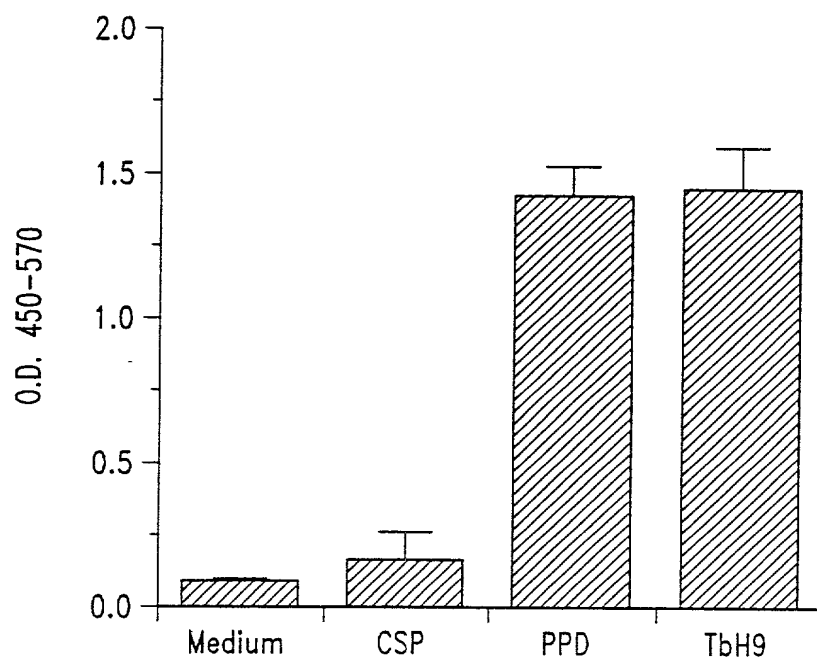
Fig. 3D

II



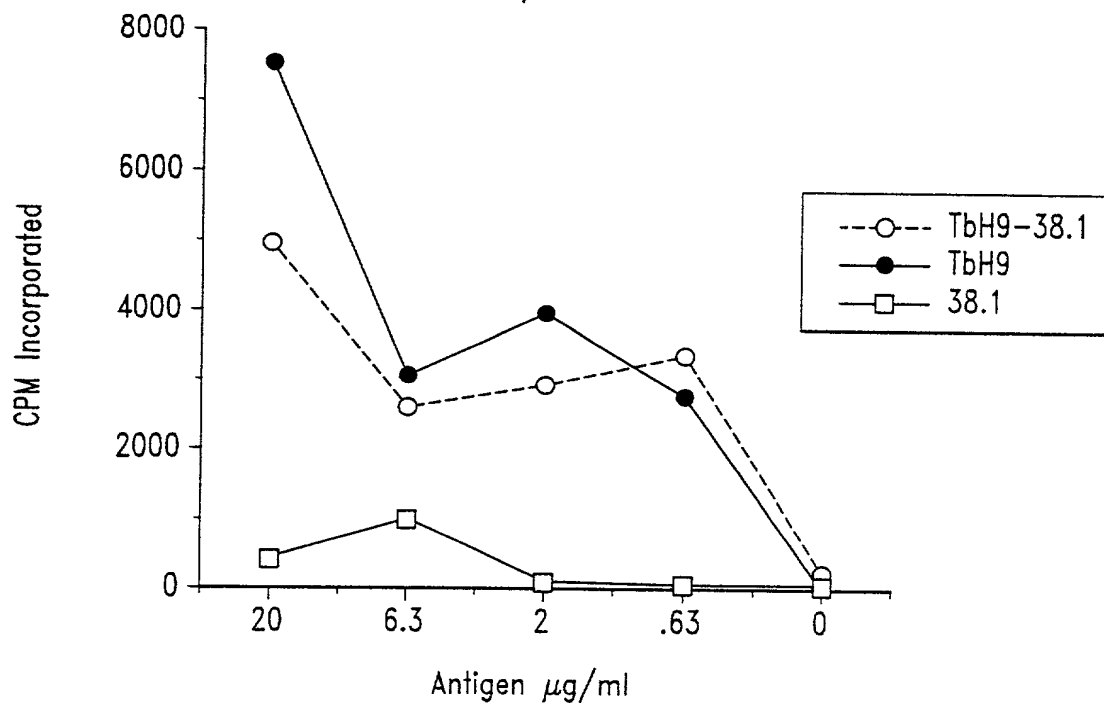
*Fig. 4A*



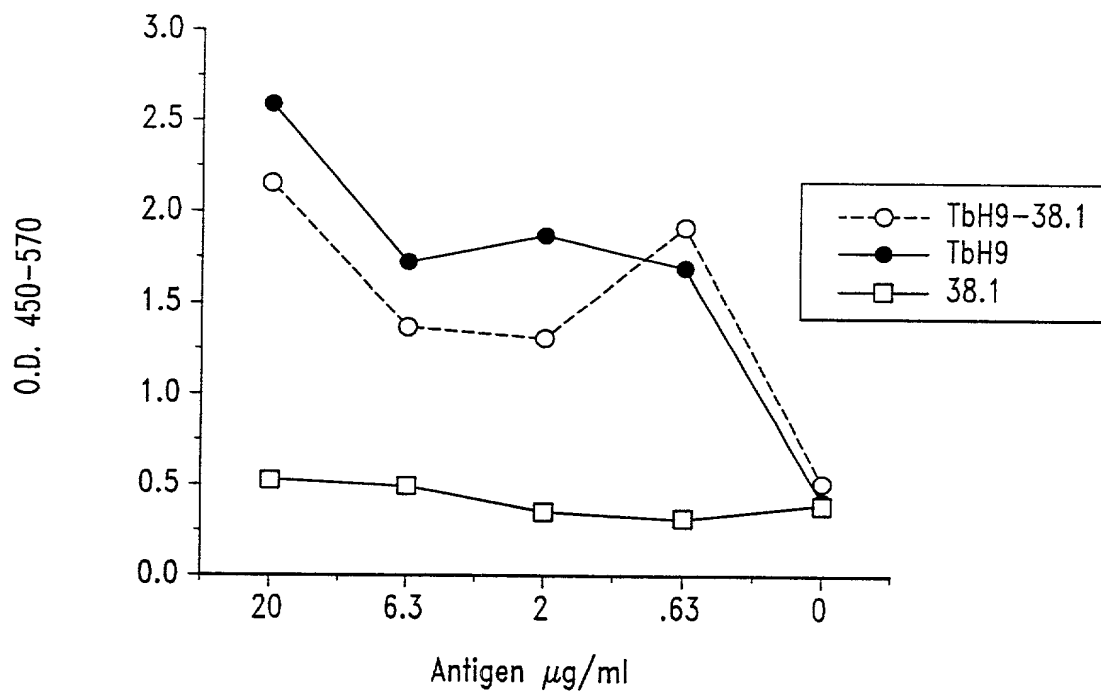


*Fig. 4B*

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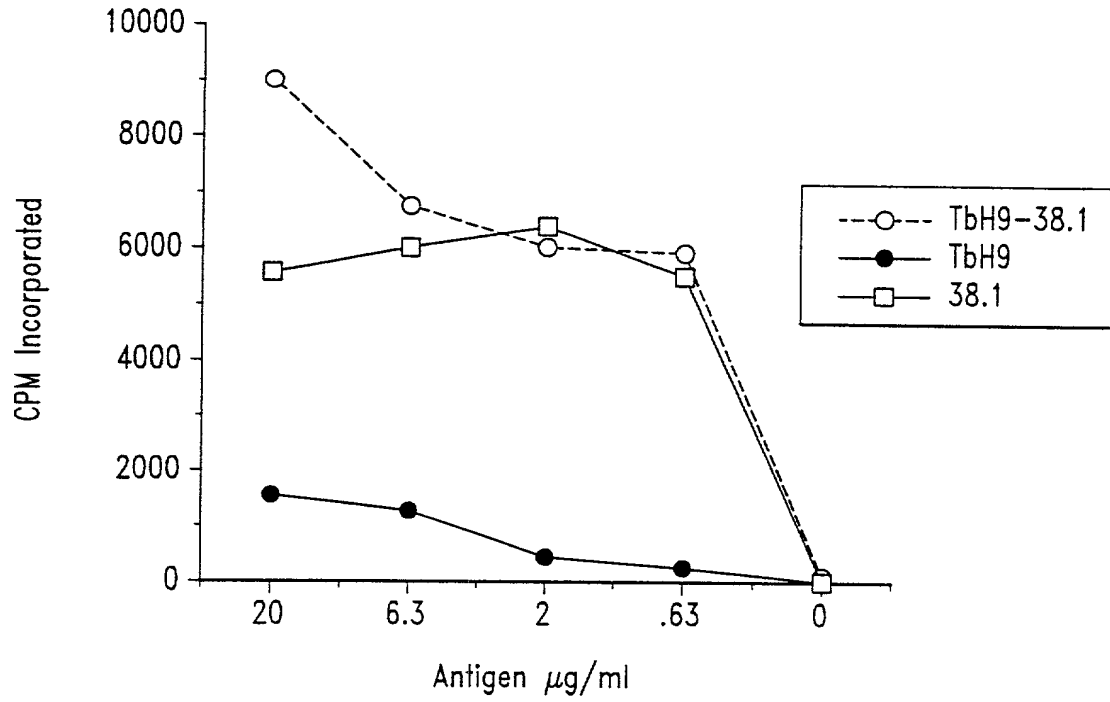


*Fig. 5A*

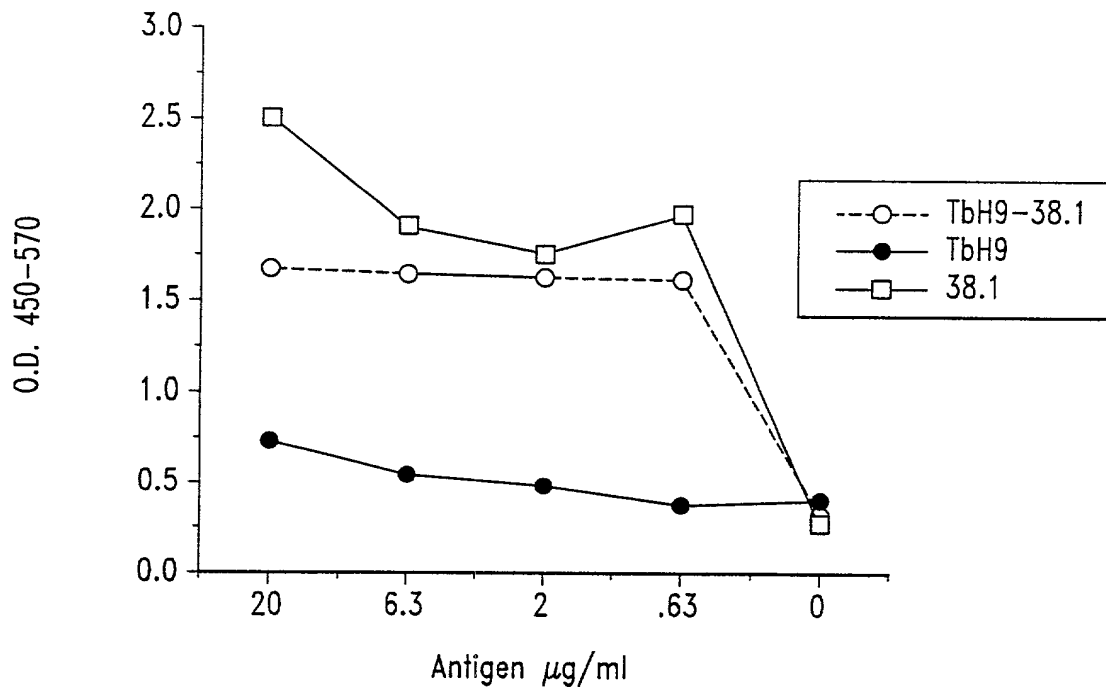


*Fig. 5B*

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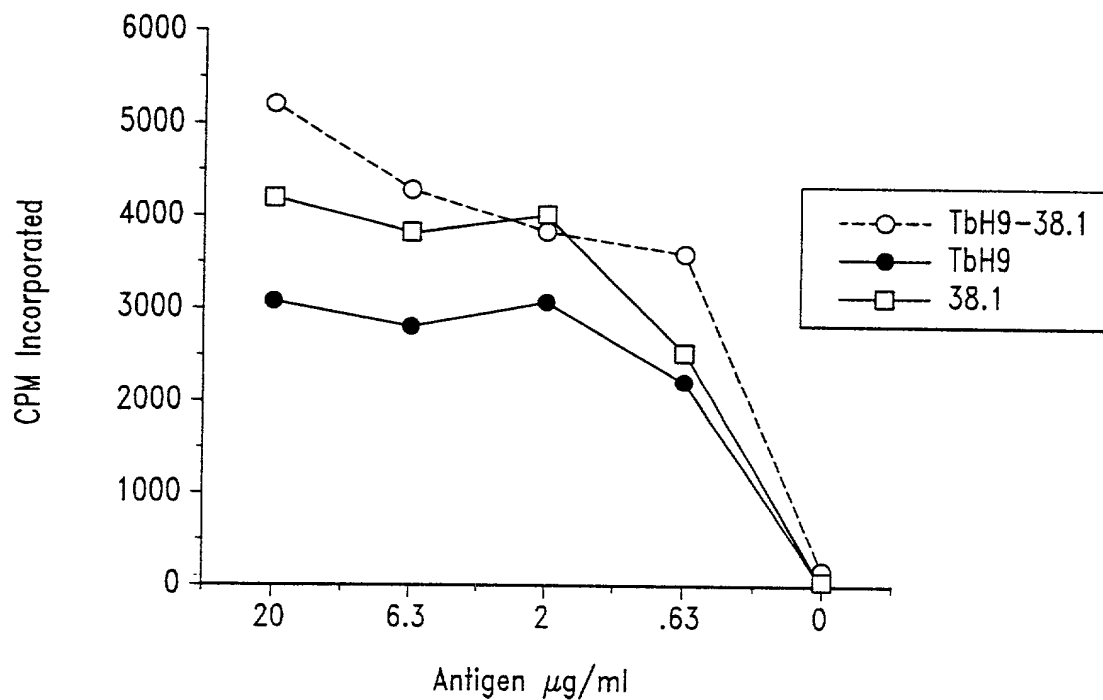


*Fig. 6A*

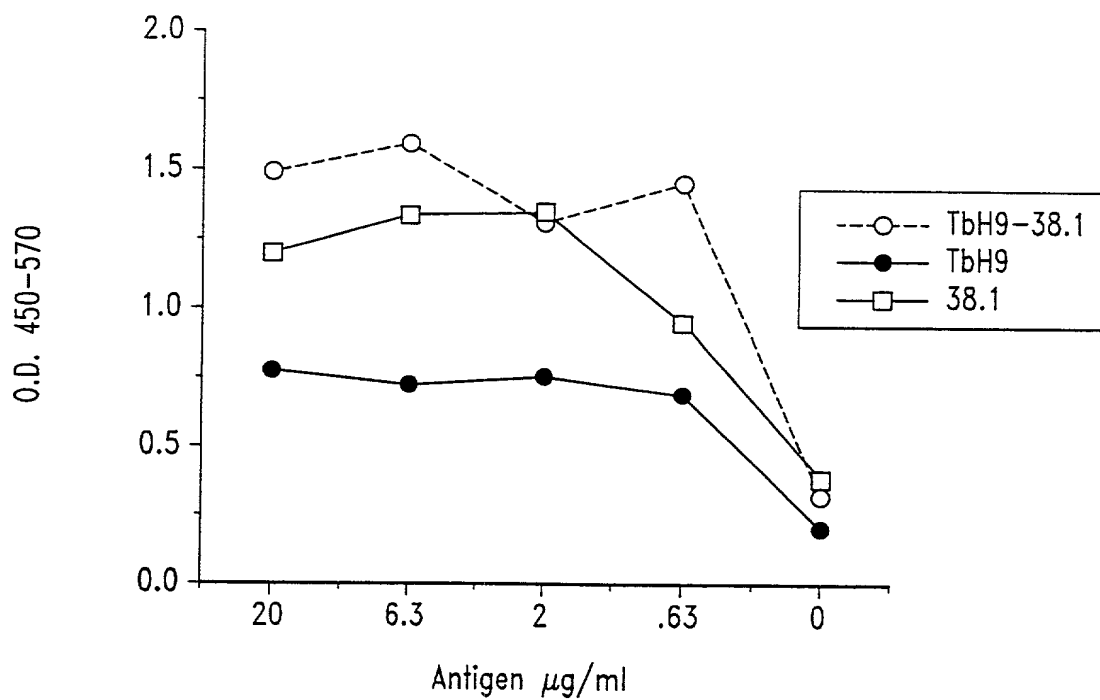


*Fig. 6B*

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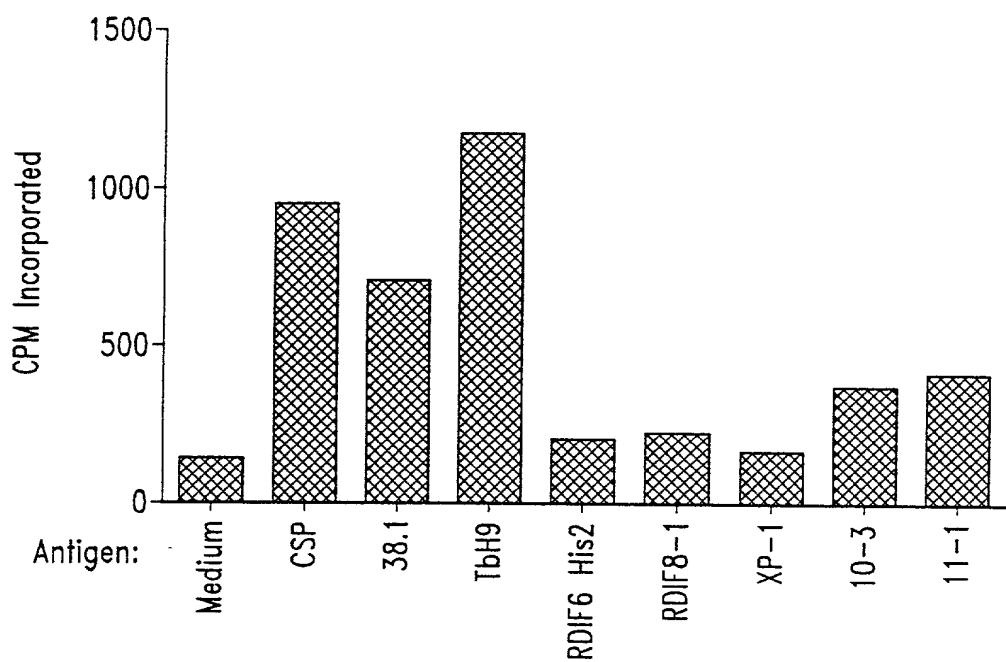


*Fig. 7A*

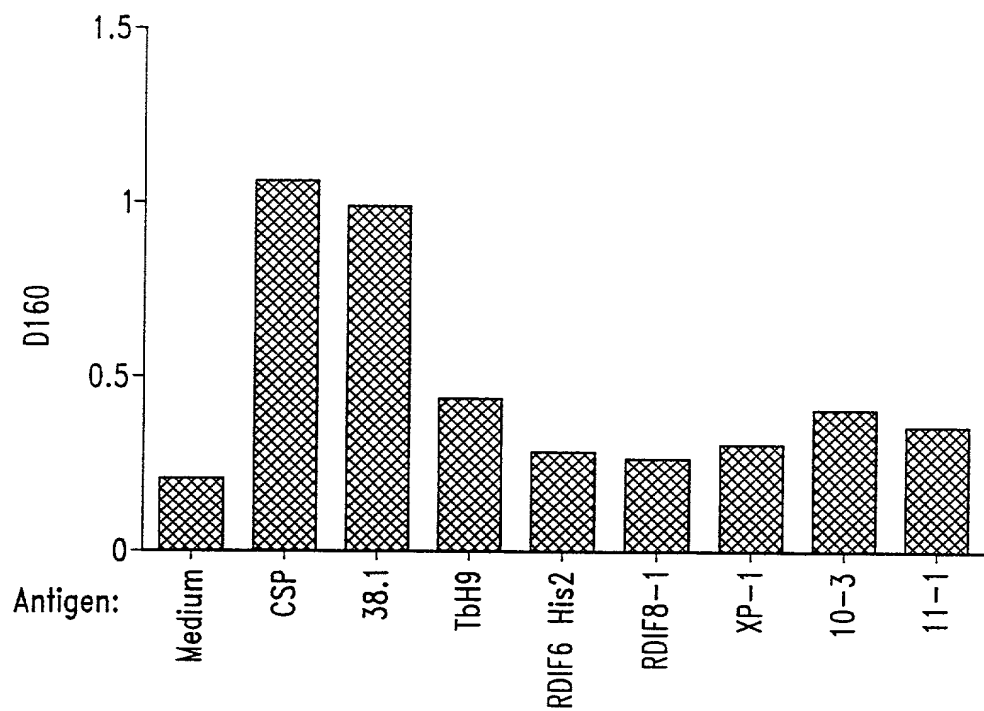


*Fig. 7B*

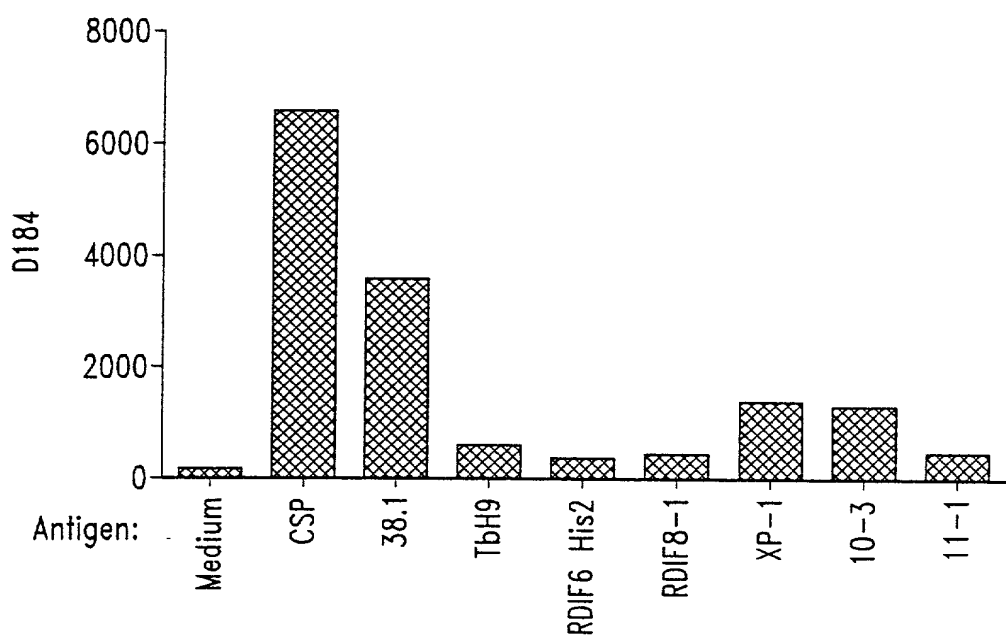
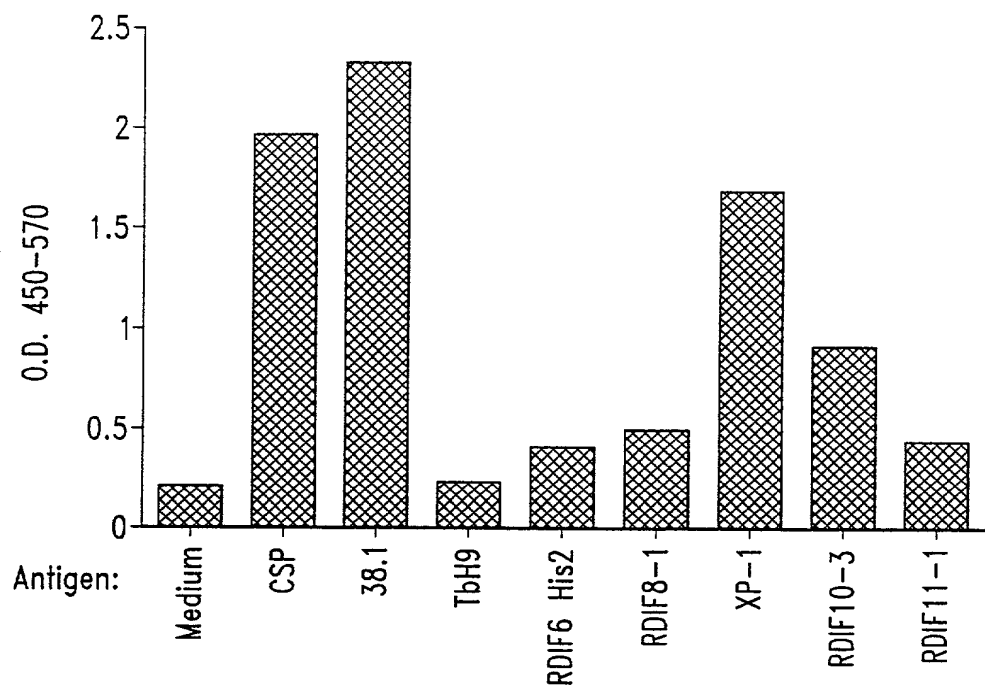
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*Fig. 8A*



*Fig. 8B*

*Fig. 9A**Fig. 9B*